

A History
of the
University of Windsor
Faculty of Law

prepared on the occasion of the
40th anniversary of the Faculty of Law

1968- 2008

prepared by
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"Access to Justice is one of the great and critical endeavours of our contemporary society. It is crucial for the maintenance of the rule of law, and ultimately, for the vibrancy of our democracy, that all members of society - including the least fortunate and the most vulnerable - know that they have equal access to our legal institutions and to the benefits and protections afforded by our laws."

Dean Bruce Elman¹

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The Deans and Associate Deans

The Deans

1967	The Honourable Justice Mark R. MacGuigan. B.A. (St. Dunstan's), M.A., Ph.D. (Toronto), LL.M., S.J.D. (Columbia); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Founding Dean.
1968 - 1972	Justice Walter S. Tarnopolsky, B.A., LL.B. (Sask.), A.M. (Columbia), LL.M. (L.S.E., London); of the Bar of Saskatchewan and of Osgoode Hall.
1972 ² - 1975	McLaren, John P.S. LL.B. (St. Andrews), LL.M. (University College, London) (Michigan).
1975 ³	Ianni, Ronald W. B.A., B.Comm. (Windsor), LL.B. (Osgoode Hall), C.U.E.C.E. (Dip.), I.H.E.I. (Dip.) (Paris), Ph.D. (L.S.E., London); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law; Member of the Ontario Bar. Acting Dean
1976 - 1983	Ianni, Ronald W. B.A., B.Comm. (Windsor), LL.B. (Osgoode Hall), C.U.E.C.E. (Dip.), I.H.E.I. (Dip.) (Paris), Ph.D. (L.S.E., London); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law; Member of the Ontario Bar.
Sept. 20 - Dec. 20, 1981 ⁴	Kerr, Robert W. B.A. (New Brunswick), LL.B. (Dalhousie), LL.M. (Harvard), J.S.D. (California); Member of the New Brunswick Bar. Interim Dean.

1983 - 1985	Menezes, J.R. LL.B.; LL.M. (Yale). Acting Dean.
1985 ⁵ - 1990	Gold, Neil. B.A. (York), LL.B. (Toronto), LL.M. (York); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law, also of the Bar of British Columbia.
1990 ⁶ - 1995	Berryman, Jeffrey B. LL.B. (Hons.), M.Jur. (Auckland, New Zealand), L.L.M. (Dalhousie); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Barrister and Solicitor of the High Court of New Zealand.
1995-1996 ⁷	Gold, Neil. B.A. (York), LL.B. (Toronto), LL.M. (York); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law, also of the Bar of British Columbia. Acting Dean.
1996 - 1999	Judge Juanita Westmoreland-Traoré. LL.B. (Montréal), Ph.D. (Paris II).
1999 - 2000	Mazer, Brian M. B.A., LL.B. (Saskatchewan), LL.M. (Alberta), of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Interim Dean.
2000 - present	Bruce P. Elman. LL.B. (Dalhousie), LL.M. (Harvard).
2007	Mazer, Brian M. B.A., LL.B. (Saskatchewan), LL.M. (Alberta), of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Acting Dean

The Associate/ Assistant Deans

1969⁸ - 1973 McAuliffe, John W. B.S. (Fordham), M.B.A. (Michigan), J.D. (Detroit), LL.M. (New York); Member of the Michigan Bar, Certified Public Accountant, New York and Michigan.

Assistant Dean, Associate Dean.⁹

1973¹⁰ - 1975 Ianni, Ronald W. B.A., B.Comm. (Windsor), LL.B. (Osgoode Hall), C.U.E.C.E. (Dip.), I.H.E.I. (Dip.) (Paris), Ph.D. (L.S.E., London); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law; Member of the Ontario Bar.

Associate Dean.

1975¹¹ - 1980 Stewart, George R. B.A. (Carleton), LL.B. (Ottawa), LL.M. (L.S.E., London); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Associate Dean.

1980¹² -
1982¹³ Whiteside, John W. Q.C. B.A. (Assumption), LL.B. (Osgoode); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Professor Emeritus.

Associate Dean.

1982-1988 Mazer, Brian M. B.A., LL.B. (Saskatchewan), LL.M. (Alberta), of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Associate Dean.

1988¹⁴-1990 Whiteside, John W. Q.C. B.A. (Assumption), LL.B. (Osgoode); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Associate Dean.

1990 ¹⁵ -1993	Eansor, Donna M. LL.B. (Windsor), LL.M. (Wayne State); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Associate Dean.
1993-1996	Weir, John P. B. Comm. (Hons.) (McMaster), LL.B. (Queen's), LL.M. (Osgoode); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Associate Dean.
1996	West, J. Leigh. B.A. (Queen's), LL.B. (McGill), M.Sc. (Iowa State), LL.M. (Wayne State); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Interim Associate Dean.
1996 ¹⁶ -1997	Stewart, George R. B.A. (Carleton), LL.B. (Ottawa), LL.M. (L.S.E., London); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Assistant Dean.
1996-1997	Voyvodic, Rose L. LL.B. (Windsor), LL.M. (Ottawa); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Assistant to the Dean.
1998	West, J. Leigh. B.A. (Queen's), LL.B. (McGill), M.Sc. (Iowa State), LL.M. (Wayne State); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Associate Dean.
1998-2000	Tawfik, Myra J. B.A (Hons) (McGill)., LL.B (McGill), B.C.L. (McGill), LL.M. (Queen Mary College, London); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law, also of the Bar of Québec (1986-2000). Associate Dean -1998-2000. Associate Dean.

2001	Mazer, Brian M. B.A., LL.B. (Saskatchewan), LL.M. (Alberta), of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.
	Interim Associate Dean.
2001-present	Gold, Mary G. M.A. (Windsor), M.A. (Wayne State), J.D. (Detroit); Member of the Michigan Bar. ¹⁷
	Associate Dean.

The Birth of a Law School

The Establishment of the Law School

Recollections of 1964-1967. Page 15.

By: Dr. J. F. Leddy and recorded by Professor George McMahon

When I came to Windsor in 1964 I was aware that there would be a rapid increase in the enrolment, and I was concerned that the University of Windsor should emerge as soon as possible from the status and reputation of a College to that of a University with a number of diverse faculties. Such a development would have to be based on outstanding departments in Arts and Science, and my review of them soon convinced me that Windsor was especially strong in the Social Sciences, particularly Economics, Political Science, and Psychology.

To begin with, I urged, successfully, that the School of Commerce or Business Administration be elevated at once to the status of a Faculty. I was also much concerned to promote the establishment of a Law School as soon as possible. In part this was a personal bias since, for a variety of reasons, I had long been interested in Law. Entering the University of Saskatchewan in 1927 I thought it possible that I would go on to the Law School there, but I was fatally distracted, taking Latin, then an ultimate prerequisite for Law, by a fascination with the classics, and I detoured accordingly. As well, in Oxford, my doctoral dissertation was on problems in Roman Law in the Empire, and on my return to Saskatchewan I was assigned an office in the Law School for six years, on which account I list many lawyers among special friends.

Accordingly, in 1966 I proposed to the Board of Governors that we seek approval for a Law School. Not everyone agreed. Some lawyers who were members of the Board felt that Osgoode should take care of the supply of new members for the profession. Others, dreaming dreams, argued that the City of Windsor needed the stimulus of a Medical School, regardless of the expense. But realism prevailed, and in the year 1966-1967, I was finally authorized to present to the then Minister of Education, Bill Davis, our request for approval of a Law School in Windsor.

I had prepared our case with much care. Inquiries at four Law Schools in Michigan revealed that no less than 44 of their students were Canadians living in Windsor, and commuting daily for their classes, naturally in American Law. At the end of their courses they would, effectively, exile themselves from Canada, unable, except at vast expense and much delay, to become members of the Ontario Bar. All of this and general arguments in favour of the Windsor area, did not, initially, impress Bill Davis. Finally, in exasperation, (as I have often since reported) I asserted: "All right if you won't give us a Law School, I will start campaigning for a Medical School." Faced with this genteel blackmail, Bill lifted his hands in mock horror and said, "I surrender." Clearly, a judicious choice on his part, between \$5 million for a Law Building and Library, and \$100 million for a medical school and teaching hospital!

Thereafter, I recruited Mark MacGuigan as our first Dean in 1967, and admired his brisk recruiting of our first staff, his enterprising plans for our Law Building, and the assembly of our first collections in our Law Library. However, in June 1968 he was elected to Parliament, and it was urgent that we have a new Dean when our first students arrived for classes in September 1968.

Mark and I reviewed the possibilities, as I asked him to consider suitable candidates in the various Law Schools across Canada. I told him that I had one individual in mind. He mentioned eleven persons, one of them my favourite. Who was his first choice? "Tarnopolsky," he replied. "Mine also," I commented, "once a student of mine in Saskatchewan."

In those freewheeling days, Presidents were little encumbered by committees, and so I directed that Walter be invited to Windsor at once. Within several days he came, we offered, and he accepted the appointment as Dean, effective within a day or two, July 1, 1968. He served for the next four years. When he left in 1972, to become a Vice-President at York I expressed regret, alleging whimsically, that he was about to leave the care and custody of the most amiable and considerate President in Ontario. Within four months he resigned his new administrative duties at York, and soon thereafter, visiting in Windsor, told me that he knew that I was joking in my farewell remarks – but I was quite right! "Man for man, starting with the janitors, the people in Windsor are better than those people at York." He is entitled to the last word!

The Birth of a Law School¹⁸

On April 12, 1967¹⁹, University of Windsor President Dr. John Francis Leddy announced that Dr. Mark R. MacGuigan, then Professor of Law at Osgoode Hall Law School, would be the first Dean of the University's new Faculty of Law. The law school was the sixth in the province of Ontario.²⁰ The Windsor Star article which announced the appointment noted:

"The law school will open in September, 1968, and Dean MacGuigan will devote the 1967-68 academic year to gathering a teaching faculty, arranging for a law library, and designing a curriculum for Senate approval..."²¹

MacGuigan's first act as Dean was to appoint Roger Jacobs to the position of Professor and Law Librarian. The first four law faculty members to be hired that year were: Thomas G. Zuber Q.C., Raymond E. Brown, Margaret E. Hughes and John W. McAuliffe. This announcement was made in the winter of 1968.²²

In these early days, the new law faculty members and the Dean had quite a challenge before them. They were charged with the task of building a law school from the ground up. A curriculum had to be designed, students had to be admitted, educated and evaluated, and in particular, the law school needed a home. One Windsor Star reporter quipped:

"Six degree Mark MacGuigan moved to Windsor in September to borrow an office and head a law school that doesn't exist. His library in the north wing of Windsor Hall at the University of Windsor consists of 500 dogeared books -all donated by area lawyers."²³

At the first Law Faculty Council meeting of August 26th and 27th, 1968, a committee was formed to procure the construction of a new law building. This committee was comprised of Dean Tarnopolsky²⁴ and Professor McAuliffe and was chaired by Professor and Law Librarian Roger Jacobs²⁵. The committee worked from August 1968, until September 1970, on all of the arrangements necessary for the new building.²⁶

The law school had to make do without a building during this time period. In 1967, the fledgling law library collection was located on the top floor of the north wing of Windsor Hall (now Chrysler Hall). Professor Jacobs and his secretary, Anne Boyko, and the Dean's Secretary, Judy Dent, all maintained offices in this law library facility. In the summer of 1968, the library was moved to the basement of Memorial Hall - "sometimes known as the Dark Hole of Calcutta"²⁷. Some faculty had their offices in a small house at 310 Sunset Avenue. The first class of students was admitted in September, 1968. The first law classes were held in a single classroom in Dillon Hall.²⁸ In this setting, the students remained in the same room each day, with individual Professors circulating in to teach their particular course.²⁹

The week of February 24-28, 1969³⁰, the Law Library, many faculty offices and the Dean's office moved to the Metro Centre³¹, which was an industrial building located on University Avenue. The Metro Centre was at one point the home of a bread company, and the law library's technical services area took over what was once the bread company's stables.³²

Planning for the official opening of the new Faculty of Law Building had begun in 1967 as Dean Mark MacGuigan had attended several law school openings in the United States and taken notes on how their law school opening ceremonies were organized. Similarly, Dean Tarnopolsky had attended the openings of the law schools at York University and at the University of Manitoba.³³

At the September 2, 1969 meeting of Faculty Council, a new Building Opening Committee was created and charged with the task of organizing the celebrations. The Committee had originally invited Prime Minister Trudeau to attend the dedication, however the Prime Minister was unable

September 26, 1970

Dear Walter,

May I say again how much I enjoyed my visit with you and your colleagues and with the President and the officers of the University of Windsor. The new Law Building is a refreshment of the spirit for an old law teacher like me. The organization of the ceremonies was superb, and you have every reason to be proud of the entire programme.

I am especially grateful for the part I was allowed to play and for the hospitality with which I was showered from the very moment of my arrival until my departure. Your students were impressive in their obvious devotion to their law school and to their faculty. The young man who looked after me, Brian Montgomery, was a delight and I am certain will do well at the Bar.

With warmest personal regards to your wife and you.

Sincerely,
Bora

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to attend.³⁴

On November 6, 1969, the Committee decided that the theme for the dedication ceremony would be "Law, Order, and Justice in Society."

"The basic reason for this choice was summarized by Dean Tarnopolsky, when he subsequently stated that "Since the Federal Election of 1968, one of the dominant issues in Canada has been the quest for 'a just society'. In the United States, it has been 'law and order'. The two issues have been combined to provide the theme for the opening ceremonies."³⁵

Livery of Seisin

by Susan Sherk

The new Faculty of Law building was officially opened and dedicated at a two-part ceremony which took place in the main foyer on Thursday, September 24th at 2:30pm before more than 300 people.

Professor Jacobs, the Law Librarian, introduced the special guests seated on the podium. Following this, Professor Jacobs presented a brief speech on the old method of transferring a freehold estate, well known to those of us studying law as "Livery of Seisin". It was by this method that the Faculty of Law chose to celebrate their building opening. As Professor Jacobs remarked: "It serves as a reminder that law is an ancient heritage as well as a modern reality." Mr. Vladin Milic, a partner in the firm of Gordon, Adamson Associates, the architects who designed the building, then rose to present a large wooden key fashioned from the wood of a Chestnut tree to Dr. Desmond Morton, Chairman of the Board of Governors. Mr. Milic

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pointed out that his firm was commissioned to design a building that would stress law in perspective as a social process. Dr. Morton in turn presented the key to Dean Tarnopolsky.

The second half of the ceremonies centred around the Library dedication. Senator Paul Martin unveiled the plaque designating the Paul Martin Law Library after making a speech of acknowledgement. He pointed out that problems of the sixties were now the legal problems of the seventies and that society would hold the law to account. Senator Martin stressed that scholarship and the law are complementary and mutually dependent and that the University and the law have a special duty to stand up to those who would violate the rules of civilised society. In opening this Library, Senator Martin said we were contributing to the process of establishing the rule of law - a rule which is so important to the peace of the world.

A reception and tours of the building followed.

It was decided that Chief Justice Bora Laskin, the Honourable J.C. McRuer and Dr. Francis Reginald Scott, former Dean of the Faculty of Law at McGill University were asked to take part in the ceremonies and they were awarded honorary degrees as part of the day's events.

Finally, after much planning by the Committee, on September 24 and 25, 1970,³⁶ the brand new Law Faculty building at Sunset Street and University Avenue was formally opened by then Governor General Roland Michener. Also in attendance at ceremony were Senator Paul Martin Senior, who officially opened the Law Library named in his honour; Architect Vladin Milic, Dr. Mark MacGuigan, Dr. Desmond Morton, Chairman of the Board of Governors, University President Dr. John

Francis Leddy, as well as students, members of the local bar, the university community and invited guests from across Canada.³⁷

The festivities included a formal opening ceremony; a convocation to confer the honorary degrees; a dedication of the Law Library; a panel presentation and a formal banquet.³⁸ Dr. Scott was the speaker at the Convocation Banquet on Thursday, September 24, 1970. His address was entitled "Circle of Freedom."³⁹

Mr. Justice Laskin gave the address at the convocation ceremonies, which took place on Friday, September 25, 1970:

"In his address after the convocation ceremonies, Mr. Justice Laskin reflected upon the new Law Building with reference to the words of Churchill in the rebuilt British House of Commons at the end of World War II: 'We shape our buildings,' he said, 'and then our buildings shape us.'"⁴⁰

A symposium was held in the afternoon of September 25, 1970. The theme of the symposium was "Law-The Safeguard of the Individual." The Chairman was Dean Gerald LeDain of Osgoode Hall, and a panel consisting of Dr. Mark MacGuigan, Professor Douglas Schmeiser of the University of Saskatchewan, and Dr. Frank Sengstock of the University of Detroit. The panel heard, and commented upon a paper delivered by the Honourable Mr. Justice John McRuer.⁴¹

The building itself was touted as a masterpiece at the time.

"There can be no doubt that the new law school building at Windsor is uniquely and admirably suited for the study of law. When it is opened later this year it will take a place with the very best examples of Canadian law school architecture."⁴²

"The Toronto architectural firm of Gordon Adamson & Associates designed the building as a three-storey structure with an over-all size of 82,000 square feet."⁴³ The new 2.5 million dollar⁴⁴ law building was made to accommodate a student body of 400, a faculty of 25, and a library of 150,000 volumes. It was situated on the main University campus on University Avenue, a short distance from the Detroit River.

The first law degrees at the University of Windsor were conferred in 1971.

From innovative architecture to innovative administration, teaching and programming, the Faculty of Law at the University of Windsor has always been a law school with vision. That vision is to empower individuals in their relationship with Canada's legal system:

"People's law, not lawyers law - will be emphasized when the University of Windsor law school begins classes in September. Dr. Mark MacGuigan, Dean of the embryonic school, told Rotarians meeting at the Seaway Inn Monday that lawyers must realize they're public servants - not only servants of their clients. Law isn't something which is sacrosanct, Dean MacGuigan said. 'It's a tool for the kind of society you wish to see develop.' "45

The Law Faculty's ideal of access to justice is not just a mission statement however. It is the culmination of forty years of hard work and vision by dedicated professors, staff, students and alumni who sought to make access to a legal education, access to the legal system and ultimately *access to justice* attainable for all members of Canadian society.

The story of our Faculty of Law is truly a success story. It is a story of big dreams and big ideas becoming reality through hard work and dedication. The results of these ideals remain the hallmarks of the Faculty of Law to this day.

Readers will note the strength of the idealism behind our Faculty's initiatives over the years. It quickly becomes apparent that the ideal of access to justice not only resulted in a number of important Faculty initiatives, but it also imbued the structure and the culture of the institution itself and ultimately, the legal education it provides.

Before coming to Windsor, I had graduated from Oxford University in law and worked a short while with the Law Reform Commission in London. My husband had completed his doctorate also at Oxford and went to work with Dr. Krause in the Physics Dept at Windsor, to which a lot of Oxford postdoctoral students had migrated.

I remember arriving in Windsor in the summer of 1968, just after the Detroit riots, and wondering what sort of place it was: the centre of Detroit was in ruins and Windsor smelled of whisky. I found a little building which had been used I think for driving tests, with a small sign up saying New Law School for Windsor. I walked in more or less off the street and had the most marvellous luck. The Dean, Mark MacGuigan, was there, and told me that he had just been elected to Parliament and needed someone to teach his Jurisprudence course. I said, I can do that; I was invited to lunch with the faculty at the Holiday Inn, and got the job.

There were only a few faculty. I progressed to Assistant Prof and taught Property too, on the campus itself. I was only 25 or 26, younger than some of the students, and it was the best training I ever had. Our faculty offices were in a little wooden house on Sunset Ave, I think, and I was next to Al Oosterhoff. My good friend was Margaret Hughes - they both went on to distinguished careers in law. Others there were Ray Brown, of course, and Hugh Silverman, Doug Sanders and Cy Langer. The students were new, we were all new together. The wonderful Walter Tarnopolsky was there and they both befriended us. The new school building was not yet completed when I left to go back to Oxford in the summer of 1968. It was one of the luckiest breaks of my life. We lived in a rather bare apartment on Riverside Drive.

I went back to Oxford University as a professor of law in 1970. I was elected President of my Oxford College, St Anne's, in 1991 for 13 years. Then I became the first Independent Adjudicator for Higher Education for the whole of the UK (a national campus ombudsman). I chaired the UK Human Fertilisation and Embryology Authority, which licenses and monitors all clinics and embryology and IVF work, for four years. I was a governor of the BBC for four years. I was a Rhodes Scholarship trustee for 10 years. I was a Pro Vice-Chancellor of Oxford University for a few years.

I was made a life peer (equivalent to your Senator) in 2005 and sit as a legislator in our upper house, the House of Lords, with the title Baroness Deech of Cumnor. I am also Gresham Professor of Law, a part time position, which I will take up after my retirement from the adjudicator post next.

I have the warmest feelings for Windsor and am very grateful for the trust the law school put in me, a young unknown.⁴⁶

*- Baroness Ruth Deech of Cumnor (House of Lords).
M.A. (St Anne's College, Oxford University; M.A. (Brandeis).
Hon. LLD (Strathclyde; Richmond American International University).
Honorary Bencher of the Inner Temple (London).
Barrister. Gresham Professor of Law. Life peer (independent).*

Admissions Policy

Admissions Policy

The admissions policy at the University of Windsor Faculty of Law has undergone a number of changes over the years.

In 1970, the admissions policy reflected the traditional requirements for admission into law school. Candidates for admission to the first year of law school at Windsor were required to submit proof of graduation from a recognized university with a Bachelor of Arts degree or equivalent. The minimum grade requirement was second class honours. The number of admissions were limited.

Admissions were considered by the Committee on Admissions for Law Studies. The very first Admissions Committee of the law school was appointed at the first Faculty Council meeting on August 26th and August 27th, 1968. The first Admissions Committee was comprised of professors McAuliffe, Brown and Hughes, and was chaired by Dean Tarnopolsky.⁴⁷

At a meeting of Canadian Law Deans and their representatives held on October 14th, 1968, it was recommended that Canadian law schools require first year applicants to the 1970/71 academic year, to write the law school admission test (LSAT)⁴⁸, and this practise was adopted by the Law Faculty at the December 4th, 1968 Faculty Council meeting.⁴⁹

A new policy for considering the applications of mature students was adopted in 1973⁵⁰. Both the mature student policy, and the Aboriginal student policies outlined below, were recommended in a report released by the Special Committee on Legal Education to the Law Society of Upper Canada.⁵¹

In 1973⁵², an important new policy was established to encourage aboriginal students to pursue legal studies. The law school had been considering the policy since September of 1972, when it received a letter from Dean Roger Carter of the University of Saskatchewan, College of Law, outlining a new program that had been developed and approved in June of 1972.⁵³ The program was intended to be a special eight-week program for Canadian students of aboriginal ancestry, designed to assist them with law studies. It was hoped that students who successfully completed the program could then proceed to law studies elsewhere

in Canada. The program focussed on the methodology of law, in particular legal writing, including the structure of the legal system in Canada, the structure and organizations of government, and the role of precedent and stare decisis. Substantive courses in criminal law and torts were also taught. The course content was based on a similar program that had been operating since about 1967 at the Law School of the University of New Mexico, which aided in the planning process at Saskatchewan. The Department of Justice and the Department of Indian Affairs and Northern Development both agreed to fund students through the program.⁵⁴

In 1973, Windsor included provision for the successful completion of the Saskatchewan Program in its admissions criteria. Any aboriginal Canadian who had successfully completed at least two years at a recognized University and who had taken the LSAT, and who had completed the Saskatchewan program was admitted to Windsor Law. This admissions policy exists to this day, with some modifications,^{55 56 57} and it complements the Law School mission of providing educational opportunities to all members of Canadian society.

After 1977, a sub-committee of the Admissions Committee was created to review applicant files. The sub-committee was to take into consideration a number of factors when considering whether to admit an applicant. It was at this time⁵⁸ that the admissions policy for entry into the Law program was substantially revised. The admissions policy of the Law Faculty to this day reflects this profound change, which incorporated the ideals of access to justice into the actual administration of the law school. The new policy truly embraced the notion of access to justice, and it is an important aspect of the Faculty of Law which makes it unique from other law schools.

The new admissions policy created opportunities for students who might otherwise never had had a chance to pursue a legal education. This is because the policy was articulated as a means of selecting those students who had the potential to not only succeed in law school, but to contribute creatively and meaningfully to the law school and the community. In the 1989/90 law calendar, in the Dean's Message, Neil Gold articulated the goals of the Admissions policy:

"Our admissions program is different from others too. It is consciously directed to the facilitating of access to legal education and the legal

profession for those who have been disadvantaged due to gender, race, creed, colour, religion or socio-economic background. We seek out those who have traditionally been barred from higher law study to ensure that Canada's many communities will have access to legal professionals, and so that Canada's diverse and varied society can be served from a variety of perspectives."⁵⁹

In the 1979/80 Law Calendar, the criteria to be used by the Admissions Committee in judging admissions files had been integrated and elaborated as follows:

1. University Program. This category included such considerations as averages and performance trends in light of relevant considerations, awards and prizes, the nature and content of the program taken (if particularly relevant to the study of law) and the level of any degrees obtained.
2. Work Experience. Part-time, summer and/or full-time work experience was analyzed for its indication of organizational and administrative skills and initiative. Vocational, professional or other special qualifications were also considered.
3. Community Involvement. Contribution to the community (city/town, university, religious, etc.) were assessed as an indication of talent, and of commitment to the community. Factors examined included the nature of the applicant's participation in service clubs, community service organizations, political, religious, athletic and social organizations.
4. Personal Accomplishments. Factors considered in this category included: extracurricular activities, hobbies and special accomplishments (including activities outside regular academic programs in high school and university) artistic and athletic accomplishments, communication skills and languages spoken.
5. Career Objectives. The applicant's career objectives, including how and where the legal education would be employed, were considered.

6. Personal Considerations. Personal factors affecting the applicants were recognized. Any personal factors such as illness, bereavement, unusual family responsibilities or other such circumstances which may have had some bearing on the applicant's qualifications were noted.

7. Law School Admission Test Scores.

Along with these criteria, automatic acceptances were issued to those applicants who had extremely high undergraduate averages and LSAT scores. This procedure was dispensed with in 1984, in order to evaluate all applicants on the basis of all admissions criteria.⁶⁰ It was emphasized that no single factor determined a student's admission to law school. The Admissions Committee assessed applications in light of all of those criteria.

In general, these criteria still shape the decisions about which students will be admitted into Windsor Law.

In 1989, SSHRC provided grant money to support a research project at Windsor Law, entitled "The Impact of Admission Criteria on Access to Legal Education and Legal Work in a Changing Society." This research was undertaken by Professors Wydrzynski and Hildebrandt and Ms. Blonde. Also associated with the project were Professors Mazer and Albert.⁶¹ The work was conducted under the auspices of the Legal Professions Research Program.

"The research concluded that, as compared with the other four schools in the research study, Windsor's broad admissions model resulted in students with a comparable success rate after law school. We compared law schools with traditional, non-traditional, and hybrid admissions policies. At the University of Windsor, Faculty of Law, the admissions policy is completely non-traditional. We were unique in that our law school was the only school to admit the entire class on the basis of non-traditional admissions requirements. Our conclusion was that our students are doing as well as other students in Canada."⁶²

In the fall of 1995, the Guelph Universities Application Centre took over the administration of some aspects of the administration of admissions.⁶³

In the 2000/2001 law calendar, further details were included in the Admissions policy:

"Members of the Admissions Committee will assess the information provided to determine whether the applicant is likely to succeed in law studies, has social skills, relates well to people, has talent for administration and organization (particularly of his/her own time), has a well developed and focused career plan based upon a sound perception of his/her capabilities and has leadership and writing skills. ...Further, committee members are interested in those experiences which tend to show that the candidate is devoted to self-improvement and involvement in the community and service to others. Contributions to hospitals, charitable organizations, religious institutions, disadvantaged and underprivileged groups and individuals, political parties and athletics will, among other activities, help to demonstrate this."⁶⁴

Tuition

In 1975/76 tuition for law school at Windsor was set at 670 dollars.

Course of Study

Course of Study

Dean Ron Ianni articulated in the 1978/1979 law calendar, his vision for the curriculum at Windsor Law:

"The challenge facing a modern law school are many and varied. If the law school is to prepare its students for active and creative participation in the development of Canadian laws and institutions, it must provide a wide range of educational experience which duly acknowledges the necessary contribution of other disciplines. At the same time, those responsible for the curriculum must have constantly before them the potential configurations of future legal services delivery systems. ...The wide variety of services that can be provided by those with legal training must be viewed in a broader context than the traditional practice of law. Government, business, industry, labour and commerce all offer interesting challenges to legally trained individuals. Evidence of the presence of these challenges is nowhere more apparent than in the Law Faculty itself which receives increasing demands each year for law graduates interested in entering these fields. Thus, while the number of individuals currently studying law is relatively high, numerous opportunities await those students who are willing to expand their horizons."⁶⁵

From its inception, the program required students to attend on a full-time basis for three years. At its very first Faculty Council Meeting, the Law Faculty created two committees which would have an impact on the curriculum of the law school. These were the Curriculum Committee, and the Legal Writing Committee.⁶⁶ From the beginning, there were thirty teaching weeks, exclusive of exams, comprised of approximately fifteen weeks of teaching in both the fall and winter terms.

The original required courses in first year, were: Judicial Process, Civil Procedure, Contracts, Criminal Law, Property, Public Law⁶⁷ and Torts.⁶⁸ A new Legal Writing Program was developed and began as a first-year requirement in Winter 1969.⁶⁹ Professor Ray Brown was charged with the task of organizing the program.⁷⁰ The required course in second year was Constitutional Law. Some

interesting optional courses that were offered in 1970 were: Agency and Partnership; Bills and Notes; Local Government; Legal Accounting, and Computers and the Law. Courses on Advocacy have been offered at the Faculty of Law since its inception.

In 1971, Public Law was removed from the first year curriculum and replaced with Constitutional Law,⁷¹ and Civil Procedure was moved into second year⁷². Other new courses contemplated for the 1972/73 school year included: Law and the Control of Life, by Professor Starkman; Restitution, by Professor Stewart; International Business Transactions, by Professor Bailey; Law of Developing Nations, by Professor Marasinghe; Environmental Law, by Professor McLaren; and Advanced International Law, by Professor Ianni.⁷³

In 1972, Introduction to Law was renamed Legal Process,⁷⁴ and the search began to hire someone to act as the Legal Writing Supervisor.⁷⁵

At the end of the fall term, 1972, in response to significant changes to Canada's taxation law, Professor Cheung, and Special Lecturers Walker, Courey and Stoyka proposed a significant restructuring of the law school's tax courses.⁷⁶ Further, in 1972 a motion was passed to introduce the following new courses, if faculty could be found to teach them: Poverty Law, Legislation, Natural Resources Law, Law and Medicine and Legal History.⁷⁷ At that time, upper year courses were grouped together by substantive or theoretical characteristics. Students were required to take at least one course from each of these three groups: Legal Perspectives, Public Law, and Social Perspectives.⁷⁸

In early 1973, the University President authorized the law school to hire two Teaching Fellows to run the Legal Writing Program.⁷⁹ Also in 1973, Dean McLaren entered into discussions with then lawyer John I. Laskin of the firm Faskin and Calvin, to offer a new course in civil liberties, which was intended to discuss some of the following topics: constitutional protection in Canada apart from the Bill of Rights; the development of jurisprudence on the Canadian Bill of Rights; limits of civil liberties; comparisons with the United States First Amendment; equality of aboriginal peoples in Canada; equality in education of African Americans; and, enforcement of equality through the Ontario Human Rights Commission.⁸⁰

In 1973, new courses in Labour Arbitration⁸¹ and Advanced Criminal Law⁸² were added to the curriculum, and two teaching fellows for the Legal Writing Program were hired.⁸³ Furthermore, a proposal for a comprehensive Practice Workshop was prepared by Professor Neil Gold.⁸⁴ This report proposed a weekly session with guest speakers from the local bar, to discuss elements of the conduct of a case from interviewing clients, through various stages of a civil trial, and to provide students with the opportunity to prepare a number of practical assignments. This proposal was accepted at Faculty Council in December of 1973.⁸⁵ Furthermore, Professor Gold's suggestion for adding a new course entitled The Administration of Civil Justice and the Lawyering Process, was accepted at the next meeting.⁸⁶

In 1974, Professors Larry Wilson and Chris Wydrzynski commenced employment in the law faculty as Legal Writing Lecturers.⁸⁷

In 1975⁸⁸ most of the course groupings were dispensed with, and this upper year requirement was changed. From then on, and continuing to today, upper year students were only required to select one course from a group of Legal Perspectives courses which gave a broader perspective of the legal process and legal theory than was possible in a normal substantive course. Additionally, from 1982⁸⁹ to today, students were required to complete a research paper worth at least 50% of their grade in any course in his or her second or third year of study.

In 1975, a few new courses were approved: Socialist Law and Legal Theory, by Professor Marasinghe; Methods in Legal and Related Research, by Professor Gail Starr; Consumer Protection, by Professor Charles James and Commercial Property, by Professor George Stewart.⁹⁰ New upper-year courses on Advocacy and Legislation were also introduced in that year. In 1976/77 new courses in Labour Law, Criminology, Immigration and a Practice Workshop in Civil Procedure were added.

In 1977⁹¹, Torts was removed from the first-year course of study and made a requirement of second year, in addition to Civil Procedure. Administrative Law was made mandatory in first year, replacing the Public Law course. New courses in Family Property and Legal History were added to the optional courses that were offered.

In 1978/79, students were given the option of taking first-year criminal law in French or English. Problems in Canadian Federalism, and Shipping and Admiralty Law were added to the upper-year options. Regulated Industries, Securities Regulation, Special Topics in Legal Theory and Women and the Law were added in 1979/80.

In 1978 a new policy was introduced. At that time, students were allowed, with permission, to enrol in courses taught in other faculties at the University of Windsor and certain courses taught at the Law Schools of Wayne State University and the University of Detroit for credit towards their LL.B.⁹²

In 1981, Commercial Law 1 and Commercial Law II were replaced by a 4 credit Commercial Law course and an upper year course entitled Selected Topics and Current Problems in Commercial Law. Also at that time, the list of Legal Perspectives courses was entirely revamped upon the recommendation of the Academic Planning Committee.⁹³ Furthermore, a new course in Law and Economics was approved,⁹⁴ and Business Organizations I and II were replaced with Business Associations and Selected Topics and Current Problems in Corporate Law.⁹⁵

In 1982, Advanced Civil Procedure was substantially overhauled and renamed Procedural Aspects of Access to Justice. The subject matter was dispute resolution alternatives and their cost benefits.⁹⁶

In 1983, two new courses were approved: Criminal Sanctions and Canada-U.S. Issues.⁹⁷

In 1984/85 an Advanced Environmental Law/Municipal Planning Law course was introduced.

In 1987/88 a new Administration of Criminal Justice course was offered.

In 1988, a new course entitled The Lawyering Process was added. It was taught by L.A.W. Director Mike Watters and Professor Brian Etherington.⁹⁸ Also that year, a new Special Topics in Legal Theory - Insurance of Torts was introduced and taught by Professor John Weir.⁹⁹

Also in 1989, a new course entitled Legal Theory: Courts and Country was introduced and taught by Professor Bogart.¹⁰⁰

In 1990, several new special topics were approved by Faculty Council. They included Supreme Court of Canada, taught by Professor Bushnell;¹⁰¹ Legal Theory: Semiotics; Legal Theory: Constitutional Theory; and Legal Theory: Problem Solving and Computer Assisted Methods.¹⁰²

Also in 1990, Faculty Council decided to eliminate Legal Accounting, Law and Control of Life, Law and Poverty, Shipping and Admiralty and Natural Resources Law from the Faculty of Law Calendar.¹⁰³ In 1991, two new Special Topics: Law as a Tool for Social Justice; and International Business Finance, were approved.¹⁰⁴ The Special Topics courses that were added in 1992, were, Freedom of Expression¹⁰⁵ and Constitutional Litigation.¹⁰⁶

New courses were approved in 1993 in the areas of Confidential Information and Trade Secrets (proposed by Professor Tawfik), International Environmental and Resource Law (proposed by Professor Valiante), Personal Employment Law (proposed by Professor Etherington), and Phenomenology of Law (proposed by Professor Conklin)¹⁰⁷. A new three credit course in Copyright Law was proposed by Professor Tawfik, and added as a regularly offered course.¹⁰⁸

In 1994, Special Topics courses in Computers and Information (proposed by Professor Murphy), International Economic Law (proposed by Professor Irish), Introductory Ethics: Moral Right and Wrong, and Occupational Health and Safety - Worker Compensation were also introduced.¹⁰⁹

Special Topics courses approved in 1995 include: Legal Positivism and the Divine, Patent Law, Regulation of Financial Services Institutions,¹¹⁰ and Taxation Practice and Concepts.¹¹¹

Special Topics courses approved in 1996 were: International Criminal Law, Financial Institutions,¹¹² Child Protection, Custody and Adoption,¹¹³ and Equality Rights under the Canadian Constitution.¹¹⁴

In 1997, Legal Theory: Is There a Binding Higher Law,¹¹⁵ and Mediation Clinic¹¹⁶ were approved as Special Topics courses.

In 1998, Special Topics in Poststructuralism and Fiduciary Law were approved.¹¹⁷

In 1999, a new Special Topic entitled Law Internships was approved as part of the Osler Hoskin Harcourt Internships program.¹¹⁸

In 2000, a new Special Topic in Advanced Legal Research was proposed by Professor Murphy and approved.¹¹⁹ Also at that time, International Economic Law was approved as a regular law course,¹²⁰ and a new Special Topics course in Internet Law was approved to take place in the 2001-2002 academic year.¹²¹ Internet law later became a regular law school course.¹²²

In 2002, Faculty Council approved three new Special Topics: Access to Justice in Literary Classics, Selected Topics in International Environmental Law and Royal Commissions and Judicial Inquiries.¹²³

In 2003¹²⁴, the first year curriculum was changed to incorporate a new course entitled Access to Justice. The course incorporated and replaced the two half-year courses entitled Legal Process and Law and the Administrative State.¹²⁵

In 2004, International Human Rights Law was approved as a Special Topic, to be taught by Professor Conklin, and Housing and Administrative Advocacy Practicum was also approved, to be taught by Carol McDermott.¹²⁶ Also that year, Special Topics in Estate Planning and Administration, Consumer Protection and the Financial Services Industry, Aboriginal Justice Systems, and Insolvency and Restructuring were approved. Upon the recommendation of Rose Voyvodic, the name of the Clinical Advocacy course was changed to Clinic Seminar, and Clinical Law Program was changed to Clinic Practice Program.¹²⁷ Also in 2004, a new Special Topics Course entitled The Common Law and the Civil Law in Canada was approved. It was introduced and taught by Professor Tawfik.¹²⁸

In 2005, Professor Aaron Dhir proposed the addition of a new Special Topics course in the area of Transnational Corporations and Human Rights. The addition was approved.¹²⁹ Also in 2005, Professor Ruth Kuras' proposal for a Special Topic on Corporate Crime was approved.¹³⁰ Also in 2005, International Law, Environmental Law, Education Law, Internet Law and Freedom of Religion were all approved as regular course offerings.¹³¹

In 2005, Professor John Weir's proposal for a Special Topic on PR Chinese Legal System and Law, Professor Etherington's proposal for a Special Topic in Advanced Labour and Employment Law,¹³² and Professor Menezes' Special Topics course in Automobile Insurance Law were all approved.¹³³

Special Topics courses approved in 2006 included: International Intellectual Property Law (Professor Tawfik); Student Clerkship in the Provincial and Superior Courts; Hegel's Philosophy of Law (Professor Conklin); Advocacy and the Administrative Tribunal (Justice Abbey); and Canada/United States Environmental Law (Professor Valiante).¹³⁴

In 2008, a new Special Topics course was proposed by Professor Rotman entitled Corporate Theory and Governance.¹³⁵

The Clinics

It was a fantastic and unique opportunity to be in that first class. Dean Walter Tarnopolsky is owed all the credit for taking chances - taking stands - and ensuring that we not only studied the law but tasted it, embraced it, and witnessed how it could change and affect lives.

I think he was a powerful principled man, who knew the importance of civil liberty and the Rule of Law. I think he would have embraced and nurtured the Charter and seen it as the "living tree" that it must be.

That I think is why he, probably biting his nails, let me run with the Student Defender idea. I think he knew that the Perry Mason dreams in all his young students could be disciplined when REAL problems presented themselves, and with faculty supervision, make a difference not only to those people that we might genuinely help, but to us, to see that the law was alive and could be used to solve real problems!

Setting sail with the clinical aspect of legal education in a brand new Law School was bold and courageous and I will never forget him for it and Windsor 's success is a tribute. I sort of remember negotiating with him for credit for working on these projects with George Stewart as the supervisor, as there was going to be time commitments. Amazingly progressive when you think of it now, for him to promote such a practical approach to the clinical component of Law School.

There were lots of great people who got their first taste of being a lawyer through this program: Justice Steve Rogin, Justice Peter Hockin, Joe Comartin (MP and NDP Justice Critic), Paul Macklin (former MP) and Parliamentary Secretary to the Minister of Justice and Attorney General of Canada - Justice Brian Stead, just to name a few. In the class that followed ours, Justice Greg Evans at one point ran the Student Defender Program.

I think we drove Dean Tarnopolsky and the early Faculty crazy with our requests for this program and many others at the young Law School, but the reception, support and guidance was generous and inspired... 40 years on, what a remarkable success story not only for the school but for the diversity of the programs that have developed.

It has been 40 years but what is remarkable is that the feeling and impact and joy of those early days is tangible even now.

Bill Trudell, LL.B.¹³⁶

Member of the first graduating class.

Chair of the Canadian Council of Criminal Defence Lawyers

The Clinics

The clinical aspect of legal education has, over the years, grown to become one of the hallmarks of the University of Windsor Faculty of Law's educational offerings. The legal clinics offered through the Faculty of Law help to deliver legal assistance to members of the community who might not otherwise be represented in our legal system. At the same time, the clinical programs influenced the formulation of many of our graduates, giving them an awareness of how law impacts on individual lives, and thus the greater obligations of lawyers to the community. For that reason, our clinics are a living testament to the Faculty of Law's commitment to the principle of access to justice.

*Student Defender Programme/ The Student Legal Aid Society/ Community Legal Aid*¹³⁷

STUDENT - SOCIETY

ALERT TO ITS NEEDS

by Paul Macklin

Late in the fall of 1969, the Law Students Council decided to set up a method by which the law students could take an active role on campus. This led to the formation of the Student Defenders. Students who have legal problems contact the student Council Office or the Law School. Their names, telephone numbers and legal problem are relayed to the Director of the program who assigns each case to a student or group of students. It then becomes the responsibility of the student to arrange for an interview with the party, to research the problem and offer advice based on the knowledge gained. Valid cases are referred to the local Ontario Legal Aid Office. However, if the party is not eligible for Legal Aid then the Student Defender would help prepare his case.

In the first few months of operation, response has been strong. In the coming fall term, the program will be enhanced by the proposed Student Legal Aid Society which will function under the Ontario Legal Aid Plan. This Society has to be approved by the Law Society of Upper Canada before it can come into existence here. Under the Plan, those who do not qualify for assistance under the Ontario Legal Aid Plan, will be referred to the Student Legal Aid Society.

This will broaden the scope of our present system and allow more active participation in research and court presentations. This is really only the beginning of a new era in the programs of student-society action in the field of law.

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At the September 19, 1969 Faculty Council Meeting, President of the Law Student Council, Bill Trudell, made the case for providing workspace for the Law Student Council. At that time, some law faculty members had their offices in the house at 310 Sunset Avenue, and the Law Student Council requested that the basement of the house be designated for use by the Law Student Council and the Student Defender Programme.¹³⁸ Trudell was actively advocating for such a program. As evidence of this, in the very first 1970 issue of the student newspaper, the Oyez, Bill Trudell argued on behalf of a Student Defender Programme:

"The Law School could become the most irrelevant institution ever conceived, unless more cognizance is take of the world which supports it. Student Defender Programmes and Clinical Centres must be sponsored vigorously, and constantly re-valued to fit the needs of society. Members of the community and of every profession therein must be encouraged to join us in seminars and add guidance and criticism to the legal education of the future lawyer. A legal Society's Student Council must continually cultivate this area so that when the doors open, the piece of parchment grasped in each lawyers' hand will represent an awareness of the world, a keen desire to assist it and not simply to exploit it."¹³⁹

On September 9, 1970, a new Faculty Legal Aid Committee was formed, chaired by Professor George Stewart. On that day, Bill Trudell was given permission to participate in a Legal Aid program. Mr. Trudell was supervised by Professor Stewart, and he was given three credits for his work on the program, which was handled in the same manner as a Supervised Research course.¹⁴⁰ Professor Stewart also requested approval for the Students' Defender Programme from the Law Society of Upper Canada.¹⁴¹

The approval came soon after. The Law Society of Upper Canada (L.S.U.C.) adopted the Report of the Legal Aid Programme Committee, Sub Committee on Student Legal Aid Societies on November 20, 1970.¹⁴² In that report, it was noted that the Committee had approved the establishment of a Student Defender Programme at the University of Windsor. The Committee approved the program on one condition: that it's name be changed to "Student Legal Aid Society".

(S.L.A.S.) Other conditions regarding certificates of referral, consent forms and reporting were also adopted by the L.S.U.C. at that time.

From its earliest days, S.L.A.S. worked in co-operation with the local area director of Legal Aid for Ontario, and in 1971 it was announced that changes to the Legal Aid Act enabled second year law students to go to court.¹⁴³

The organization was staffed by volunteer law students on a part-time basis. It offered its services to the university population and the community at large. The student volunteers were able to handle summary criminal, Highway Traffic Act, Small Claims Court, Family Court, Landlord-Tenant matters and a variety of other civil matters such as separation agreements and contracts. S.L.A.S. offered an opportunity for law students to apply their new legal knowledge and to obtain some practical training.

In February of 1971, the students involved with the Programme advocated on behalf of keeping the office open during the summer. To enable them do so, they applied for funding from the Ontario Legal Aid Plan, and from the University's Students' Administrative Council.¹⁴⁴ Later that winter, Professor Stewart asked Faculty Council to approve the designation of a course credit to future S.L.A.S. Directors. At that time, the student Director was responsible for briefing new legal aid students, submitting monthly reports and an annual report to the Ontario Legal Aid Office, supervising the office and handling some files.¹⁴⁵

In April of 1972, the Law Society of Upper Canada Legal Aid Committee discussed concerns about the lack of adequate supervision of students in the province who were handling legal aid cases. The Deans of Windsor, Western, Queen's and Ottawa agreed to provide adequate supervision to students as a condition of funding. Funding was approved for the summer of 1972 to employ two summer students and a secretary for each institution.¹⁴⁶ Such funding was approved again the next summer.¹⁴⁷

In September of 1972, Professor George Stewart proposed to Faculty Council that the Student Legal Aid Society and the Community Action Programme would expand that year to include a Worker's Compensation Advisory Programme, a Family Court Programme, A Landlord and Tenant Advisory Programme and a Consumer Complaints Bureau.¹⁴⁸

At that time, it was also Professor Stewart's intent to contact City Hall to find out whether the Student Legal Aid Society could assist with the Landlord and Tenant Advisory Bureau. He was also hoping to make contact with the local administrator of the Consumer Protection Act. Other ventures raised at that time included: contacting local judges to get students more involved with litigation, and introducing initiatives in credit counselling.¹⁴⁹ By the end of 1972, the S.L.A.S. had obtained support from the Ontario Legal Aid plan.¹⁵⁰

In the spring of 1974, the Student Legal Aid Sub-Committee of the Faculty Council, passed a number of motions for consideration by Faculty Council. These included: a formal statement of the mission and goals of the Student Legal Aid Programme, provision of course credits for both the Director and the Assistant Director of the program, the request for a renewed commitment by faculty for the programme, the provision of general supervision by the Director of the Clinical Law Programme, and a recommendation that the sub-committee itself be abolished unless renewed at Faculty Council.¹⁵¹ These changes were passed at the Faculty Council Meeting of April 17, 1974.¹⁵²

Under the new leadership of Amos Schlosberg, Student Legal Aid was reinvigorated by the introduction of some new initiatives. First, the Directors engaged in active relationship building between the Society and the local Legal Aid officials. Next, a new supervisory structure and workflow was adopted. Importantly, Professor Neil Gold offered to provide general supervision of the program until June 15, 1975.¹⁵³

By 1979, the Student Legal Aid Society retained a part-time review counsel for six hours per week who advised on more complex files. The Executive was composed of two Co-Directors and an Assistant Director, all of whom were students.¹⁵⁴

In 1980 the name of the Student Legal Aid Society was changed to *Community Legal Aid*. (C.L.A.)¹⁵⁵ At that time, the office was set up in groups that ran for one day per week through the term. In 1981/82, students staffed the office on a rotating basis during their free time. Special projects such as advising disabled persons, a High School Speaker Program and a Workers' Compensation clinic¹⁵⁶ were also maintained by interested students. A Rural Project in Belle River was

started and eventually discontinued in 1981.¹⁵⁷ In 1982 a new Aboriginal Law Program was added, and a satellite office was set up on Walpole Island¹⁵⁸. Students were also sent to the Community Centre on Bloomfield near Chippewa at that time.¹⁵⁹ In 1986/87 a Young Offenders Clinic was started as a student project.

In the fall of 1982, then student David Schneiderman joined C.L.A. Executive as Clinic Director.¹⁶⁰

In 1983, Windsor graduate John Pistor took over as Community Legal Aid Review Counsel and Director of the Community Law Program.¹⁶¹

In 1984, Mr. Pistor resigned his post with C.L.A.,¹⁶² and Rose Voyvodic took over as Supervisor of the Community Legal Aid program effective July 1, 1984.¹⁶³ She resigned her post at the end of that academic year.¹⁶⁴

In July 1986, James Yaworsky was hired as C.L.A.'s first full-time review counsel.¹⁶⁵ His first goal as Review Counsel, was to improve the cohesiveness of the program.

Working with the plans of the 1986/87 Executive, a new organizational structure was implemented in September of 1986. First, the clinic was open for intake 20 hours a week. Next, for each of those hours, there was an assigned group consisting of four caseworkers, a Group Advisor and a Director. Support and reporting structures were put in place to divide the supervision work between the Group Advisors and the Directors. Each file was given its own case worker.¹⁶⁶

Importantly, the new structure involved designating a definite leader for each group, who would be expected to keep an eye on what the inexperienced members of the group were up to. Also, the prior organization had established sort of "hit teams" of experienced students who were "resources" on specific areas of law, and would take over litigation on cases if necessary. This was too loose a way to operate, and made for coordination problems. Under the Group System as organized for 1986-87, each Group was expected to be self-contained: to handle all its files, from opening to closing - including any litigation appearances. People were expected to show up for their group time, and not to shift groups whenever they felt like it.¹⁶⁷

Yaworsky also introduced some important innovations to C.L.A. For example, under his watch, students were required to be on duty for two hours rather than one: "One hour wasn't enough time to do proper intake interviews or do the necessary casework."¹⁶⁸

The most significant innovation introduced by Jim Yaworsky was computerizing the case management "bring-forward" system. When he first arrived at C.L.A., the only regular supervision was a once-a-month meeting with Review Counsel:

"This wasn't nearly enough – it was way too easy to procrastinate and "hide". Initially, I introduced a bring-forward card system, which worked for a year. Then, it was database time. A computer sheet for every case, every week, with questions and 'suggestions'. Second reminders if work wasn't done. Group advisors and Directors riding group members who were procrastinators. The group system, coupled with the computer bring-forward system, have proved to be "winners" – both have been fine-tuned over the years, but anybody who was at C.L.A. from 1986 on – and especially from about 1988 on – would immediately recognize the way we are operating."¹⁶⁹

This general organizational system continues at C.L.A. today.

On March 20 and 21, 1987, C.L.A. hosted the Semi-Annual Conference of the Association of Student Legal Aid Societies of Ontario.¹⁷⁰ This conference was hosted by C.L.A. roughly every six years. C.L.A. hosted it again in the early 1990s, (David McNevin was the main organizer), as well as in 1999, after the move to its new location.¹⁷¹

In 1988, the Directors of C.L.A. began searching for a new location for the Clinic. In order to accommodate the growing clinic, a location outside of the law building was sought.¹⁷² In July of 1988, James Yaworsky left C.L.A. to work as staff lawyer at L.A.W. for the next three years.¹⁷³ Leonard Menard took over as Review Counsel from July 1988 to September 1990.¹⁷⁴

Early in 1990, C.L.A. began soliciting funds in order to furnish their new office located at 354 Sunset Avenue.¹⁷⁵

On September 18, 1990, C.L.A. celebrated the grand opening of its new office at 354 Sunset Avenue.¹⁷⁶ Mike Ray, who had previously been an important leader of the Clinical Program at the University of Windsor, took up residence as C.L.A. Review Counsel in the fall of 1990¹⁷⁷ but later resigned his post. Jim Yaworsky helped out by returning as interim Director in January 1991¹⁷⁸, and has stayed with C.L.A. until the present day.

Continuing to today, C.L.A. operates on a year-round basis. The services are provided free of charge to members of the public who cannot afford a lawyer. During the school term (September to May) the clinic is staffed on a volunteer basis, and all law students are eligible. First year students are encouraged to participate from the start of law school, as extended involvement allows students to eventually become part of the C.L.A. Executive. During the summer (June-September), C.L.A. hires students to operate the clinic.

Students are required to work at the clinic two hours per week, but additional commitments are often required as the case file dictates. Upper year students are required to attend court. Students are required to participate in an extensive orientation program and weekly group meetings.

In 1999,¹⁷⁹ C.L.A. moved to its newer, larger office at 2475 University Avenue West, where it resides today. The renovations were funded by 5 years worth of bingo fundraising done by the C.L.A. student volunteers.¹⁸⁰ C.L.A. also underwent some significant changes to its administration and organization as well as its funding during this period.¹⁸¹

"Over the years, C.L.A. has had its ups and downs in its interactions with the Faculty, the University, and Legal Aid. Generally, support from the local bench and bar has always been positive. The one unchangeable and absolutely crucial factor in CLA's operations, however, has been the consistently high level of dedication of our law student volunteers. C.L.A. is truly a product of the culminative efforts of the law students of the Faculty over the past thirty-seven years."

*Jim Yaworsky
Community Legal Aid Review Counsel*

Legal Assistance of Windsor

In the summer of 1972, the Faculty of Law received a grant of \$5,000 from the Department of Justice to set up a Legal Aid Clinic in the community. A search was struck for an instructor to develop a comprehensive Clinical Legal Education Program, and also to act as Director of this new Legal Aid Clinic.¹⁸²

In 1972, Professor George Stewart was tapped to become the law school's first Clinical Director. Dean McLaren envisioned that:

- "1. He will be a working lawyer insofar as he has to take cases which are not open to student representation.
2. He will supervise the students involved in the clinical program.
3. His academic function will be to teach one or two courses related to the clinical program."¹⁸³

However, Professor Stewart left the University of Windsor to enter into practice in the spring of 1973,¹⁸⁴ and the position remained unfilled until the summer time. Also in early 1973, a new Clinical Law Steering Committee was formed to actively plan the commencement of the formal Clinical Law Program.¹⁸⁵

Across the province, law schools were busily working on setting up clinical programs, so the Law Society took notice. In the spring of 1973, Dean McLaren was contacted by the Law Society of Upper Canada Special Benchers Committee to Consider Clinical Training Programs. In his report to faculty, Dean McLaren noted that the Treasurer of the Law Society had struck this committee, and all members of the Committee were interested in receiving the advice and opinion of the law faculty at Windsor on this topic. In particular, they presented McLaren with the following questions:

1. Would Windsor consider establishing clinical training as a credit course;
2. Would Windsor consider working with members of the local bar as approved by L.S.U.C. in assisting with the practical aspects of the course;
3. Would Windsor consider broadening such a course to give it the widest possible practical application so as to become a natural prelude to the Bar Admission course;

4. What safeguards would Windsor suggest to ensure protection of the public and to provide adequate supervision to the students' work;
5. What is the opinion of Windsor on making such a course compulsory for students who wished to enrol in the Bar Admission course;
6. Where would such a course fit in the curriculum.
7. What guidelines would Windsor consider to be appropriate in establishing course content for protection of the public;
8. Could such a course replace periods of articling.¹⁸⁶

Dean McLaren travelled to Toronto to meet with the L.S.U.C. committee. Afterwards, Windsor Law's Faculty Council took issue with the Committee's suggestion that one semester of first year be taken up by a clinical program, as well as some of the other Committee suggestions.¹⁸⁷ The report of the L.S.U.C. Special Committee on Clinical Training in Law Schools was received on September 21, 1973.¹⁸⁸

Dean McLaren also attended meetings of the Committee of Law Deans in which the idea of clinical programming was considered to be "visionary and out of the question".¹⁸⁹ The final conclusion of the Committee of Law Deans at that time was that clinical education could be explored in the context of individual courses.

Despite the hurdles, Windsor Law continued to develop the idea. In the summer of 1973, the Law Faculty's first Director of the Clinical Program, Cal Becker, commenced work. Mr. Becker had previously been active as a supervisor at the Parkdale Community Clinic in Toronto. The Clinical Program was to commence in January, 1974.¹⁹⁰

It was anticipated that original Department of Justice funding would be doubled for the fiscal year 1974-75 and thereafter. A number of other organizations had been approached for funding, including the City of Windsor and the Ivey Foundation. A location for the clinic also needed to be chosen. The Dean was hoping to find something closer to downtown, and hired a real estate agent to

search for a location.¹⁹¹ The Dean also noted that there was some conflict with the Essex Law Association about whether the Association would have a voice in the governance of the program. An initial meeting was held between Dean McLaren, Professor Ron Ianni, and Professor Neil Gold and senior members of the Essex Law Association to emphasize the educational merit of such a program¹⁹², and to actively encourage cooperation and assistance between the two parties, but to keep the Law School in control of the program.¹⁹³

The Struggle to Get Started

"Ultimately we were not successful in that," says Ianni. The Bar wanted to have a veto power over academic instruction, something that was 'unacceptable to the University'. They went ahead, without the blessing of the Bar for that first year, and a year later came to an agreement with the university. 'There is no doubt that this was a bold initiative,' says Ianni, 'and it is a great credit to the Law School and the students that we got this off the ground.'

"Many factors, says [Neil] Gold, contributed to the successful opening of the clinic. One of them was the first group of students placed there. 'They were thoroughly committed to community action and wanted to learn how to be effective lawyers,' he says. In a more practical sense, it was the first group of students who actually built the facility, erecting walls, painting, and even converting a speed limit sign into an overhanging advertisement."

"Gold credits then Dean John McLaren with convincing the school to pay the director's salary along with some operating expenses. 'If John had not been a gambler, L.A.W. would never have opened,' he says. It was also McLaren who secured the space for the clinic for free from a generous landlord."

"Desks, tables and chairs were donated by Hiram Walker and Union Gas, office equipment borrowed and donated from all over the city. [Roderick] McDowell remembers a photocopier being repossessed by Xerox because the clinic could not afford the payments."

Excerpts reproduced from: "The Struggle to Get Started." Professor Jeff Berryman, editor. Celebration: 20 Years of Accomplishment at Legal Assistance of Windsor. 1994, pages 1 and 4.

In late fall, 1973, Professor Neil Gold took up temporary leadership of the Clinical Program.¹⁹⁴ Professor Gold wrote a comprehensive report in which he proposed a name for the new clinic: Legal Assistance of Windsor (L.A.W.)¹⁹⁵

Professor Gold's report formed the basis of the Clinical Program at Windsor for years to come. In it, he recommended a number of learning options that might be employed. For example, he recommended that students should be not only responsible for serving clients, but for presenting the cases they were working on to fellow students so that such cases could serve as a discussion point on lawyering techniques. He also recommended that students in the Clinical Program be required to take a seminar in Interviewing and Counselling Skills. The seminar would also discuss the negotiation process. He also suggested that video tapes could be created for the seminar to illustrate lawyering roles. It was in this report that Professor Gold also suggested the involvement of other faculties of the University, such as Social Work, Sociology, Psychology, in the training process.¹⁹⁶

In his report, he also recommended a second seminar: "The Lawyer, the Legal Profession, Professional Responsibility and Ethics" as part of the educational component. Students would be required to submit a paper on this aspect. Another important recommendation made was for a placement/internship program whereby students would have the opportunity to shadow judges, lawyers, administrative agencies, or law professors, so that students could learn more about the work of these professionals. Students would be asked to keep a daily journal of such activities. Professor Gold's report also recommended adding a community service aspect to the clinical learning program, to enable students to work on projects to better the community. He also recommended close cooperation between students of the legal aid clinic, and the law school's Community Legal Education initiatives. Finally, Professor Gold's report anticipated the future need to create satellite offices of L.A.W. in neighbouring communities.¹⁹⁷

L.A.W.'s 3400 square foot office space was secured in late fall, 1973. Donations of office furniture were provided by Union Gas and Hiram Walkers. The Xerox Company had installed a copy machine, and provided free rental for three months.¹⁹⁸ The office formally opened on January 7, 1974.¹⁹⁹ L.A.W. was the second law school clinic to open in Canada.²⁰⁰

The Clinical Law program was limited in its enrollment and was offered every semester to a group of about fifteen students. The program brought students

into supervised contact with practical legal problems outside the classroom in an attempt to teach legal skills, professional responsibility and knowledge of social and legal institutions.

On February 7, 1974, Professor Gold was successful in convincing the Law Society of Upper Canada to waive its normal advertising restrictions. L.A.W. was thereby permitted to advertise in the Windsor area, so long as such advertising was monitored by the Professional Conduct Committee of the Law Society.²⁰¹

Professor Gold reported in the fall of 1974, that L.A.W. had received funding for the office, and that 850 files were opened since the opening of the clinic. Fifteen downtown lawyers were involved in the program; each student at the Clinic was assigned to a practicing lawyer in downtown Windsor who acted as his or her designated supervisor. Students were assigned to lawyers who worked in their fields of interest. Meetings of the student and supervising lawyer were held on a weekly basis for consultation and advice. Students could also assist the lawyer with some of the lawyer's own case files. This mentoring system was discontinued by 1991.

Students were also required to sit in on a seminar, and to submit a paper. Students were also to submit a daily journal of their experiences working with the lawyer or judge to which he or she had been assigned in the intern program. He also reported that the L.A.W. office would be sponsoring a conference on October 5, 1974 entitled "Crisis: What Can I Do?" In 1979, L.A.W. hired an articling student.²⁰²

On July 28, 1975, the Law Society of Upper Canada approved the principle of retaining a salaried solicitor for existing Law School Clinics, including Windsor. The principle was approved for an initial one year period and then reviewed. It also agreed to maintain separate funding for the Student Legal Aid Society.²⁰³

In the summer of 1975, funding had been received from the Ivey Foundation, and Peter Harris was hired as staff lawyer²⁰⁴. An Advisory Committee was also set up, consisting of Professors Whiteside, Stewart and Ianni and members of the local bar.²⁰⁵

On September 2, 1975, Shane Watson, a solicitor, and member of the Provincial L.S.U.C. staff, was temporarily assigned the position of salaried solicitor at L.A.W.²⁰⁶ His role was to supervise the administration of the aspects of the clinic for which the Ontario Legal Aid Plan was responsible.²⁰⁷ He reported to the Law Society in the fall of 1975 that the civil duty counsel roster numbered 35 solicitors at that time, and 450 people a week were beings served through the program.²⁰⁸

In the winter of 1975, Professor Neil Gold was actively pursuing funders to keep the clinic afloat financially. Applications were made to: Hiram Walker, Chrysler, Ford, the Ivey Foundation, the Atkinson Foundation, the Essex Law Association and United Community Services. As a result of these efforts, the Department of Justice agreed to fund two staff lawyers for L.A.W., and the Atkinson Foundation agreed to provide funding for a staff social worker.²⁰⁹

At that time, student interest appeared to be waning and Faculty Council recommended taking some initiatives at the law school to promote the program.²¹⁰

In January of 1976, L.A.W. was moved to 75-85 Wyandotte Street West. By that time, staff lawyer Penny Jones had been hired. A staff social worker, Dolores J. Blonde was also in place by this time.²¹¹ Two fourth-year social work students also worked at the clinic.²¹²

Later in 1976, some of the funding for the clinic was lost, and Dean Ianni submitted a proposal to the Ontario Legal Aid Plan for permanent funding.²¹³

In 1977²¹⁴, a Director, Michael C. Ray, was hired. Dolores J. Blonde became the Co-ordinator of Programs for Clinical Law. Mike Watters was hired as Staff Lawyer.

In the fall of 1977, L.A.W. had already established part-time branch offices at the Amherstburg, Anderdon and Malden Community Centre in Amherstburg, at Nicklin House in Leamington, and at the Senior Citizens building on Elliott Street in Windsor. An additional branch office was opened later that year in the east end of Windsor in Hawthorne Village.²¹⁵ Students were involved with speaking engagements and community workshops including: a Community Corrections

Council public education program, a workshop for senior citizens, a workshop on child abuse, and a workshop on the General Welfare Assistance Act.

That fall, students were also receiving judicial placements,²¹⁶ as the Judges of the County Court had just approved the program and adopted guidelines for it which had been proposed by Chief Justice Estey.²¹⁷

By 1978, the Clinic had set up satellite operations on a part time basis in St. Clair College, in the Landlord and Tenant Bureau and at the offices of the Multi-Cultural Council. In 1984/85, new locations were added in Essex and at Drouillard Place. In 1985/86, a new satellite location at the French Canadian Centre was added.²¹⁸

In 1978, L.A.W. received additional funding from the Clinical Funding Committee of the Law Society. The funds were used to hire a third staff lawyer, a second professional social worker, and another clerk/typist.²¹⁹

The Clinical Law Program was designed to reflect the commitment of the law faculty to integrate into the curriculum an optional program which introduced students to lawyering skills in a clinical setting. The Program has always been considered of great practical and academic value to students. Its focus on assisting the disadvantaged members of our community is also consistent with the University of Windsor's greater commitment to social justice. To this day, L.A.W. students perform tasks under the supervision of a qualified practitioner and are able to serve real clients.

The actual experience to be gained when combined with the reflective and academic component made the Clinical Program a vital and important part of the law school curriculum. The Program is considered a unique vehicle for sensitizing the student to problems of professional responsibility and to the necessity of increasing the availability of legal services, especially to those who are unable to afford it.

Early on, matters with which students were permitted to deal directly included: summary conviction offences in the Provincial Criminal Court, civil matters within the jurisdiction of the Small Claims Court, incorporations, wills, and many aspects of family, social welfare and juvenile law. In this way, the Clinic offered a very

real opportunity for developing the necessary lawyering skills of interviewing, drafting of documents and pleadings, and negotiation.

By 1985/86 students were regularly representing clients before the Worker's Compensation Board, the Criminal Injuries Compensation Board, the Social Assistance Review Board, the Unemployment Insurance Board of Referees, municipal councils, school boards, police commissions, the Human Rights Commission, Inquiry Officers under the Immigration Act, labour and other arbitration panels.

To bolster students' opportunity to learn trial advocacy, by 1978 the Clinic was operating a Duty Counsel Assistance program, whereby students were assigned to the various criminal, family and juvenile courts on a regular basis to assist Duty Counsel.

In the early days of L.A.W., students were expected to attend weekly seminars by the Director on Clinical Law topics. Guest experts were also invited to speak at the Clinic from time to time. These experts included professors from the University, lawyers in private practice and judges, as well as representatives from various government bodies and social welfare agencies.

Students were also required to engage in a Group Project and Report. The goal of the Group Project was to encourage active involvement in the community to assist a specific community group. Each working group had a special supervisor who co-ordinated the project and assisted students with any problems. Many important projects were completed through this vehicle. These included:

- the establishment of Duty Counsel for the Diversion Program which operated in conjunction with the Juvenile Court;
- high school speaking groups;
- seminars for senior citizens;
- a course in law for court interpreters.

One such project resulted in the establishment, in the summer of 1976²²⁰, of Hiatus House, a home and refuge for physically abused women and their children, which is an important service operating in Windsor to this day.

L.A.W. Community Service in Action at Hiatus House

On a Monday in September, 1975, seven battered women walked into Legal Assistance of Windsor for help. The next day, eight more came in. "At the end of Tuesday, we were asking what is going on?" says Dolores Blonde, then Director of Programs at L.A.W., and now Director of Research at Windsor Law.

They found remarkable similarities between all the women who came in: they had no place to go, they all had kids, the police were not laying charges, the hospitals and social agencies all refused help. Along with law student Mark Handelman and Social Work student Wendy Ward, both placed at L.A.W., Blonde started talking to police and social service providers and the Crown's office. "We found out that this was really true. What's happening to these women, they had no place to go."

This was the impetus to form a steering committee to set up a safe-house for battered women in Windsor. "We decided we were going to start an organization which operates a house for battered women and their kids," says Blonde, who became the founding President of Hiatus House.

The first Board of Directors, which included then Dean of Law and current University of Windsor President Ron Ianni, Professor John Whiteside, some local lawyers, the Crown Attorney, the Chief of Police and Blonde, started looking at putting the idea into action. They rented a house from the University (for about a dollar a year), and went to the City of Windsor and the United Way looking for financing. They raised enough money to hire an Executive Director, Donna Miller, who has been there since it opened its doors on July 12, 1976 at 644 California.

When the shelter was opened it filled up immediately. It was the fifth shelter for battered women and their children in Canada. "There was not a lot of past history for that kind of thing, not to mention funding related history." Like most nascent programs it suffered from an unstable funding base that had to be secured to give the project some long-term stability.

It was a time when the issues of domestic violence and violence against women were virtually ignored officially, making the struggle for funding all that much more difficult.

Reproduced from: Mark Crane, "L.A.W. Community Service in Action at Years of Accomplishment at Legal Assistance of Windsor. 1994, page 3.

"I think it was a tense issue, it is an issue even to this day," says Miller. "People wanted to think that the family is a place of love. It's hard for people to think of the family as the most violent prone unit in our society."

Eventually, funding was secured from the provincial ministries of Housing, Health and Social Services, as well as the Windsor and Essex County Social Services Departments.



Dolores Blonde

"Our funding is more secure now than ever," says Miller, though there are concerns that the Social Contract in Ontario will lower funding, and increase demand for local fundraising.

The positive side to community fundraising is that it has raised the visibility of Hiatus House in the community, and as Miller says, "It has given us a higher profile in the overall community."

The shelter has helped countless women and their children get back on track in life, giving them a safe and secure space to rebuild their lives. "Hiatus House basically grew from law students and social work students at L.A.W. identifying those fifteen battered women who came in the doors of those two days in September," remembers Dolores Blonde. With the help of a committed Board of Directors over the years, it has grown from a dream into a vital and respected organization.

-Mark Crane

Hiatus House." Professor Jeff Berryman, editor. Celebration: 20

Another group project was to draft a report to the Ontario authorities advocating on behalf of a new Children's Ombudsman.²²¹

The group project requirement was dispensed with by 1986/87.

In 1979 and 1980, the Ontario Legal Aid Plan had significantly cut the budget for Legal Aid Clinics, and L.A.W. Director Michael Ray launched an appeal (Special Reference Case on the Funding of University-Based Clinics) to the Clinical Funding Committee under the Ontario Legal Aid Plan. The reference concerned the role of University-based legal aid clinics, and the importance of maintaining

steady funding sources for both clinical education programs and Student Legal Aid Societies.²²² He also prepared a major report/brief on the matter which had been adopted as a model for other university based clinic submissions on the case.²²³

In 1980/81, L.A.W. staff helped to organize a new legal aid clinic in Chatham.²²⁴ L.A.W. was also involved in training the new Chatham staff and para-legals.²²⁵ Also in 1981, Director Michael Ray brought together the leadership of L.A.W., C.L.A. and C.L.P. to discuss coordination of their services, and to revisit the academic component of L.A.W.²²⁶

In the fall of 1981, L.A.W. moved to its current location at the corner of Pitt and Goyeau.²²⁷

In 1988, Rose Voyvodic became Director of the Clinic, and L.A.W. flourished under her dedicated leadership for the next 19 years.

Over the years, L.A.W. continued the Faculty of Law's commitment to public legal education, by responding to requests to speak to groups, organizations and local agencies on issues relating to legal aid, the legal process, social benefits, immigration, employment standards, human rights, mental illness and more. Publications were written for distribution to the public, and media interviews were also provided.²²⁸

In 2003, Dean Elman formulated a committee of Faculty Council to review the administrative structure of the Clinical Law Program. As a result of this process, a new Executive Director of the Clinical Program, Brian Rodenhurst, was hired to coordinate the activities of L.A.W. and C.L.A.²²⁹

The Community Law Program

The Community Law Program at the Faculty of Law was one of the major innovations of the law school in the 1970s, through which the law school was able to make great connections with the greater community, and to quickly enhance its new reputation.

It is noteworthy that as early as 1972, the Student Law Society had created a new Community Action Program.²³⁰

Also, in November of 1972, the Special Legal Education Committee, chaired by Professor Ianni, organized an open forum at the Cleary Auditorium (now St. Clair Centre for the Arts) entitled "You and the Law". The cost was covered by the Windsor Star. The forum featured a panel of local lawyers who answered questions which were submitted by members of the public and printed in the Windsor Star. Any questions that were not answered at the forum would be answered in a new legal column in the Windsor Star.²³¹ A second forum was held in November of 1973.²³²

In 1972, Professor George Stewart and Professor Paterson visited the Department of Justice to request funding for the clinical legal education program. Stewart and Paterson were told that funds would only be made available for public education or fee-for-service programming. Stewart initially thought the Clinical Program might be altered to include this type of programming.²³³ However, in February of 1973, John McAuliffe had further correspondence with Mr. Tollefson of the Department of Justice, which was actively encouraging a public education program, particularly in the area of federal law. It was ready to finance initiatives such as courses for the public in Criminal Law and Consumer Law. Associate Dean McAuliffe also suggested that a program might be developed with Department of Justice assistance to produce pamphlets for the public in the area of legal rights and responsibilities.²³⁴

In 1973, Professor Ianni became the Director of the Community Law Program.²³⁵ In the spring of that year, he submitted a formal proposal to the Department of Justice for funding for a Special Public Legal Education program in Windsor,²³⁶ and such funding arrived by the end of the summer of 1973.²³⁷

As a result, in July 1973, the Community Law Program was established by the Faculty of Law. Later that year, a three-year grant was also received from Donner Canadian Foundation.²³⁸

The Program was the first university-based public legal education program in Canada.²³⁹ The Community Law Program was a program of public legal education aimed at explaining Canadian law and procedure to laypersons. The Program's original objective was to make law accessible and understandable to everyone. In pursuing this objective, the program provided instructional aids,

resources and information to the community concerning the Canadian legal system.

The very first initiatives of the Community Law Program were to create videos covering two areas of law: procedure in an impaired driving case, and the conduct of a real estate transfer. The local radio station C.K.L.W. was approached as a venue, and the impaired driving case was also screened at the Federal Law Reform Commission.²⁴⁰

In 1975 and 1976, additional funding was secured from the Law Foundation of Ontario. Professor George Stewart took over the Directorship of the program at that time.²⁴¹

In early 1976, Professors Roderick MacDonald and Paul Murphy were co-Directors of the Program, and in the fall of 1976 Professor Larry Wilson was appointed as co-Director with Professor MacDonald.²⁴² Professor MacDonald served as Director until the fall of 1978.²⁴³

The Program used the resources of the Law Faculty and the Essex Law Association to present a number of projects including a television series, general forums and special lectures. By 1976/77 the Program participants decided that the most effective vehicle to attain the objectives of the program was the production and distribution of video materials and pamphlets. Television production remained one of the primary focuses of the Program. Six half-hour dramatizations were produced in the "Law and How it Works" series. These included the previously mentioned tapes on "Impaired Driving"; "Buying a House"; "A Consumer Action in the Small Claims Court"²⁴⁴; as well as others: "Marriage Breakdown"; "A Child Custody Trial"; and "Maintenance and the Family Court". The second series "Plain Talks in Canadian Law" consisted of four programs.

Public response to the series was overwhelming. The Ontario Educational Communications Authority agreed to distribute the Law and How it Works series, and 20 cities in Ontario showed the series from their television outlets. The programs were also shown across the country to community groups, high schools, community colleges and counselling services and were utilized as a recruiting vehicle for the Police College in B.C. Over one thousand Ontario

libraries, prisons, hospitals, social service centres and community centres had complete sets of the Community Law Program pamphlets.

A number of booklets in the Law and the Layperson series were also prepared on such topics as Landlord and Tenant, Small Claims Court, Consumer Law and Court Structure. Some of these pamphlets were later translated into French.²⁴⁵

The program also organized a speakers program with 150 speakers going to the Essex County high schools and public groups of ten people or more.

Another important contribution made by the Community Law Program was its work with high school teachers of law. The Board of Education agreed in the fall of 1973, to set up a meeting with all high school teachers to arrange lectures on various topics to be offered by law professors and students.²⁴⁶ The first such meeting occurred on October 18th, 1973.²⁴⁷ From July 5 - 16²⁴⁸, 1976 the Community Law Program, in cooperation with the Ministry of Education, offered a two-week "Summer Institute for High School Teachers of Law" as a pilot project. The institute was accepted enthusiastically by the registrants and a recommendation went to the Ministry to the effect that the project be expanded and developed into a specialty within the secondary school curriculum structure. In 1977 the Institute was again held for two weeks in July. Over its first three years, seminar programs were established not only for high school law teachers, but also for librarians, journalists, social workers and union stewards. Local lawyers, law professors and law students all co-operated to make the program a success.

One of the major projects undertaken in the summer of 1977 by the Program was a 12 week Community Law Outreach Program in northern Ontario. Ms. Joanna Kuras was appointed as supervisor of this initiative.²⁴⁹ Four students and one faculty member toured over 25 centres in what came to be known as the "Community Law Caravan".



Figure 1 Community Law Caravan

The Caravan's activities included presenting public forums, screening videotapes, distributing pamphlets and making services available to northern Ontario communities. The Caravan made four successive summer tours establishing permanent contact centres for the distribution of future materials, and by 1982/83 was touring 29 centres. During this period the Northern Legal Services Project in Elliot Lake/Manitoulin Island was also initiated. The Caravan was generously sponsored by a three year grant from the Donner Canadian Foundation.²⁵⁰

In 1977, 1978 and 1979 the Program was also the Ontario contributor to a Federal Department of Justice "Survey of Public Legal Education Resources". Eight students canvassed the province, completing a 320 page catalogue outlining the activities of all individuals and groups involved in legal education.

In the fall of 1978, Professor and Law Librarian Paul Murphy took over as Interim Director of the Community Law Program.²⁵¹ From 1978 - 1979, Janet Downing was Director of the Community Law Program, and in 1979, Laurence Kearley was named Director.²⁵² Mr. Kearley acted as both Director of the Community Law Program, and was responsible for the academic and legal work of Community Legal Aid.²⁵³

In 1980, the Program changed its focus. It was decided that the Program should concentrate on the production of audio visual materials, many of which were

produced for the C.B.C.²⁵⁴ The result was production of videotapes in the areas of human rights, worker's compensation, unemployment insurance, consumer protection, criminal injuries compensation board, employment law and senior citizens. In addition, a television mini-series consisting of four 30 minute productions was created. The topics of each of these productions were: how society tries to organize itself and protect itself by use of the legal system and laws; how laws are made and the people in the process of law making; the family law system as it applies to child custody; and, the crime of rape. These programs were aired in Windsor in 1981. They were also shown on other Ontario stations. In addition, a collection of short legal messages, providing a general survey of the law which was called *Legal Minutes*, was taped and distributed at radio stations across Ontario.

On September 25, 1980, the Community Law Program, in cooperation with the Essex Law Association, held a Community Law Forum at the Cleary Auditorium.²⁵⁵

Several new projects were started in 1981. Among them were specialized programs for aboriginal peoples and senior citizens. One of North America's first training programs for Court translators was also set up. A series of 15 minute radio shows was also produced. These shows were simulated phone-in shows covering popular legal topics such as family law and landlord and tenant law. A public speaker seminar series was presented in Leamington in January and February of 1981, presented by local lawyers, and it was hoped that such a series could be started in Chatham and Sarnia as well as part of the program. The Community Law Program also helped provide training to the new legal aid clinic in Chatham.²⁵⁶

In 1981 the Community Law Program was incorporated²⁵⁷ as a non-profit corporation and registered as a tax exempt charitable organization which made it eligible for wider sources of funding. Also that summer, Larry Kearley travelled to Thunder Bay to assist with the establishment of a Public Legal Education Program there. An Ontario Law Foundation block grant was also received that summer.²⁵⁸

In 1982 the focus was again on the print medium. Booklets were produced about the Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms; Law and the Aboriginal People of

Ontario; Land Mortgages; Foreclosures and Power of Sale; Landlord and Tenant Law; Compensation for Victims of Crime and Senior Citizens and the Law. In addition, a series of fifteen minute programs on each of the above topics was produced and aired on the local C.B.C. station.

In 1982, Director Larry Kearley repeatedly reported to Faculty that the Community Law Program was low on funding, and money for new programming was not forthcoming.²⁵⁹ He accepted a new position in government in the summer of 1982.²⁶⁰

In 1983, the Program was active in creating informational displays, working to establish a Community Advisory Board, and coordinating Law Day - Community Justice Week activities for Essex County.

In 1983, Windsor graduate John Pistor took over as Community Legal Aid Review Counsel and Director of the Community Law Program.²⁶¹

In 1984 the major project was a revision of the Senior Citizens and the Law video tapes. A format incorporating the law that affects Senior Citizens into comical skits was adopted as a more interesting and captivating approach than the previous interview format. The video was funded by a grant from the Bronfman Foundation and a Summer Canada Job Program grant. Other projects that year included a revision and update of the Aboriginal Law Booklet, a Citizen's Guide to Municipal Law, and the Young Offenders Act: A Teacher's Package.

The Community Law Program was continually looking to find new areas to develop its objective of making the law accessible and available to everyone.

In 1984, Mr. Pistor resigned his post with C.L.A. but stayed on with the Community Law Program²⁶² on a part time basis.²⁶³ Also in 1985, the Law Foundation significantly reduced its funding of the Community Law Program.²⁶⁴

In the summer of 1986, the Community Law Program produced a booklet on Victims of Crime and held a public release of the work featuring keynote speaker State Representative William Van Regenmorter who spoke about Michigan's new law in that area. Two videos on the new Family Law Act and the Divorce Act were produced that year. Also, the Community Law Program completed a joint

publication with Windsor Occupational Health Information Services. Six segments of the "Seniors and the Law" show on Cable 11 were also taped. Mr. Pistor spoke at a Human Rights and Race Relations Conference, and spoke as a guest speaker at the Wayne County Sheriff's department.²⁶⁵

In 1986, Mr. Pistor reported that a new committee, chaired by Professor Larry Wilson, and including Dolores Blonde had been struck, to consider the future of the Community Law Program.²⁶⁶ That program recommended that the Community Law Program should be continued; that a full-time Director and a full-time secretary would be required to run it; that there were two funding models that might be pursued; that the Faculty of Law should provide a special grant for publishing volume 9 of the Canadian Community Law Journal; and that thereafter the journal should cease publication.²⁶⁷ In 1988 Dolores Blonde and the rest of the committee pursued funding options in the hopes of keeping the program alive.²⁶⁸ Further reporting of its activities ceased after that time.

Alternative Dispute Resolution and the Mediation Clinic

"In pursuing the theme of access to justice, Windsor law has been particularly strong in developing programs on ...alternative dispute resolution..." Jeff Berryman, Dean 1991 - 1995²⁶⁹

²⁷⁰The inclusion of Alternative Dispute Resolution (A.D.R.) in the educational programming at the University of Windsor, Faculty of Law occurred in a number of small steps over the years, recently culminating in the new University of Windsor Mediation Clinic. Some of the steps in the evolution of this area of the curriculum are outlined in the paragraphs below.

Labour arbitration was the first course offered in this area, which began in 1973.

In the summer of 1981 the Canadian Bar Association chose Windsor as its test site for a pilot project funded by the Donner Foundation. The project was an experiment in using alternative procedures for the settlement of civil disputes including mediation and conciliation.²⁷¹ The pilot project used the office space adjacent to L.A.W.'s new office at Pitt and Goyeau. Dolores Blonde took a two-year leave from L.A.W. to be one of the Co-Directors of the Project.²⁷²

In 1982, Advanced Civil Procedure was substantially overhauled and renamed "Procedural Aspects of Access to Justice". Much of the subject matter of this course centred around dispute resolution alternatives and their cost benefits.²⁷³

In 1984, the mediation project was nearly closed due to funding issues. However, at that time, additional funding was obtained from the Laidlaw Foundation to keep it running.²⁷⁴ This particular project was not reported upon again after 1984.

In 1990, Associate Dean Eansor reported to Faculty Council that members of staff at Legal Assistance of Windsor were conducting a study into the feasibility of starting a "mediation centre" to help assist the low-income community.²⁷⁵

In 1993, Lisa Feld was brought in to teach the "Access to Justice: Procedural Issues" course,²⁷⁶ which had been substantially revised. Soon thereafter it was renamed: "Access to Justice: Dispute Resolution".²⁷⁷ This course was offered as a seminar in which students were required to give a seminar and then write a research paper. The course emphasized all varieties of dispute resolution whether by the courts, by administrative tribunals, or by mediation or arbitration. Comparisons of the different methods were also made. A common theme of the student papers was to raise issues of defects in the law which result in inequality of access. The course was also taught by Professors Julie Mcfarlane and Neil Gold.

In 1994, the law school offered a certificate program in Alternative Dispute Resolution. The program was an intensive, five-day workshop taught by Lisa Feld and Alan Stitt, who are both Windsor Law alumni, and who were both affiliated with the Harvard University Negotiating Project.²⁷⁸ The program was held again in October of 1995.²⁷⁹

The most significant action in this area was taken in 1995 by Professor Macfarlane, who supervised the creation of a new Mediation Service at the law school. Students worked there on a voluntary, non-credit basis, and Macfarlane supervised their work as well as co-mediating disputes with them. The most important achievement was to gain permission – from the then Chief Justice of Ontario, Roy McMurtry - for Windsor law students to offer mediation services to parties to small claims court actions. This began a crucial partnership between

the Windsor courthouse and the Mediation Service. In addition, Legal Assistance of Windsor and Community Legal Aid began to refer suitable cases to the Mediation Service.

In 1997, with the clinic growing prodigiously, Macfarlane formalized the program by devising a proposal for a new A.D.R. course entitled "Special Topics: Mediation Clinic".²⁸⁰ She proposed that the for-credit program commence in the fall of 1997, as additional to the A.D.R. course that had previously been offered. She noted that no other Law School in Canada at that time offered a for-credit Mediation Clinic and urged the Faculty to keep its place ahead of the curve on this issue.²⁸¹ Her proposal included discussion of the proposed course objectives, structure and evaluation.²⁸² She further noted that the current clinic had been receiving increased numbers of referrals over recent months.²⁸³ The Special Topics course "Mediation Clinic", was adopted by Faculty Council on May 14, 1997.^{284 285}

In 1999, Jennifer Schulz became the first funded Director (half time) of the Mediation Clinic, also known as University of Windsor Mediation Service or U.W.M.S. Financial support was provided by the law firm of Osler Hoskin Harcourt LLP via its Programs of Excellence initiative. This was noted in a 1999 report on the status of the Mediation Clinic which was circulated at faculty council. This report noted that the clinic was unique not only because it was the only clinical mediation program for course credit offered in a Canadian law school, but because it was the only Ontario mediation service that had an arrangement with the local Small Claims Court. The arrangement was that any Small Claims matter could be settled via mediation.²⁸⁶ Interestingly, of the eight students who worked in the winter term of 1999, two of them designed a system for the City of Windsor Business Licensing Division which would ensure that all future business licensing disputes in Windsor would be mediated by U.W.M.S.

Professor Macfarlane remains involved in the clinic acting as Chair of the U.W.M.S. Committee of Faculty Council and offering regular supervision and advice to the Director. The Director's position became full-time with financial support from the Law Foundation of Ontario and the Law School in about 2001.

The U.W.M.S. has provided a model for many other mediation clinic programs.²⁸⁷ It is the only full-service community mediation service in Windsor-Essex County.

The U.W.M.S.' mandate is to provide free, quality, community-based mediation, conflict resolution and facilitation services to the Windsor-Essex community. The U.W.M.S. attempts to empower community members to resolve their disputes themselves, while teaching law students alternative and less adversarial methods of dispute resolution. Students have an opportunity to co-mediate cases such as neighbour disputes, landlord/tenant conflicts, employment issues, consumer matters, contract disputes and any Small Claims Court matters.

The Mediation Clinic is offered once a year to upper-year law students, who are trained in mediation skills and who then conduct intake and co-mediation of any cases referred to the U.W.M.S.. In its earlier days, students had the opportunity to observe the family case conferencing process at Family Court with then Master Mary-Jo Nolan, continuing the important relationship between the courthouse and the Clinic.

In 1997/99 the Dorothy Waddicor Award in A.D.R. was established. This was an annual award presented to a student in the Alternative Dispute Resolution course who demonstrated financial need.

In 2000/2001 Carrie Gallant was hired as the Director of Interns for a new Osler, Hoskin & Harcourt L.L.P. Conflict Resolution Program and Director of the U.W.M.S.. That same year, Alan Stitt was also hired as a Special Lecturer in Dispute Resolution.

On February 16, 2000, Faculty Council approved a motion to recommend to Senate that the Mediation Clinic be designated as a regular Law course.²⁸⁸

On November 16, 2000, the U.W.M.S. sponsored "The Restorative Justice Forum". The focus of the forum was on Victim Offender Mediation and the efforts of U.W.M.S. to offer a pilot program at Windsor. Panelists for the day included Carrie Gallant, Director, U.W.M.S., Judge Michelin Rawlins, Professor Schulz and two community members.²⁸⁹

In 2001, U.W.M.S. began working with the University Human Rights Office in mediating campus human rights cases.²⁹⁰

In 2001 Kileen Dagg Centurione was hired as a Special Lecturer in Mediation Clinic and Director of the University of Windsor Mediation Service.

In 2002 Gemma Smyth became the Director of University of Windsor Mediation Services. Mediation Services continued its work conducting on-site mediations for local co-operative housing projects and training co-op high school students in conflict resolution. Mediation Services also began expanding its caseload and conducting outreach to agencies in the Windsor-Essex community. Mediation Services' Community Advisory Board was revived in 2003, with Board members Judge John Brockenshire, Professor Rose Voyvodic, Professor Larry Wilson, Provost Neil Gold, Executive Director of Citizen Advocacy Joyce Zuk, and later adding Master Lou Ann Pope and W.S.I.B. mediator Rose Valle. When Professor Voyvodic passed away in 2007, she requested that donations be made in her memory to Mediation Services.²⁹¹

In 2005, U.W.M.S. celebrated its 10th Anniversary. The celebration took place on November 3, 2005 and featured Master Bob Beaudoin and Charles Harnick.²⁹² On that occasion, Professor Macfarlane spoke about what had inspired her to start the Clinic. She noted that the original proposal was treated with some skepticism and even bafflement in the university and the law school – at first the clinic sometimes received mail addressed to the “meditation clinic” or even the “medication clinic.” However she was motivated to find a way to enable law students to experience a different side of conflict – as a mediator and facilitator with both sides rather than as a partisan advocate. She noted that this provided powerful learning experiences for law students, even if they did not go on to mediate in their professional lives. She also noted that she was especially proud of how creative the Clinic had become in finding other ways to help people in conflict – working in high schools, with young offenders, facilitating agency boards, and offering conflict resolution training.

Soon thereafter, the U.W.M.S. offices underwent a substantial renovation, moving from a single room to a subdivided student office, intake area and Director's office.²⁹³ Also in 2006, students began attending Rule 76 settlement conference with Master Pope, and Small Claims settlement conferences. A pilot project was also developed with local high schools to develop conflict resolution skills as part of the integrated curriculum in the Separate School system.²⁹⁴ This project was extremely successful and has been repeated each term.

In 2007, Mediation Services joined with the School of Social Work and the School of Nursing to set up an office in downtown Windsor in a low income apartment building. For the most part, students there mediate tenant disputes as part of the multidisciplinary University-Community project.²⁹⁵ Also that fall, U.W.M.S. was successful in securing a Law and Innovation grant, as well as funding from the Ontario Victim Services Secretariat to pilot a Mediation Project for older adults.²⁹⁶ The project pioneered a model for elder abuse mediations in which an advocate from Citizens' Advocacy supported older adults through the mediation process, allowing social workers to focus on their roles as advocates, and allowing the mediators to ensure the needs of older adults were met.

In 2008, Mediation Services was able to realize a long-term goal, that of opening a downtown mediation centre at 450 Pelissier. The 1300 square feet of space was realized due to the generosity of two major donors: The City of Windsor and the law firm of Osler Hoskin Harcourt L.L.P.. With the assistance of Mayor and Windsor Law graduate Eddie Francis, the City of Windsor agreed to rent city-owned space to Mediation Services rent-free in lieu of mediation and facilitation services rendered. Osler Hoskin Harcourt LLP agreed to donate \$125,000 over three years to support the start-up and day-to-day costs of running the clinic. The Law Foundation of Ontario and many other individual donors over the years were also instrumental in bringing this initiative to fruition. The new downtown office was intended to enable U.W.M.S. to more effectively deliver its Community Outreach Programs. In 2008, Mediation Services also began accepting Social Work students in their fourth year of their B.S.W., and in the first or second years of their M.S.W. The interdisciplinary nature of the clinic allowed for more diverse client needs to be met.²⁹⁷

Osler, Hoskin & Harcourt Internship in Law Program/ Internships in Conflict Resolution

In 1998²⁹⁸, the Faculty of Law at the University of Windsor was awarded a grant under the Osler Hoskin Harcourt "Program of Excellence". The grant of \$125,000 was paid over a five year period and was used to support the salary of a half-time Director of Interns. Internships were offered as a supervised research program for upper-year law students who had some prior experience or training in mediation skills. The award provided students with the opportunity to build on their course work by providing them with an internship contract under the

supervision of the Director of Interns. Most of the work was performed in the U.W.M.S. office, conducting outreach, case intake and development and co-mediating cases with the Director. Some internships involved external placements with local organizations or businesses. For example, one Intern was noted as having provided some important work to the Working Group for the Victim Offender Reconciliation Project.²⁹⁹ Each Internship was individually negotiated with the Director of Interns for between 3 to 6 credits. The Supervised Research rules applied to determine credit allocation on the basis of workload and evaluation method proposed. Additional matching funds were also available.³⁰⁰

Some of the internships were used to staff the University of Windsor Mediation Service during the summer months.³⁰¹ The official launch of the Program took place in April of 1999.³⁰² In 2005³⁰³ the Faculty of Law took over the funding of this internship program.

Special Programs of Study

Program in Social Awareness/ Program for Studies in Social Action/ Centre for Studies in Social Justice/ Access to Justice

In the Spring of 1968,³⁰⁴ a new University-wide Planning Committee for a Program in Social Awareness, was formed. It was Chaired by Professor George Crowell. In 1969, the committee had completed its proposal for a new program at the University of Windsor entitled "Program for Studies in Social Action".³⁰⁵

The Program was initially articulated as: "a cooperative interdepartmental and interfaculty venture bringing together courses designed to help prepare students to make contributions as responsible citizens towards overcoming some of today's urgent social problems."³⁰⁶ The idea grew primarily out of the initiative of students.

A grant from the Students' Administrative Council enabled several students to work towards starting the program in the summer of 1969.³⁰⁷ The proposal indicated that each Department would decide which of its courses would fit into the Program. Also the proposal suggested that students could use the Program as either their major or their minor course of study with in the Faculty of Arts and Sciences.

For its part, law was involved in these initiatives, and it also worked to evolve its commitment to the principles of social justice. The clinical programs, the Community Law Program and its Admissions policy all demonstrated this commitment. Other initiatives helped to foster the ideal as well. For example, in 1979, a new law Faculty Council Committee on Access to Justice had been formed, Chaired by Professor Simmonds, and it offered a Faculty Workshop on October 13 - 14, 1979.³⁰⁸

In 1984, the Academic Planning Committee prepared a discussion paper which recommended that the Faculty of Law adopt two educational themes: Access to Justice and Canada-United States Issues. Approval in principle was given to adopting these themes at the August 2, 1984 meeting of Faculty Council.³⁰⁹

In the 1990s, the Faculty of Law organized conferences on Access to Justice. Dolores Blonde³¹⁰ was primarily responsible for organizing these events.

In 1998, the Faculty of Law hosted a Roundtable on "Access to Affordable and Appropriate Law Related Services in 2020."³¹¹

To further solidify the University's commitment to social justice, in 2000, a proposal was made to Senate that Social Justice should be made a pinnacle of the University of Windsor. Thereafter, Dean Bruce Elman of the Faculty of Law, and Executive Dean Kate McCrone of the Faculty of Arts and Social Sciences, co-Chaired a committee whose mission was to develop a plan of action for furthering the University of Windsor's commitment to the principles of social justice.³¹²

On July 2, 2002 the new Centre for Social Justice at the University of Windsor was opened. Its first Acting Director was Political Science Professor Walter (Jake) Sonderlund.³¹³

Since its inception, the Centre has offered speakers, presentations, exhibits and other events.

J.D./LL.B. Program

In 1978, "the Michigan State Board of Law Examiners voted unanimously that the University of Windsor Law School be deemed reputable and qualified and that graduates of Windsor Law School be determined eligible to sit for the Michigan Bar examination. ...The accreditation was the first for a non-American Bar Association accredited Law School outside of the State of Michigan".³¹⁴

Efforts continued into 1980 to make arrangements with Wayne State University and the University of Detroit to allow students to take courses at these other universities and to obtain credit for those courses as part of their program at Windsor.³¹⁵

In 1982³¹⁶ the University of Windsor created a new opportunity for students - the Joint J.D./LL.B. Program. This was the first J.D./LL.B. program offered in Canada.³¹⁷ The program was designed to enable University of Windsor Law students to obtain a J.D. from the University of Detroit simultaneously with the LL.B. from the University of Windsor. The degree requirements of the two institutions were required to be met separately. The University of Windsor

agreed to allow its students to use a total of 19 semester hours taken at the University of Detroit towards satisfaction of the LL.B. requirement. The University of Detroit agreed to grant University of Windsor students the equivalent of 2 years advanced standing with regard to obtaining a J.D. American Bar Association rules required that a student receive at least 29 semester hours credit from the University of Detroit as a pre-requisite for granting the degree.

The original J.D./LL.B. was designed to allow completion of both degrees in three years. The original program progressed as follows:

1. Completion of the first year at Windsor.
2. Taking 5-6 hours at the University of Detroit during the summer following their first year at Windsor.
3. During the second and third years at Windsor, taking a total of 19 hours at the University of Detroit. Those credits would count toward the LL.B.
4. During the summer between their second and third year at the University of Windsor, taking a total of 4-5 hours at the University of Detroit in order to complete the 29 hour requirement at Detroit by the end of third year.

After a short suspension of the program, under the leadership of Professors George Stewart and Leon Lysaght, the program was relaunched in April of 2001.³¹⁸

LL.B./M.B.A. Program

In 1980 a new Joint LL.B./M.B.A. Program was started at the University of Windsor.³¹⁹ This special joint program provided students the opportunity to complete the joint degree in four years. Students were required to meet the admission requirement of both faculties. Separate applications were to be submitted to each Faculty. Students who were accepted to both the LL.B. and M.B.A. programs attended first year in either faculty. The students were then granted a deferred admission to the other program contingent upon acceptance to the joint program after the first year of study.

Students were required to apply to the joint program during the first year of study and were required to achieve standing in the top one third of the first year class in the faculty in which they were enrolled and to meet the grade

requirement. Students who did not meet this requirement were not considered for the joint program, but were free to complete their studies in the faculty attended. The joint program directors interviewed all eligible applicants and the selection of candidates was made on the basis of the criteria below:

- Career plan and its appropriateness to the program;
- An assessment of the applicant's ability to successfully complete a rigorous course of study;
- All relevant elements of the applicant's profile compared with those of all other candidates.

Successful candidates were to receive an acceptance to the joint program subject to the condition that to remain in the program he or she must have completed the second year with a standing in the top one third of the class and meet the grade standard.

The program specified the specific program of study to be taken by the student, and the student was also required to participate in a summer internship following year II and year III of the program. The student worked in a legal environment for one summer, and a business environment for the second summer, or settings which required both legal and management skills.

In 1981/82 the program progression was changed to require the student to take the first year of each program, followed by work in both faculties in years three and four. Application to the joint program was still required to be made during the first year of study. The original conditions, grade requirements and internship requirements were no longer specified in the calendar after this point.

In 1982/83 applicants were required to state their intention to apply for the joint program on the application itself. The requirement of applying for the joint program during the first year of study is no longer specified in the calendar after this point.

In 1995/97 the course requirements in years III and IV were more carefully set out for each program, and there were further grade requirements added in order to continue.

Intellectual Property Law at Windsor

Intellectual Property Law Institute (I.P.L.I.)

In 1985, Professor Brian Mazer reported to Faculty Council, that the members of the Admissions Committee were considering a common program in Industrial and Intellectual Property, in cooperation with Wayne State University and the University of Detroit.³²⁰

The Intellectual Property Law Institute was created in 1987 through the efforts of the State Bar of Michigan and the law faculties of the University of Detroit, Wayne State University and the University of Windsor. Professor George Stewart played an important role in establishing and maintaining I.P.L.I. and in securing funding from industry in Michigan to support it.³²¹ I.P.L.I. courses have the advantage of sharing the resources of three law schools as well as the experience and expertise of the practising members of the Michigan Bar Association.

I.P.L.I. is dedicated to providing basic and advanced legal education and to furthering knowledge, scholarship and research in the law governing the diverse fields of intellectual property, including: patents, copyrights, trademarks, trade secrets, computers and related technology, communications and media, entertainment, technology transfer, trade regulation and the arts.

Beginning in the academic year 1988/89 I.P.L.I. offered the following courses on an annual basis: Patent Law; Advanced Patent Law; Copyright Law; Entertainment Law; Trademarks and Unfair Competition; and, Aspects of International Communications. Other courses offered as instructors were available, included: Intellectual Property Rights in Computers and Computer Software; Intellectual Property Rights in Know-How; Trade Secrets and Confidential Information; Patent Anti-Trust; Patent Litigation; Patent Office Practice; Advanced Copyright; Franchising; Licensing and Joint Ventures. More recently, courses in Internet Law have been added.

I.P.L.I. Courses have always been taught by either full-time law professors from the participating universities, or by practising lawyers with extensive expertise in the field.

Originally, I.P.L.I. was available to students who had satisfactorily completed at least one year of law school and who were in good standing at one of the three participating law schools. An undergraduate background in engineering, chemistry, physics, science or math was preferred.

In 1991, Professor Myra Tawfik joined the Faculty to teach, research and to help develop courses for the I.P.L.I. program.

In 1992, the University hosted an Intellectual Property Law Conference.³²² The papers from the Conference were published under the title: International Trade and Intellectual Property: The Search for a Balanced System. Stewart, GR., Tawfik, MJ., Irish, M. (eds.) (Boulder: Westview Press, 1994).

On September 20, 1991, I.P.L.I. hosted the Federal Judicial Intellectual Property Law Seminar designed to train U.S. judges in intellectual property law. The first seminar was held at the Faculty of Law, University of Windsor. Professor George Stewart was involved in the program, which occurred in Windsor, as well as Philadelphia and Seattle in following years.³²³ As Professor Stewart recalls:

"The first one in Windsor caused some difficulties and chuckles. For instance, U.S. Federal Marshals guard and protect U.S. Federal Judges. The Marshals came across the border with the Judges and all the Marshals were carrying serious heat. Special arrangements had to be made with the Windsor Police and God knows who else. Also, the program was held in the Moot Court and I had told students that they could fill any vacant seats. Well, the Federal Marshals would have none of that and would not let the students in. After some negotiations a few students were allowed in."

In 2008, Professor Emir Mohammed joined the Faculty to teach, research and help develop courses in the area of intellectual property law.

In 2008-2009, Professor Mohammed established the first annual Canadian IP Moot Competition.

Windsor IP/IT Club

In 2001, a new club was formed. The Windsor Intellectual Property and Information Technology group (W.I.P.I.T.) is dedicated to promoting awareness

of issues in Intellectual Property Law and Information Technology. The club meets on an informal basis to discuss current issues in copyright, patent and trademark law as well as the newest developments in the IT world.

W.I.P.I.T. organizes and takes part in a series of guest lectures and distinguished speakers seminars both at the faculty of law at the University of Windsor, as well as other law faculties around Ontario, Quebec and Michigan.³²⁴

W.I.P.I.T.'s inaugural speaker was Professor Ruth Okediji, William L. Prosser Professor of Law at the University of Minnesota Law School, and a leading expert on United States I.P. law.

W.I.P.I.T. has sponsored speakers such as: Mario Fiorucci, who spoke in October of 2002; Terry Berg, Chief of the U.S. High Crime Unit, U.S. Department of the Attorney General, who presented on March 8, 2004; and Daphne Ripley, of the law firm Smart & Biggar, who presented on September 29, 2004.³²⁵

Intellectual Property Law Information Network (I.P.L.I.N.)

Recently Professor Myra Tawfik created the Intellectual Property Law Information Network. I.P.L.I.N.'s mandate is to provide community-based public legal education on matters relating to intellectual property law for the Windsor/Essex County community. I.P.L.I.N. is funded by the Law Foundation of Ontario,³²⁶ student interns provide information on intellectual property law and innovation law issues to stakeholders in the community on a case-by-case basis. In addition, they develop and present workshops on topics of interest to the community.

In the summer of 2006, I.P.L.I.N. delivered a workshop on basic Intellectual Property Law to M.B.A. students at the Odette School of Business at the University of Windsor.

In March of 2008, I.P.L.I.N. delivered a free public workshop on Doing Business Online.

In May, 2008, Professors Myra Tawfik, of the Faculty of Law, and Francine Schlosser, of the Odette School of Business, received a public outreach grant from the Social Sciences and Humanities Research Council, the Ontario Law

Foundation and the Odette School of Business, to provide support and education to support entrepreneurship within the local immigrant population. Under their leadership, I.P.L.I.N. and the Centre for Business Advancement and Research at the Odette School of Business at the University of Windsor developed a series of workshops, mentoring programs and public legal education clinics to "help underserved immigrants pursue their dreams of self-employment."³²⁷

Clerkship Program to the Supreme Court of the Northwest Territories

In 1983, Professor Brian Mazer, on behalf of the Academic Programme Committee, made a motion to Faculty Council to approve a proposal for a one year trial student clerkship to the Supreme Court of the Northwest Territories.³²⁸ Since then, two students have had the opportunity to participate in this Clerkship. The clerkship, open to second and third-year students, was treated as a supervised research project and the successful students gained experience in court research and memoranda writing. The length of the clerkship coincided with the fall or winter semester at the Faculty of Law. Successful applicants were originally selected on the basis of three factors: general academic performance in law, legal research and writing skills, and special interest or aptitude relating to the program. Students were required to prepare and submit a diary of daily work as well as a monthly and a final report. A research paper was also required.

The London Law Program

In 1995, the London Law Program was offered to University of Windsor students. The Program was conducted by the University of Detroit Mercy Law School and offered second and third year law students the opportunity to study abroad for one academic semester. The program provided for the study of international and comparative law.

The London Law Program was designed to accommodate approximately 40 regular, full-time students each semester. The core of the student body consisted of second and third year students drawn primarily from the University of Detroit Mercy with remaining students drawn from other American and Canadian law schools.

The Common Law/Civil Law Exchange Program

By 1978³²⁹ a new Common Law/Civil Law Exchange program was introduced. This was a 10-week exchange program sponsored by the Department of Justice to encourage understanding of both civil and common law. Instruction took place at Dalhousie and Laval for five weeks each. In 1992, Faculty Council approved the proposal that students who participated in the exchange program would be entitled to receive two course credits on a pass/fail basis.³³⁰

Student Exchange with Université de Québec à Montréal

In April of 1993, the Academic Planning Committee made a motion to Faculty Council asking for the approval of an exchange program.³³¹ On March 10, 1994, a delegation of the University of Windsor Faculty of Law, including, Professors Irish, Tawfik, Murphy, Gold and Dean Berryman visited the Département des sciences juridiques de l'Université du Québec à Montréal to lay the groundwork for an exchange program between the two law schools.³³² In 1998,³³³ an agreement was formed which permitted students from either institution to attend the other institution for one semester to obtain credit toward their degree. Students who had successfully completed the first year of law school were eligible to apply.

Johnson - CIT Seminar on Structured Finance/ Advanced Business Law Seminar

In January of 1998,³³⁴ donor James C. Johnson, class of '87 and the Newcourt Credit Group Inc.³³⁵ entered into an agreement in principle with the University of Windsor Faculty of Law to provide a program of instruction on structured finance. The purposes of the gift were articulated as follows:

1. To enhance the corporate/commercial education offered by the University's Faculty of Law by offering third year law students an opportunity to study and analyze sophisticated corporate commercial transactions;
2. To enhance the education of law students by providing them with a practical reference point for their academic studies and thereby helping them to excel during the practice of law;
3. To provide law students with lecturers who have considerable experience practicing in the area of law being taught by the program;
4. To raise the profile of the Faculty of Law at the University of Windsor.³³⁶

The teaching was led by members of large Toronto firms engaged in the practice of corporate securities law. Discussion centered on hypothetical case studies,

with a focus on securitization, structured finance, mergers and acquisitions, bankruptcy reorganization and I.P.O.s. The seminar was restricted to persons in the 3rd year of law studies and who had taken at least four related courses.

The course was equivalent to a 3 credit Special Topics in Legal Theory course. The first of these seminars was offered in the Winter term of 2000.³³⁷ In 2004/2006, the title was changed to *Advanced Business Law Seminar*, and it became a 4 credit course.

Educational Equity Program / Academic Success Program

In 1992, Professor Larry Wilson, with the support of several of his colleagues, recommended the creation of an academic support tutorial program which was intended to serve the needs of Aboriginal students entering their first year of law school. The next year, Dean Berryman created a proposal for widening an academic support program. He met with the Law Foundation Allocation Committee to advocate for funding for a part time academic support co-ordinator. Recruitment for the position began in July of 1993.³³⁸ Professor Donna Eansor took on responsibility for the program, and its first initiatives occurred in the academic year 1993/94.³³⁹

The program initially accommodated between 15-20 first year students who were identified by faculty as students in need of assistance. The program was directed to providing lecture and workshops on skills and on substantive areas of law. It also provided examination preparation assistance, and Professor Eansor also acted as Education Equity advisor.³⁴⁰

In 2000/2001 Professor Ruth Kuras took over administration of the program.

The Program is a voluntary program for first-year students aimed at helping them make the transition to law studies. Weekly sessions are provided on a variety of topics ranging from case analysis and briefing, to exam preparation and exam writing techniques. Also, tutorials, led by senior students, were scheduled in four of the first-year classes (Contracts, Criminal Law, Constitutional Law and Property Law). The purpose of these tutorials was to provide extra help to students who have questions arising out of the material covered in class. Tutors also met with students outside of class to address individual concerns.³⁴¹ The program continues to be offered to this day.

Human Rights Internet Internships

This internship program was first announced by Interim Dean Mazer as a pilot project in 2000.³⁴² He worked with Director of H.R.I., Mark Hecht, in creating and advertising the internship program.³⁴³

Social Justice Fellowship Program

In 2005, Professors David Tanovich and Aaron Dhir, together with Francine Herlehy, organized the Faculty of Law's new Social Justice Fellowship Program. The purpose of the program is to support students in obtaining invaluable exposure to social justice advocacy in a domestic or international context and to enhance the capacity of future social justice lawyers to work towards the protection of human rights and to pursue social justice goals. The Program is designed to enable students to experience enriching professional and intellectual opportunities and was made possible by the generous contributions of Windsor Law alumni. Each fellowship is worth \$5000. In 2005, students participated in the following internships: World Organization Against Torture, Geneva; Malaika Project, Tanzania; UN International Criminal Tribunal for the former Yugoslavia (Office of the Prosecutor), the Hague; UN Research Institute for Social Development, Geneva. Students were required to write a paper and participate in a panel on Social Justice.³⁴⁴ Today, there is a dedicated criminal law Social Justice Fellowship in the name of Justice Nosanchuk.

M.S.W./LL.B. Program

In 2007, a committee consisting of members of the Faculty of Law and the School of Social Work, began working on a proposal for the creation of a new joint M.S.W./LL.B. program at the University of Windsor.³⁴⁵

Research Centres ³⁴⁶

Canadian-American Research Centre for Law and Policy/ Centre for Transnational Law and Justice

The proximity of the United States border has, for many years, inspired cross-border co-operation in education and research between the University of Windsor and colleagues across the river. Likewise, legal issues emerging from the relationship between Canada and the United States, in particular, environmental concerns, comparative law, immigration, human rights and international trade between the two nations, have long been a concern of several members of the Faculty of Law at Windsor.

It is noteworthy that since before 1972³⁴⁷ the University of Windsor operated a Centre for Canadian-American Studies.³⁴⁸ The Centre was interdisciplinary in nature, and one of its functions was to hold the annual Can-Am Seminar.

At the Faculty of Law, the first International Business Transactions course was offered in 1972/73. This course provided an examination of the legal aspects of international trade and investment.

In 1983³⁴⁹ a new course was introduced: Canada/U.S. Issues. This course focused on a variety of issues in Canada/U.S. relations. The primary emphasis was on international trade and environmental concerns, but other topics were also covered. Some speakers from U.S. law schools were contemplated. Professor Brian Etherington and Professor Maureen Irish taught the course. Also, Visiting Professor Ted McDorman, of the University of Victoria, taught the course during his stay in 1992/1993.³⁵⁰

In 1984, the Academic Planning Committee prepared a discussion paper which recommended that the Faculty of Law adopt two educational themes: Access to Justice and Canada-United States Issues. Approval in principle was given to adopting these themes at the August 2, 1984 meeting of Faculty Council.³⁵¹ A sub-committee of the Academic Planning Committee was struck to discuss how these themes might be integrated into the curriculum.³⁵²

In January of 1989, Professor Chris Wydrzynski, Dolores Blonde and Professor Gunther Handl of Wayne State University, created a series of proposals for a new joint Canada/ U.S. Legal Studies Program between the two institutions. It was considered a timely endeavour, coinciding with the signing of the Canada/ U.S. Free Trade Agreement. The proposal included continuing the Windsor/Wayne Forum, introducing a joint LL.M. program, holding conferences, upgrading the libraries and it contemplated producing related publications. A committee of faculty council was struck to discuss the issue.^{353 354}

On November 5, 1990, Dean Berryman prepared a memorandum to President Ianni indicating that the Dean and Associate Dean's Offices at the Faculty of Law were prepared to assume responsibility for the administration and further development of the University's Centre for Canadian-American Studies.³⁵⁵ At that time, the Centre for Canadian-American Studies, which had been a part of the University of Windsor for nearly two decades, became formally affiliated with the Faculty of Law. As alluded to previously, prior to this affiliation, the centre had hosted annual conferences on matters of importance between the two nations. It was noted in the 1991 Law Calendar that while the annual conferences would continue, the Can-Am Centre (as it was then called) was under review at that time, and was in the process of refocusing its efforts to provide a research base for scholars and students who wished to pursue interdisciplinary research into the relationship between Canada and the United States. Initially, the centre sought to explore this relationship on three fronts: environment, trade and access to justice.

It was envisioned in the Dean's memorandum that the Centre would focus on research, course and program development, support of visits from Professors at other universities, pursuit of funding, publication and providing consultation services to government and business.³⁵⁶ Furthermore, an organizational structure and long and short term goals were proposed. This proposal was approved in principle by Faculty Council on November 9, 1990.³⁵⁷ The papers of the previous Can-Am Centre were sent to the Faculty of Law and remained in the custody of Dolores Blonde.³⁵⁸ Ultimately, however, University funding to maintain the Centre was not forthcoming, so the previous body was wound up.³⁵⁹ Funding from the Law Foundation of Ontario was used to support the new Centre's activities,³⁶⁰ and thus the Centre became wholly under the control of the Faculty of Law. Although the some of the activities and ideals originally

envisioned in Dean Berryman's report did not come to fruition,³⁶¹ C.A.R.C. evolved and has thrived through today. As articulated today, C.A.R.C.'s new mission is to foster scholarship within the Faculty of Law on legal and policy issues relating to Canada and the United States in a North American and global context, to disseminate research, and to promote discussion and debate on important related issues.

The name Canadian-American Research Centre (C.A.R.C.) was adopted at the time of the Centre's inception at the Faculty of Law.³⁶²

In 1993, a group of interested faculty members began to meet regularly to discuss transborder issues related to current research or projects such as speakers and seminars.³⁶³ See below for a list of past speakers, conferences, and leaders of C.A.R.C.

By 2000/2001, a new course was introduced: International Economic Law. The course has always been taught by Professor Maureen Irish.³⁶⁴

On September 5 and September 20, 2000, members of the Faculty of Law held two meetings to discuss the future of C.A.R.C. The purpose of the consultation was to discuss how C.A.R.C. could serve as a useful vehicle to encourage research in accordance with the Faculty's Canada-United States theme. As a result of the discussions, a three-year plan was adopted by C.A.R.C.³⁶⁵ In November of that year, the name Canadian-American Research Centre for Law and Policy was formally adopted at Faculty Council.³⁶⁶ The acronym C.A.R.C. continued to be used.³⁶⁷

In 2001, C.A.R.C. provided support for the Niagara International Moot Competition, for which Windsor was the host school. The competition was held on March 8th to the 10th of 2001. The Windsor organizing committee consisted of Professors Brian Mazer (co-chair), Maureen Irish (co-chair), Emily Carasco, Ruth Kuras and Rose Voyvodic, Research Director Dolores Blonde, and student assistants Nels Stanfield and Paola Calce. Approximately 25 Windsor lawyers, 10 Toronto lawyers and 20 Michigan lawyers served as judges. 39 Windsor law students volunteered their time. Funding for the competition was provided by Torys; Davies Ward & Beck; Osler Hoskin; Canada-United States Law Institute,

President and Vice President (Academic), University of Windsor; and the University of Windsor Faculty of Law (Ontario Law Foundation).³⁶⁸

Also in 2001, C.A.R.C. Co-ordinator, Dolores Blonde retired. On March 22, 2002, a retirement luncheon was hosted by C.A.R.C in her honour. An administrative assistant, Tanya Brogan, was hired later that year.³⁶⁹

The University of Windsor, Faculty of Law again hosted the Niagara Moots from March 17-19, 2005. Professor Maureen Irish acted as the Chair of the organizing group. Other members of the group included Professor Merry Harper, Ms. Tanya Brogan, and student assistant Ms. Amy Wilson, Ms. Dana Lezau and Ms. Shazin Karim. Lawyers from Michigan, Toronto, London and Windsor contributed their time and expertise to judge competition rounds. The final bench was composed of Mr. Peter D. Ehrenhaft (Washington, D.C.), Mr. Jon Johnson (Toronto) and Ms. Cyndee Todgham Cherniak (Toronto).³⁷⁰

It is noteworthy that throughout the years, members of the law faculty and C.A.R.C. committee members, have always been active in research, publishing, and presenting their papers at venues throughout the world. C.A.R.C. funding has been used in the past to support research on such works as Professor Sukanya Pillay's B.B.C. documentary film "Robbing Pedro to Pay Paul"; Professor Irish's book "The Auto Pact: Investment, Labour and the W.T.O.", (Kluwer Law International, 2004); and Professor Todd Weiler's book "NAFTA: International Law and Arbitration", (Transnational, 2004).

In 2006, in response to the Five Year Plan of the Faculty of Law³⁷¹, the Centre for Transnational Law and Justice was born. The first meeting of the planning committee was chaired by Professor Carasco and took place on April 10, 2006. Dean Elman, Associate Dean Gold, Professors Irish, Tawfik, Valiante, West, Kuras, Pillay, Denholm, Dhir, and Rotman were all in attendance at the first planning committee meeting.³⁷² The purpose of the new Centre, as articulated at this meeting and in the Five Year Plan, was to build upon past successes by integrating into a single centre, the work of C.A.R.C. and of the Centre for Law in Aid of Development, the history of which is provided below.

Leadership

1990. Professor George Stewart, Director.³⁷³
1994-1996. Professor Irish, Director.³⁷⁴
1998-1999.³⁷⁵ Professor Irish, Director.
2000/2001. Professor Irish, Director.³⁷⁶
Professor Kuras, Associate Director.
Dolores Blonde, Coordinator.³⁷⁷
2001-2002. Professor Tawfik, Executive Director.
Professor Kuras, Associate Director
Dolores Blonde, Coordinator.³⁷⁸
2002-2003 Professor Todd Weiler, Executive Director.
Professor Valiante, Chair of C.A.R.C. Committee.³⁷⁹
2003-2004 Professor Valiante, Executive Director.³⁸⁰
2004 -2005 Professor Irish, Executive Director.³⁸¹
2005-2006 Professor Carasco, Executive Director.³⁸²
2007-2008 Professor Paul Ocheje, Executive Director.³⁸³

Speakers and Panels³⁸⁴

- September 20, 1985. Honourable Donald S. MacDonald, then Chairman of the Royal Commission on the Economic Union and Development Prospects for Canada.³⁸⁵ "The Legal Framework of Canada/U.S. Trade". (A discussion of the Commission's recent recommendations in favour of negotiating a free trade agreement between Canada and the United States.)³⁸⁶ ³⁸⁷ Professors Maureen Irish and Emily Carasco organized the event.
- March 21, 1991. Shirley Coffield (international trade lawyer, Washington, D.C.)
- April 4, 1991. Bruce Campbell (Canadian Labour Congress)³⁸⁸
- March 6, 1995. Ann Weston (North-South Institute, Ottawa)

- "Trade and Workers' Rights: NAFTA, the European Union and Global Trade."
- November 13, 1995. Sarah Richardson and Paul Muldoon (Canadian Environmental Law Association)
"Trade and the Environment: NAFTA and the International Joint Commission."³⁸⁹
- November 12, 1996. Elisabeth Scarff (Ontario College of Nurses).
"Overview of Issues in International Trade in Professional Services."
- January 15, 1999.³⁹⁰ Roy Adams (McMaster); Lance Compa (Cornell)
"A Review of the Labour Side Agreement under NAFTA."
- March, 1999.³⁹¹ Roy Culpeper (North-South Institute, Ottawa)
"New Economic Architecture: Getting the Right Specs."
- October 7, 1999. Hon. Barbara McDougall
Co-sponsored with Asian Law Students Organization
"Sovereignty and Security ."
- April 5, 2000. Professor Robert Goldman,
Chair of the OAS Commission, Washington, and
Professor, American University School of Law.
"Human Rights Protection and the OAS".³⁹²
- June, 2001. "Canada-United States Interuniversity Seminar ."
Organized by Professor Marcia Valiante and
Professor Michael J. Donahue of the University of
Michigan. The seminar took place at the University of
Michigan. The topic of the day was "Toward
Environmental and Economic Sustainability in the
Great Lakes - St. Lawrence Basin."³⁹³ Professor

Valiante also acted as co-chair of the symposium and as a workshop facilitator.³⁹⁴

- October 31, 2001. Vishva Ramlall. The Department of Foreign Affairs and International Trade Information and Technology Trade Policy Division.³⁹⁵
- March 12, 2002. C.A.R.C. co-sponsored a Symposium entitled "A Practitioner's Roundtable: The Early Years of NAFTA Investment Arbitration - Good, Bad or Both?" The Symposium was moderated by Professor Irish.³⁹⁶
- November 4, 2002. Luis Miguel Diaz. "Mexico, Chapter 11 and the Calvo Doctrine." (U.S. - Mexico Conflict Resolution Center) Diaz was a Mexican lawyer and academic who had represented Mexico in the NAFTA negotiations.³⁹⁷
- January 29, 2004. Dr. Anna Lanoszka (Political Science, University of Windsor) and Professor Chi Carmody of the University of Western Ontario.³⁹⁸ "World Trade Organization After Cancún: Status Quo or Change?"³⁹⁹
- November 4, 2004. Kevin R. Gray. Environment Canada lawyer, and previous Fellow in International Law and Human Rights, British Institute of International and Comparative Law). "Accommodating the Environment in Trade Agreements."
- February 15, 2005. "International Refugee Law: The Safe 3rd Country Agreement Between the United States and Canada."⁴⁰⁰ Panel participants were: Dr. Emily Carasco, and Mr. David Koelsch, Freedom House, Detroit and Adjunct Professor, University of Detroit Mercy School of Law.
- January 26, 2006. Dr. Matthew Rimmer, Senior Lecturer at ACIPA, Faculty of Law, Australian National University.

"Google: Search or Destroy? The Google Digitization Project."

February 7, 2008.

Dr. James Green, University of Reading, United Kingdom. "The Objective Nature of Self-Defence in International Law."

March 6, 2008.

Mr. Fred Kingston, Senior Advisor, Economic and Commercial Affairs Delegation of the European Commission. "Economic Relations Between Canada and the European Union."

March 11, 2008.

Dr. Holly Cullen, The Evolution of Child Labour Standards in International Law: From Sanctions to Prosecution to Protection."

March 19, 2008.

Professor Angela Cornell, Cornell University. "International Labor Law and Cross-Border Issues of Economic Justice."

Conferences

February of 1993.

"International Trade and Intellectual Property: The Search for a Balanced System".^{401 402}

May 1-3, 1996.⁴⁰³

"Canada - United States International Money Laundering." Co-sponsored with the University of Detroit Mercy School of Law⁴⁰⁴

June 12 - 14, 2003.

"NAFTA at Ten: Harmonization and Legal Transformation."

Featuring:

Kathleen Mahoney, Chair, Board Of Directors International Centre For Human Rights And Democratic Development. Ian Kerr, University Of Ottawa. Todd Weiler, University Of Windsor. Sergio Rodríguez Castillo, Sánchez-Devanny Eseverri, Monterrey. Amelia

Boss, Temple University. Myra Tawfik, University Of Windsor. José Luis Caballero Leal, Jalife, Caballero, Campuzano & Vázquez, Mexico City. Julie Mertus, American University, Washington. Héctor Felipe Fix Fierro, Universidad Nacional Autónoma De México, Mexico City. David Gruning, Université De Montréal. Humberto Celis Aguilar, Burguete, Celis & Asociados, Mexico City. Greg Block, Lewis And Clark Law School, Portland. Marcia Valiante, University Of Windsor. Luis Francisco Torres González Martínez, Arrieta, Rodriguez, Vega Y Asociados and Universidad Autónoma De Nuevo Leon, Monterrey. Ruth Kuras, University Of Windsor. Luis Miguel Díaz, New Mexico State University. Reem Bahdi, University Of Windsor. Sukanya Pillay, University of Windsor. The conference was chaired by Professor Irish, and later by Professor Valiante. Professors Kuras and Tawfik, and secretary Tanya Brogan also assisted in organizing the conference.⁴⁰⁵

June 18, 2004.

"Air Quality and North American Borders." Featuring keynote speaker The Right Honourable Herb Gray,⁴⁰⁶ and panelists: Mark Winfield (Pembina Institute for Appropriate Development), Paul Miller (Commission for Environmental Cooperation), Tania Mijares (The Mexican Environmental Law Center -Centro Mexicano de Derecho Ambiental, A.C. - CEMDA), John McDonald (IJC, Great Lakes Regional Office), Carolyn Fischer (Resources for the Future), Craig Oren (Rutgers School of Law), Bob Currey (University of Texas at El Paso), Debora Van Nijnatten (Wilfrid Laurier University), Carlos Rincon (Environmental Defense Fund, Texas Regional Office), Kate M. Joyce (Plattsburgh State University of New York).⁴⁰⁷

June 3 - 4, 2005.

"Business Law at the Border."⁴⁰⁸

Featuring: Carol Hansell, Davies Ward Phillips & Vineberg LLP, Toronto. Jeff Berryman (Faculty of Law, University of Windsor). Kevin C. Kennedy (Michigan State University College of Law). Janet Walker (Osgoode Hall Law School). Maureen Irish (Faculty of Law, University of Windsor). Zack A. Clement (Fulbright & Jaworski LLP, Houston). Steven Golick (Osler Hoskin & Harcourt LLP, Toronto). Patrick T. McCarthy (Borden Ladner Gervais LLP, Calgary). James J. White (University of Michigan Law School). Tamara M. Buckwold (College of Law, University of Saskatchewan). David L. Denomme (CIT Financial Ltd.). Nancy Ursel (Odette School of Business, University of Windsor). Roberta S. Karmel (Brooklyn Law School). Ruth O. Kuras (Faculty of Law, University of Windsor). Julia Ya Qin (Wayne State University Law School). Tamar Frankel (Boston University School of Law). Poonam Puri (Osgoode Hall Law School). Tom Denholm (Faculty of Law, University of Windsor). Dean Bruce Elman (Faculty of Law, University of Windsor). Paul Ocheje (Faculty of Law, University of Windsor). Sukanya Pillay (Faculty of Law, University of Windsor). Aaron A. Dhir (Faculty of Law, University of Windsor). Emily Carasco (Faculty of Law, University of Windsor).⁴⁰⁹

March 2-3, 2006.⁴¹⁰

"Canada/United States Border: Legal Issues Post 9/11."

Featuring:

Barbara Jackman, Jackman & Associates. Chris MacIntyre, University of Windsor, Department of Political Science. Matthew Harrington, Faculty of Law, Université de Montréal. Tom Denholm, Faculty of Law, University of Windsor. Obiora Okafar, Faculty of Law, Osgoode Hall Law School. Emily Carasco, Faculty of Law, University of Windsor.

Delphine Nakache, Research Fellow of the Canada Research Chair on International Migration Law, Université de Montréal. David Koelsch, University of Detroit Mercy School of Law. Andrew Moore, University of Detroit Mercy School of Law.
 Dean Bruce Elman, Faculty of Law, University of Windsor. Barbara Harvey, University of Victoria (LL.B. Candidate). Julie Santarossa, University of Windsor (LL.B. Candidate). Margaret Pensler, University of Detroit-Mercy School of Law (J.D. Candidate).
 May 13 - 14, 2006. "Cultural Policies, Trade Liberalization, and Identity Politics: Testing the Limits of the State."
 International Interdisciplinary Conference. (C.A.R.C. provided financial assistance.)⁴¹¹

Other Events

March 8-9-10, 2001. Niagara International Moot Competition.
 Co-sponsored by C.A.R.C.

April 20, 2001 Launch of the JD/LLB program.
 Co-sponsored with Faculty of Law and University of Detroit Mercy School of Law. Both the C.A.R.C. Administrative Secretary and C.A.R.C. Co-ordinator Dolores Blonde planned and co-ordinated activities with Dean Elman, Professor George Stewart, and Professor Leon Lysaght (UDM) for a luncheon which was held at the Hilton Windsor on April 20, 2001 to launch the new program. The speakers for the occasion included both Presidents, Vice-Presidents Academic, Deans of Law from the two Universities, as well as both City Chief Administrators and two Judges of the federal courts. Eighty persons attended the event.⁴¹²

February 12, 2004. Book Launch - "The Auto Pact: Investment, Labour and the W.T.O."⁴¹³

Maureen Irish (ed.), Jon R. Johnson (Goodmans, LLP) Victoria Cross (Cross & Lessard), Cyndee Todgham Cherniak (Goodmans, LLP), Nicholas Keresztesi (Universal Workers Union, Local 183).

- October 27, 2004. Premiere Screening of "Robbing Pedro to Pay Paul?" A half-hour BBC documentary by Professor Sukanya Pillay about NAFTA, Globalization and the Mexican Farmer.
- March 17 - 19, 2005. Niagara International Moot Competition. Co-sponsored by C.A.R.C.
- November 15, 2006. "Conversations With ..." The Honourable A. Anne McLellan, P.C. Sponsored by C.A.R.C., C.L.A.D. and the Law Foundation of Ontario.

*Law and Development*⁴¹⁴

From its earliest days, the University of Windsor, Faculty of Law, has played a strong role in the development of scholarship, collaboration and curriculum in the area of law and development.

From the beginning, Dean Walter S. Tarnopolsky, who, from 1977-1983⁴¹⁵ worked for the United Nations Human Rights Committee, had an interest in international development.⁴¹⁶

In 1970, Professor Lakshman Marasinghe was hired as a faculty member. Professor Marasinghe had spent some time at several English universities in Africa. During his tenure at the University of Windsor, Professor Marasinghe was a scholar at the Max-Planck Institute for Foreign and Private International Law several times, and was the very first General Editor of the new journal entitled Third World Legal Studies. He remained a long-standing member of its Editorial Board. He was a member of the Board of Directors and Vice-President of the Third World Legal Studies Association.

Early on, Tarnopolsky encouraged Professor Marasinghe to contact Dr. Frank Snyder, a Professor at Osgoode Hall who had previously taught at French universities in Africa. Snyder and Marasinghe, with the assistance of Windsor Law Professor Doug Sanders, created the very first course in Law and Development at the University of Windsor. The first course was offered in 1972/73, and was taught jointly by Marasinghe and Snyder at both Osgoode and Windsor.⁴¹⁷

This course focussed on the reception of foreign laws by legal systems and the use of common law and civil law systems in former colonial territories. It explored the problems encountered in family law, wills, and criminal law as a result of foreign law reception. Legal Theory, in all its aspects figured prominently in this course. Windsor was a leader among Ontario law schools in developing this area of its curriculum.

For several years, there was an active Faculty discussion club on legal theory, which included discussions on legal trends and developments. Several papers by members of the club were also published. Also, in the spring of 1976, a new Law & Development Committee of Faculty Council was formed. Professors Marasinghe, Menezes and Conklin were the original members.⁴¹⁸

Professor Marasinghe also organized fourteen Annual Symposia on Law and Development. The symposia, which made special reference to emerging and developing nations, were held at the Faculty of Law since December 8, 1972⁴¹⁹. The themes have varied from "Famine and the Legal Order"⁴²⁰ to discussions of the problems of particular developing nations such as Ethiopia and Sri Lanka, to "Law and Alternate Strategies for Development". On November 13, 1979 the Director of the Southeast Asian Studies program from Singapore visited the law school to present a special lecture on Vietnam. The lecture was arranged by the International Development and Research Council and Professor Marasinghe.⁴²¹ In 1988 the focus was on "Funding Agencies for International Development". April 7-8, 1989, the Faculty of Law hosted a Symposium on Teaching Law and Development.⁴²² In 1990 the theme of the Symposium was "Disarmament, Demilitarization and Development."

Regular participants of these symposia were eminent scholars, lawyers, politicians, economists and anthropologists from the United States, Britain,

Europe, Canada and those from Third World countries. Some of the speakers over the years were: His Excellency Dr. H.W. Tambiah, High Commissioner for Sri Lanka in Canada, Dr. Francis Snyder, Osgoode Hall Law School; Professor J.C.N. Paul, Director of Research of the International Legal Centre, New York; Professor V.S. MacKinnon, Joseph Atkinson College of York University; Dr. Archie Singham (University of Michigan and of Howard University, Washington); UN Under-Secretary for Disarmament Jayantha Dhanapala, Ms. Asma Jilani Jahangir, founding member of the Human Rights Commission of Pakistan and several other African and Asian Scholars.

The symposia were well-known among scholars in this emerging field of study, and were very important for the production of papers, for the general exchange of ideas and as teaching vehicles. The themes of the annual conferences were tied to the law school's focus on Access to Justice.

"As Dean Ianni was once to say in his jocular manner, 'the faculty provided Wine, while External Affairs (Ottawa), the Center for Law in Aid of Development (New York) and the British High Commission (Ottawa) provided the air tickets and money.' Once a system was established, funding was quite smooth."

Professor Lakshman Marasinghe

The Faculty of Law at the University of Windsor played an important role in the development of international scholarship in this field. Professor Marasinghe was actively involved in two organizations in the late 1970s and early 1980s which served as important catalysts for this area of scholarly thought: the International Center for Law in Development, and the African Law Association in America.

A working paper was prepared by the International Center for Law in Development in 1980. Two international seminars were developed around this working paper:

"The first seminar, held in December, 1980, was cosponsored, under Yash Ghai's direction, by the Legal Research Institute of the School of Law of the University of Warwick. The second, held in March 1981, was co-sponsored, under my direction, by the Faculty of Law of the University of Windsor."⁴²³

In 1982, the African Law Association in America renamed itself and became the International Third World Legal Studies Association.⁴²⁴

"Its principal purpose will be to aid understanding of problems which are widely shared by people in the third world -- notably problems arising from conditions of underdevelopment and dependency, impoverishment, exclusion and sometimes oppression. It will seek to facilitate understanding of how law in its different forms -- state law, international norms and non-state laws-- may contribute to the making of these conditions or their redress."⁴²⁵

In 1982, the members of the newly re-formed International Third World Legal Studies Association decided to publish an annual publication. Its first volume featured the two papers presented at the 1980 and 1981 I.C.L.D. seminars, as well as the scholarly writings of the Association's members. As General Editor of that first volume (continuing until 1987), Professor Marasinghe wrote:

"We hope that each year Third World Legal Studies will contain symposia reflecting international collaboration, comparative perspectives and interdisciplinary approaches to our field of study. ...we hope this publication will respond to the needs of growing numbers of lawyers, particularly those in the third world, who are becoming more engaged -- not only as teachers and scholars, but as activists -- in "law in development" work which seeks social justice for people who are poor and oppressed. ..we hope that Third World Legal Studies can help to provide a kind of legal literature which is needed in both intellectual and operational settings."⁴²⁶

In 1989, Dean Neil Gold created an ad hoc committee which consisted of Professors Marasinghe, Wilson and Menezes to consider the creation of a formal Centre for Law in Aid of Development at the University of Windsor.⁴²⁷ The centre was established at the December 8, 1989 meeting of Faculty Council, at which the ad hoc committee's report was adopted.⁴²⁸

The mission of the Centre for Law in Aid of Development was articulated as follows:

- "1. To advise Faculty Council of the Faculty of Law on needs and resources relating to "Law in Aid of Development."
2. In co-operation with the University of Windsor Institute for International Development Studies, seek funding for research publication and teaching in Law & Development.
3. Negotiate proposals with educational entities in the Third World for co-operative programs to be presented to Council for approval.
4. Subject to non-interference with the Annual Symposium on Law & Development, which is understood to be part of the course in Law & Development, to negotiate proposals for joint workshops, conferences and symposia on Law & Development for presentation to Faculty Council for approval.
5. To initiate funding and student exchanges or visits between the University of Windsor and Third World Universities."⁴²⁹

The proposal indicated that the Centre would be directed by a Board of seven members, consisting of five faculty, one student, and a nominee from the University of Windsor Institute for International Development Studies. Faculty Council was directed to appoint an Executive Director, who would undertake the implementation of the Centre's programs. The Executive Director would serve for two years, along with an Assistant Director, who would take up the role of Executive Director once the previous term had expired.⁴³⁰

The first faculty members of the Board were nominated at Faculty Council on January 19, 1990. The first Board was comprised of Professors Irish, Marasinghe, Moon, Menezes and West. Professor Moon was appointed Executive Director at that time.⁴³¹

The first initiative of the Centre was to sponsor a conference at Cumberland Lodge, Windsor Great Park, England. The topic was "Law and Development for the 1990's". The conference took place in the spring of 1990.⁴³²

In November of 1990, Dolores Blonde was appointed Executive Director of C.L.A.D., and Brian Mazer was made a member of the Board, in anticipation of the impending leave of absence of Professor Moon.⁴³³

In 1992, C.L.A.D. expanded its membership to include Professors Etherington and Valiante, along with Dr. David Wurfel, Chris Gora and Andrew Pinto.⁴³⁴ The 12th C.L.A.D. Symposium took place from March 12 - 14th of that year,⁴³⁵

In 1995, C.L.A.D. held a Law and Development Awareness Week.⁴³⁶ C.L.A.D. also invited speaker Maria Dakolias of the World Bank to speak on October 30, 1995.⁴³⁷

In 1995/97 the law calendar mentions for the first time a new Law and Development Association student group.

One very distinguished alumnus was Father Michael Onwuemelie, C.S.Sp., a Roman Catholic priest from Nigeria. He took the course as part of his LL.B degree (Class of 1986) and then pursued an LL.M in England in Law and Development. He is now the Assistant General Councillor for the Holy Ghost fathers in the Vatican.⁴³⁸

On March 24, 2001, C.L.A.D. organized a presentation on the topic of "Sanctions Against Iraq, International Law and Canadian Foreign Policy: the Search for Viable Alternatives."⁴³⁹

Also in 2001, Professor Paul Ocheje joined the faculty. Soon after his arrival, Professor Ocheje, who is a Barrister and Solicitor of the Supreme Court of Nigeria, and an active scholar in the field, took on an important leadership role in further developing C.L.A.D..

On October 20 - 21, 2005, C.L.A.D. organized a Symposium on "Human Rights and Development." The keynote speaker was Professor Clarence Dias.⁴⁴⁰

In the spring of 2006, C.L.A.D. was incorporated into the new Centre for Transnational Law and Justice at the Faculty of Law.⁴⁴¹

Women and the Law/ Feminist Legal Theory

It is worth noting that Professor Margaret Hughes was a member of the very first law faculty complement at Windsor. Professor Ruth Deech was hired in 1968 and Professor Christine Davies was hired in 1972.

In 1973, the law faculty began to discuss the possibility of holding a conference on Women and the Law in the fall of 1973.⁴⁴² Later that year, a new Women and the Law Committee was formed and was Chaired by Professor Christine Davies.⁴⁴³

A small conference was organized and took place on October 20th, 1973. The conference was aimed at women in the community to inform them of how the law applied to them. Lunch and daycare facilities were provided free of charge.

A second national conference was aimed at female legal professionals. Women from different areas of the country, including judges, practitioners, teachers and students took part in the conference, which took place over the course of one weekend. Funding was requested from the Department of State and the Provincial Department of Labour. Part of the conference was to cover discrimination against women articling students and lawyers.⁴⁴⁴ The conference took place in March, 1974,⁴⁴⁵ and received \$15,000⁴⁴⁶ from the Federal Department of Justice. A reception and dinner were held at the Cleary Auditorium (now St. Clair Centre for the Arts), and Justice Minister Otto Lang was the guest speaker. A second banquet for the conference was sponsored by the Provincial Justice Department.⁴⁴⁷

The Women and the Law committee of Faculty Council appears to have become defunct after Professor Davies departed.

In 1977, however, a meeting of the student Women and the Law Society was reported by one of the student representatives to Faculty Council⁴⁴⁸. Late that year, the Members of the Women and the Law Society went to the President of the University and Faculty Council and obtained support for a letter to the Law Society of Upper Canada in which it was demanded that sexist materials be removed from the Bar Admission course materials.⁴⁴⁹

1978 and 1979, Women and the Law seems to have been revitalized. During the Presidency of Tamara Stomp in 1978, the student Women and the Law Group

was successful in advocating on behalf of the law school's adoption of a new policy statement on discriminatory practices.⁴⁵⁰ Laura Sabia, journalist and activist was that year's George M. Duck Lecturer, on the topic of "Women, the Law and Liberation." Furthermore, a new course in Women and the Law, was approved in January of 1979.⁴⁵¹

In 1983, the Community Law Program produced a booklet entitled "Women's Guide to Survival in the Workplace." A dramatization on this topic was also held in the moot court room on October 5, 1983, and a conference on Women in the Workplace was organized and took place on October 15, 1983 at W.D. Lowe Technical School.⁴⁵²

In 1985, Professor Kathleen Lahey played an essential role in founding the first issue of the Canadian Journal of Women and the Law.⁴⁵³ Professor Emily Carasco was also involved in this initiative.⁴⁵⁴

In 1988, Professors Conklin and Lahey organized a conference in Windsor on the topic of "Feminism, Critical Theory and the Canadian Legal System." The conference was held from June 5 to June 10, 1988 and was intended to correspond with the Canadian Women's Studies Association meeting in Windsor that same year.⁴⁵⁵ The conference featured Martha Minnow, Jennifer Nedelsky, Alan Hunt, Alan Hutchinson, Marie Ashe, Richard Devlin, Joel Bakan, and many other important scholars. The plenaries were co-sponsored by the Canadian Sociology and Anthropology Association.⁴⁵⁶

In 1988, upon the recommendation of Rose Voyvodic, the course previously entitled Women and the Law, was changed to Feminist Legal Theory.⁴⁵⁷

In 1993, Professor Eansor organized a new Feminist Legal Theory Lecture Series. The lecture series featured several prominent speakers including: Constance Backhouse, Mona Stonefish Jacobs, Claire Young, Patricia Hughes, Sheila McIntyre, Brenda Cossman and Judge Micheline Rawlins.⁴⁵⁸

To commemorate the work of Kathleen Lahey, the student Women and the Law group organized a lecture series in her honour. The first of these lectures took place on March 21, 2000. Professor Emily Carasco and Kathleen Lahey both spoke on the topic of sexual harassment.⁴⁵⁹

On November 21, 2002, Women and the Law hosted Kate Stephenson of LEAF, and Marion Overholt of L.A.W., to speak on the topic of the Kimberly Rogers Inquest.⁴⁶⁰

The Kathleen Lahey Speaker series took place on March 27, 2003 on the topic of: "Looking Back, Moving Forward: A Decade After the Touchstones for Change: Equality, Diversity and Accountability Report."⁴⁶¹

On February 4, 2004, Women and the Law sponsored Carol Aylward as a speaker,⁴⁶² and on January 15, 2004, they sponsored a presentation by the Honourable Justice Katherine McLeod.⁴⁶³

On March 7, 2005, the Speaker Series featured a panel of speakers which included Professor Constance Backhouse, Kay Blair, James Leising, Leslie Maunder. Professor Tanovich and Rose Voyvodic moderated the event. The topic was "Poverty, Race and Gender: A Shameful Historical Legacy: the KKK in Ontario."⁴⁶⁴

The Kathleen Lahey Lecture for 2006 took place on March 13.⁴⁶⁵

The Prepaid Legal Services Program of Canada

Advocacy on behalf of Prepaid Legal Insurance schemes (such as the one still in use today under some C.A.W. collective agreements) was first documented at Windsor Law in a 1974 brief prepared by Professor Neil Gold, Professor Ron Ianni, Mr. MacDowell and Mr. Bergman to the Ontario Task Force on Legal Aid.⁴⁶⁶

On December 2, 1977 the Faculty of Law invited a panel of experts to visit the law school to make a presentation on the subject of prepaid legal services.⁴⁶⁷

The Prepaid Legal Services Program of Canada was formally established in November, 1978 at the University of Windsor Faculty of Law. Professor Chris Wydrzynski and Professor Larry Wilson instituted the Program and found funding for it at that time.⁴⁶⁸ The Program functioned as the Canadian center for information and research on the topic of prepaid legal services. The Program was governed by a Board of Directors whose members were from across

Canada.⁴⁶⁹ The Board represented the different groups who had an interest in prepaid legal services, including lawyers, organized labour, insurance companies and consumers of legal services. Diana Majury, Executive Director, and Ann Marie Hranka, Executive Secretary, originally administered the program.

Prepaid legal services are, in essence, a financing mechanism for the delivery of legal services to the individual consumer. Under a prepaid legal service plan, a person can pay in advance for legal services which may be needed or used in the future. The prepayment can take a variety of forms, ranging from an employer contribution as a negotiated fringe benefit under a collective agreement to direct payment by the individual through subscription or premiums.

Surveys conducted in the 1970s in Canada and the United States indicated that middle income earners had not been adequately serviced by traditional legal service delivery systems. They did not qualify for legal aid and yet could not afford legal services on a fee for service basis. Prepaid legal services were developed to respond to the needs of this unserved middle income group. Prepaid legal services are an alternate method of legal service delivery which, it was hoped, would increase and broaden public access to justice through the legal system. The Prepaid Legal Services Program of Canada was established to help attain this goal of increased access to justice.

The Program collected and analyzed all available materials relevant to prepaid legal services and distributed it to interested individuals and organizations across Canada. In addition, the Program conducted research into aspects of prepaid legal services of particular importance in the Canadian context.⁴⁷⁰

In order to share the information accumulated and the results the research, the Program published a newsletter. The newsletter served as a source of information on developments, innovations and problems relating to prepaid legal services and provided a vehicle for dialogue on issues of concern.

The other ongoing project of the Program was the sponsorship of an annual National Conference on Prepaid Legal Services. The first of these conferences was held on October 19 and 20, 1979⁴⁷¹, at the Faculty of Law at the University of Windsor. The ninety delegates who attended the conference included representatives from potential consumers of prepaid legal services, union and

employee associations, employee benefit consultants, government, the insurance industry and the legal profession. A document, entitled "Proceedings of the National Conference on Prepaid Legal Services" was published in 1980, to document this Conference.

The Prepaid Legal Services Program of Canada played an essential role in the development of prepaid legal services in this country.

The University of Windsor was certainly helpful in getting us off the ground in Windsor, and Professor Whiteside even helped us find our first office on Chatham Street. I read the conference proceedings several times just to get ideas. Although the 1984 Collective Agreement provided for a prepaid legal services plan, we still needed ideas for how the program would actually be run. This idea was new to us. Also, Ron Ianni was Chair of our first Board of Trustees and his help was invaluable. There were many Law Society issues that we had to face, which he helped us navigate. He was great; very bright and a good decision maker. Between Ianni, Chris Wydrzynski, Dolores Blonde and Kai Hildebrandt, the University was there through it all. Windsor was definitely the only Canadian law school doing this kind of research at that time.

*-Stephen Ginsberg
Executive Director,
CAW Legal Services Plan⁴⁷²*

The Legal Profession Research Program

The Faculty of Law decided to carry on and expand the work of the Prepaid Legal Services Program through the Legal Profession Research Program. Faculty members involved with the program undertook research in a number of areas. Professor Chris Wydrzynski was Director of the Program from 1989 to 2000.⁴⁷³

One of the projects taken on by the Program was a review of the first five years of the operation of the C.A.W. Prepaid Legal Services Plan.⁴⁷⁴ "The researchers determined that ordinary members of the C.A.W. were highly satisfied with legal services as a collective agreement benefit and the plan continues today. The CAW Legal Services Plan was the first of its kind in Canada, and similar plans have been initiated by other smaller unions across Canada."⁴⁷⁵

In May 1986⁴⁷⁶ the new Program was planning and developing a project to study the delivery of legal services. There had never been a study in Canada to ascertain the needs of the Canadian legal consumer, nor had there been any

careful thought given to considering appropriate models for the delivery of legal services to meet this need. It was hoped that wide ranging multi-disciplinary research involving many areas of the campus and the practicing profession would lead to new models for ensuring that the legal needs of the Canadian community were met.

A wide ranging research agenda was formulated consistent with Windsor Law's theme of Access to Justice, and included: law school admissions policies, prepaid legal services, legal education and training, the impact of contemporary forces on the practice of law; consumer legal needs; paralegals⁴⁷⁷; lawyering skills and qualities; professional obligations, self-regulation and ethical duties and future models of practice.

Commonwealth Institute for Legal Education and Training

The Institute was co-founded by the Faculty of Law and the Commonwealth Legal Education Association in 1986.⁴⁷⁸ The President of the Commonwealth Legal Education Association at that time was Visiting Professor William L. Twining. The goal of the Institute was to carry out research in the area of lawyers' skills. At the time, this area of research was not well-developed. Through a network of programs and projects based in Windsor and throughout the Commonwealth, the Institute engaged in research necessary to give legal educators at home and abroad practical solutions to the training and preparation of lawyers.⁴⁷⁹

In June of 2003, the annual meeting of the Commonwealth Institute was held at the University of Windsor. The topic was "Redress of Historical Wrongs." The meeting was chaired by Professor Jeff Berryman with the assistance of C.L.A.D. and the Windsor Yearbook of Access to Justice.⁴⁸⁰

The Paul Martin Law Library

The Paul Martin Law Library

"An essential element for a modern law school is an adequate library. Although the Law Library of the University of Windsor is only about two years old, it now has a collection of over 35,000 volumes. At the present rate of accession, if promised government grants continue without reduction, the library should have over 50,000 volumes by the time the full three-year programme is in operation. Because of the proximity of the University of Windsor to several American schools with excellent collections, the library has been emphasizing Canadian, English and Commonwealth materials, and acquiring only basic United States sources. ...Although the present rate of accession would place the book collection of the Windsor Law Library at par with other Canadian law schools of equal size, it must not be forgotten that the American Association of Law Schools' minimum standard for accreditation is 60,000 volumes. ...The legal profession - students, academic, practising - will have to convince governments and voters that adequate libraries are as vital to the study of law as laboratory and technical equipment are to study in the natural and physical sciences. Until last decade, apart from some brilliant exceptions of world reputation, legal research and writing in Canada has not been able to match in quantity or quality even what has been produced in a much smaller and poorer country like Australia. More library facilities alone will not overcome this lag, but without them even the most brilliant and assiduous scholars will be severely handicapped and sorely discouraged."⁴⁸¹

The founding Law Librarian at the University of Windsor was Professor Roger F. Jacobs. Professor Jacobs left at the end of the Winter Term 1973⁴⁸² to pursue his next endeavour as the founding Law Librarian at the University of Southern Illinois from 1973 to 1977. In 1978 he became the librarian of the United States Supreme Court.⁴⁸³

The second law librarian was Professor Gail Starr, who worked in that capacity from 1973 - 1975. He later went on to become the founding Law Librarian at the University of Calgary. Interestingly, Dean McLaren had also went on to the University of Calgary to become the founding Dean of their new lawschool.

The current Law Librarian, Professor Paul Murphy, who was attending the University of Windsor for his undergraduate education, was first hired as a student helper in the law library in January 1968.⁴⁸⁴ He later went on to become a member of the first graduating class of Windsor Law, and has been Professor and Law Librarian since 1975.

The first bequest to the Law Library was made in 1967 by the late Sydney Parker Waymouth, a retired Ford-Motor Co. employee.⁴⁸⁵

The name for the library was chosen Paul Martin Law Library on February 6, 1970 by a motion at Faculty Council.⁴⁸⁶ At the dedication ceremony, the Honourable Paul Martin gave a speech in which he noted the essential role of the law library:

"I look to this library to help in maintaining the standards of our profession so that we may continue to train not only legal minds, but also to generate concern for the future of mankind in the minds of lawyers. Today you do me great personal honor. But it is much more important that you are advancing the cause of law, of scholarship and therefore of international understanding, for these are the qualities of civilized life which must endure if the human race is to endure. And there can be no symbol more representative of these qualities than a Library of Law."⁴⁸⁷

In 1970, when it was less than three years old, the law library of the Faculty of Law had already obtained 42,000 volumes. At that time, the collection contained the statutes and case reports of Canada, England and the Commonwealth, as well as the primary United States materials. As of 2006/2007, the collection has grown to almost 350,000 volumes and volume equivalents.⁴⁸⁸

The library has moved quickly to embrace new technologies. The law school's first computer terminal was installed in the law library in September of 1971.⁴⁸⁹ In 1972, the library and the law school installed their first Xerox machines.⁴⁹⁰ In 1979, with funding from the Canadian Law Information Council, a new computer service centre was installed in the law library.⁴⁹¹ The terminal allowed access to Quicklaw, provided service to the local bar, and was used for demonstrations.⁴⁹² In 1981/82, the Law Library began its subscription to Canada's first legal research

database, QL. Providing access to, and training for online legal databases is now an important part of the service provided by the Law Library. In 1983, Professor Murphy made an application to IBM for support for personal computers in the library for use in computer assisted instruction.⁴⁹³ The first training session for faculty on the new QL system was offered on February 16, 1983.⁴⁹⁴

The law library has always had high-calibre professional librarians. Over the years, most have had both law degrees and library science Masters degrees. The Law Librarian directors have always been full faculty members who were also engaged in teaching and research.

From 1969 to the early 1980s, the Professors Gail Starr and Craig Paterson worked to create a special collection of materials on Civil Liberties in Canada. This collection included nearly 12 filing cabinets filled with factums from Canadian cases on civil liberties issues, as well as books, pamphlets and government documents. They also created a filing system for the collection that included detailed subject headings. After Professor Starr's departure, Professor Murphy continued to expand the collection by actively reviewing the Ontario Reports and sending letters to lawyers requesting their facta.⁴⁹⁵ However, with space being at a premium, the factum collection was eventually donated to the University of Ottawa's Human Rights Research and Education Centre located at the law school, in about 1987.

Since 1975, the Law Library has benefited greatly from an annual grant from the Law Foundation of Ontario.⁴⁹⁶

In the late 1970s, the Law Library also collected some historical and rare materials. In 1977, the law library received a generous donation from Messrs. Wilson, Barnes, Walker, Montello, Beach and Perfect as a memorial to the late Robert H. Wilson, Q.C.⁴⁹⁷

Over the years, Professor Paul Murphy also ensured that some of the history of the Faculty of Law was preserved, by maintaining an archive of some Faculty materials including the Law School Calendars, the student Yearbooks, the Nulli Secundus, Minutes of Faculty Council and more.

In January 1990, the law library introduced its state-of-the-art computer lab A, which was paid for, in part, by a grant from the Law Foundation of Ontario.⁴⁹⁸ Later, the larger Lab B was built, paid for by the generous donation of the graduating class of 1995, law alumni and the Law Foundation of Ontario.⁴⁹⁹

In the early 1990s, the Law Library Endowment Fund was established. The interest from this fund supports the serials and book purchases of the Law Library.

Law Library Endowment Fund Donors to 2008

The Estate of the late Professor Robert W. Kerr
Max N. Mousseau Q.C. by his wife and family
The Estate of the Honourable Paul Martin Q.C.
Mr. Gerald L. Rooke Q.C. of the firm MacMillan, Rooke, Avery and Boeckle
The Law Foundation of Ontario
Windsor Italian Professional and Businessmen's Association
Earl A. Cherniak
Winfield Edward Corcoran
Lorraine and Paul Murphy
Judge Douglas W. Phillips
Raymond and Yvonne Brown
In Memory of Rose A. Brown and P. Robert Brown
Sushil Jain
Christine M. Jain
James K. Ball
Justice Saul Nosanchuk
In Memory of Paul R. McIntyre

In 1992, a dinner was held, sponsored by the Windsor Italian Professional and Businessmen's Association in conjunction with the Windsor Italian Canadian Law Society and the Faculty of Law, in honour of Justice Frank Iacobucci. Proceeds from the dinner benefited the Law Library Endowment Fund.⁵⁰⁰

The Journals

Canadian Community Law Journal

Members of the Community Law Program, as a result of activities and exchanges with other similar programs, recognized the need for a periodical devoted to public legal education in Canada. The idea for a journal was conceived in the fall of 1976⁵⁰¹. With financial assistance from the Federal Department of Justice⁵⁰², the Canadian Law Information Council, the Ontario Law Foundation, and later the Law Foundation of Alberta, the semi-annual Canadian Community Law Journal was born. Its first volume was published in October 1977⁵⁰³. Gratitude was expressed by the Dean to Professors Simmonds and MacDonald for their work in producing the first issue.⁵⁰⁴

The Journal was unique in that it was not aimed at an audience of lawyers. Its purpose was first, to make known to the general public across Canada what materials and services were available in the area of public legal education; and second, to provide a forum for an ongoing exchange of ideas about public legal education in Canada. It contained a Directory of Legal Resources, as well as articles about community legal education.

Early on, the Board of Editors for the Journal consisted of students in the faculty assisted by four faculty advisors, one of whom was the Director of the Community Law Program. By 1978/79 there were three faculty advisors and an advisory board, which was made up of individuals from across Canada who were closely involved in public legal education. The Journal staff consisted of mainly students, who filled the positions of editor-in-chief, sub-editors and general staff. Student assistants were involved with managing funds, fundraising, selling advertising, soliciting and editing articles, corresponding with groups across the country, doing public relations work and helping with translations.

The estimated circulation of the Journal in 1977/78 was approximately 2,500.

In 1980, with volume 5,⁵⁰⁵ the Canadian Community Law Journal editors decided to stop publishing the Community Law Directory, noting that the Canadian Law Information Council was publishing such a list. At that time, it began to solicit articles, book reviews and case comments from faculty and students.⁵⁰⁶ Later,

the discussion continued among the students for a change in constitution of the journal.⁵⁰⁷

In the spring of 1986, Director John Pistor noted that permanent funding for the law journal had not been secured.⁵⁰⁸ Volume 6 was published in 1983, approximately two years behind schedule, volume 7 was published in 1984 and volume 8 in 1985. The theme for volume 9 was to be "Section 15 of the Charter", however it was reported that there were no funds available to publish it.⁵⁰⁹

In 1986, Mr. Pistor reported that a new committee, chaired by Professor Larry Wilson, and including Dolores Blonde had been struck, to consider the future of the Community Law Program.⁵¹⁰ That program recommended that the Faculty of Law should provide a special grant for publishing volume 9 of the Canadian Community Law Journal; and that thereafter the journal should cease publication.⁵¹¹

Funding was arranged through the Federal Department of Justice, allowing the last volume of the Canadian Community Law Journal to be published in 1986.⁵¹²

Windsor Review of Legal and Social Issues

It was in 1986 that a significant change in thinking occurred which would forever change the publication of the Canadian Community Law Journal. Mary Pat Reilly, Editor-in-Chief of the inaugural volume of Windsor Review of Legal and Social Issues wrote an introduction to the first volume of the new Review which explained the transition:

"In September 1986, a group of law students at the University of Windsor, who were then the Editorial Board of the Canadian Community Law Journal, proposed that the name of the Journal be changed to the Windsor Law Review. After several proposals, Faculty Council agreed in principal to the existence of a student law journal at the Faculty of Law. Faculty Council, however, rejected the name. It was suggested that the name did not adequately reflect the aims of the student law journal. In addition, it was strongly suggested that Canada's legal community did not require another traditional law review.

From the outset, the Editorial Board of the Review wished to create a law journal with a new orientation that reflected the themes of the Windsor law faculty. In September, 1987⁵¹³, Faculty Council approved⁵¹⁴ the name *Windsor Review of Legal and Social Issues* as the name for the new student publication. Since September 1987, the Editorial Board has been hard at work producing Volume One of the *Review*.

The *Windsor Review of Legal and Social Issues* is founded upon the following principles:

1. There is a need to examine legal issues that affect Canadians;
2. Law is not an end in itself but rather a vehicle for social change;
3. The study of law requires a multi-disciplinary perspective;
4. Legal scholarship should promote an analytical, practical and empirical approach to the study of law;
5. Access to the scholarship of both English and French-speaking authors must be provided;
6. Editorial responsibilities should encourage law students to exercise independent judgment, and;
7. A refereed publication is a respected forum for authors' works and promotes high standards of scholarship."⁵¹⁵

The first volume of this journal was published in 1989, supported by a student tuition levy as well as financial assistance from the Student Law Society and the Students' Administrative Council of the University of Windsor. The inaugural volume included remarks from an address delivered to the 1988 graduating class by the Right Honourable Brian Dickson, P.C., then Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Canada.

The review was a bilingual refereed publication which was published once per year. The editorial staff has always been composed of second and third-year students. In addition, students from all years of law study served as assistants. There have always been Faculty advisors to this publication.

The Windsor Yearbook of Access to Justice

The idea of starting a law journal at Windsor Law was originally introduced by Dean McLaren at the September 12, 1973 Faculty Council Meeting. At that time,

he suggested sending invitations to persons with experience working with law reviews at other universities, to participate in a workshop on the subject before a final decision was to be made.⁵¹⁶ The Legal Publications Committee of Faculty Council, chaired by Professor Starkman, began working on this idea in the fall of 1973. They asked President Leddy for an annual sum of \$20,000 for publishing the journal.⁵¹⁷

Professor Starkman presented the report of the Committee at the December 7, 1973 Faculty Council Meeting. The formal decision to publish a journal was made at that meeting, and the original title of the journal was to be "Windsor Journal of Law and Human Rights."⁵¹⁸ Applications for funding were made in the fall of 1974, by Chair of the Committee Professor Veitch.⁵¹⁹ However, in the spring of 1975, Faculty Council passed a motion to drop its immediate plans to start a Law Review. The main reasons were a lack of funding, and a lack of interest in the idea of a new Civil Liberties journal.⁵²⁰

In the spring of 1979, the idea was revisited, and a new faculty committee was formed to report on its feasibility.⁵²¹ The Faculty held a retreat at Point Pelee Motor Inn on October 19 and 20, 1979⁵²² to discuss the issue. The retreat was chaired by Julio Menezes and Ralph Simmonds. Professors Julio Menezes, Bill Conklin and Leon Lysaght all prepared submissions. There was much debate about the how the journal should be framed. Some faculty, in particular Christine Boyle and Kathleen Lahey, favoured starting a journal on Women and the Law, which was a ground-breaking idea at that time.

In November, 1979, the Access to Justice Committee prepared a report concerning the feasibility of a Journal on Access to Justice.⁵²³ On January 30, 1980, a motion was passed at Faculty Council to accept the second report of the Access to Justice Committee, to establish a Journal on Access to Justice on January 1, 1981, and to disband the Access to Justice Committee and replace it with an Editorial Structure Committee for the new Journal. The nine members of the first Editorial Committee were: Professors Simmonds, Mercer, Menezes, Conklin, Brown, Mazer, Wydrzynski, Dean Ianni and Acting Law Librarian Frank Winter.⁵²⁴ The Committee devised a report in which the name "Canadian Yearbook on Access to Justice" was suggested, and in which a structure for the Editorial Board was proposed.⁵²⁵ Professor Simmonds was the first Editor-in-Chief, followed by Professor Conklin.⁵²⁶

By February of 1981, the Editorial Committee recommended "Windsor Yearbook of Access to Justice" as the name for the new journal. Professor Mazer was active in finding funding for the journal, and had prepared a grant application to SSHRC and was successful in obtaining funding from the Department of Justice. Professor James and Professor Mercer devised the editorial policy, and Professor Mercer was also involved with promotional work at that time.⁵²⁷

On the issue of Access to Justice, some argued in favour of a journal that focussed primarily on theoretical matters, while others advocated on behalf of a journal with a practical focus.⁵²⁸

In the end, the W.Y.A.J. was designed to further scholarly debate and communication. It is both international and interdisciplinary in scope. It publishes manuscripts which concentrated on either issues of access to justice or justice itself. It is unique in that it is an interdisciplinary journal drawing on scholars from such disciplines as sociology, psychology, criminology, anthropology and philosophy as well as from law. It is also unique in that it extends the scope of inquiry beyond mere analysis of law to include philosophical discussion of normative points.

The first volume of the Windsor Yearbook of Access to Justice was published in the spring of 1981. The editors of the first volume succeeded in attracting contributions from scholars from Canada, the United States and Great Britain. Since its inception, the W.Y.A.J. has been produced by a Faculty Board of Editors.

The W.Y.A.J. also published papers presented at the annual Access to Justice Lecture Series. A listing of all Access to Justice Lecturers is provided in the pages that follow.

In 2005, under the Editorial leadership of Professor Conklin, W.Y.A.J. changed its format from one annual hard bound volume, to two soft bound volumes.⁵²⁹

The Editors of the W.Y.A.J. were:

1981/82	Professor Conklin
1982/83	"
1983/84	Professor Menezes

1984/85	"
1985/86	Professor Charles James
1986/86	Professor Bill Bogart
1987/88	Professor Chris Wydrzynski
1988/89	"
1989/90	Professor Jeff Berryman
1990/91	"
1991/92	Professor Etherington
1992/93	Professor Irish
1993/94	Professor Bogart
1994/95	Professor Valiante
1995/96	"
1997/98	Professor Moon
1998/99	"
1999/00	"
2000/01	Professor Berryman
2001	Professor Rotman
2002/03	"
2005	Professor Conklin
2006	"
2007	"

Other Publications

Crescendum - A new alumni newsletter, first released in September of 1973, and appears to have been published throughout the 1970s. It appears to have been resurrected in 1986.⁵³⁰

For the Record - A newsletter of the Dean and Associated Dean of the University of Windsor. The first issue of this newsletter was released on September 12, 1990.⁵³¹

Windsor Law - An Alumni magazine initiated by Dean Berryman in 1991.⁵³²

Headnotes - A weekly publication of the University of Windsor Students' Law Society.⁵³³

The Oyez - University of Windsor Student's Law Society.

Windsor Law Research Report.⁵³⁴

In Obiter.⁵³⁵

*Nulli Secundus.*⁵³⁶

*Windsor Law Here and Now.*⁵³⁷

Special Lectures and Events

Established in 1970 -The George M. Duck Lecture Series: "Law in a Changing Society"

-A trust fund was established by an anonymous donation⁵³⁸ in memory of George M. Duck in order to institute an annual series of public lectures on the theme "Law in a Changing Society". Annually, an eminent scholar was invited to present the Lecture. It was intended that the lectures would be published following their presentation. The inaugural address was given on March 4,⁵³⁹ 1970 by John M. Turner, then Minister of Justice, and it was entitled: "Law for the Seventies: a Manifesto for Law Reform." Other visits included:

April 5, 1972 - Mr. Justice Patrick Hartt then of the Supreme Court of Ontario and Chairman of the Law Reform Commission of Canada. "Criminal Law, the Courts and the Future".⁵⁴⁰

September 24-26, 1973 - Lee Sheridan, Dean of Cardiff University, Wales. "The Reform of Property Law".⁵⁴¹

January 30⁵⁴², 1974 - Supreme Court Justice Emmett Hall. "The Role of the Judge in the Supreme Court of Canada"⁵⁴³.

March 24, 1975 - Justice Morrow of the Supreme Court of the North West Territories. "Administration of Criminal Justice in the North."⁵⁴⁴

March 8, 1976 - Mr. Arthur Maloney, Ontario Ombudsman.⁵⁴⁵

March 22, 1977 - Honourable Robert Cliche, Associate Chief Justice of the Provincial Court of Quebec. "Lawyers and Social Change".⁵⁴⁶

November 14, 1978 - Laura Sabia, journalist and activist, National Chair of the Committee for the Equality of Women, advocate for the creation of the Royal Commission on the Status of Women 1967, founding member and the first President of the National Action Committee on the Status of Women. "Women, the Law and Liberation."⁵⁴⁷

April 3, 1979 - Professor Edgar Friedenberg of Dalhousie University. "Liberty under the Canadian Constitution."⁵⁴⁸

April 9, 1980 - Judge Justin Ravitz, of the Records Court of Detroit. "The Right to Survive and Other Human Rights."⁵⁴⁹

April 2, 1981 - Professor Bowett, Cambridge University. "Technology, the Needs of Society and the Response of International Law."⁵⁵⁰

March 2, 1982 - The Honourable Jean Chrétien. "Constitutional Reform."⁵⁵¹

March 30, 1983 - John Fraser,⁵⁵² Member of Parliament.

February 20, 1984 - Dr. Christopher G. Weeramantry, Dean Designate at Monash University (Australia). "The Impact of New Technologies on Civil Liberties."⁵⁵³

April 3, 1985 - Professor Doug Sanders,⁵⁵⁴ University of British Columbia.

November 13, 1985 - Ms. Shirley Carr,⁵⁵⁵ President, Canadian Labour Congress and activist.

October 22, 1986 - Professor Mary O'Brien.⁵⁵⁶

November 24, 1987 - The Honourable Madam Justice Rosalie Silberman Abella.⁵⁵⁷

October 11, 1989 - Claire Culhane, Prisoner's Rights Group, Vancouver. "Decriminalization of the Prison System: A Citizen's View."⁵⁵⁸

October 9⁵⁵⁹, 1990 - June Calwood. "Altruism."⁵⁶⁰

January 23, 1991. Mr. Gerald Allbright, Q.C.. "The Art of the Advocate: *R. v. Thatcher*."⁵⁶¹

March 4, 1992. Ed Broadbent. "Human Rights and the North American Free Trade Agreement."⁵⁶²

March 9, 1993. Roberta Jamieson, Ombudsman for Ontario. "Law in a Changing Society."⁵⁶³

February 24, 1994. Phil Fontaine, Grand Chief of the Assembly of Manitoba Chiefs was scheduled to present,⁵⁶⁴ however he later sent regrets.⁵⁶⁵ The lecture did not take place that year.

February 8, 1995. Linda McQuaig. "Deficit Mania and the Attack on Equality in Canada."⁵⁶⁶

January 17, 1996. Maude Barlow, Council of Canadians.⁵⁶⁷ "The Rise and Fall of the Just Society: The Future of Social Welfare in Post-Democratic Canada."⁵⁶⁸

January 29, 1997. Jeffrey Simpson. "Government in an Age of Restraint."⁵⁶⁹

There was no Duck Lecture in the 1997/1998 academic year.⁵⁷⁰

There was no Duck Lecture in the 1998/1999 academic year⁵⁷¹.

October 4, 2000. Lesra Martin.⁵⁷²

February 10, 2004. Janice Gross Stein.⁵⁷³

Established in 1972 - Windsor / Wayne Law Forum

In the fall of 1972, a new Wayne State Liaison Committee was formed. The committee included Professor Paterson and Professor Ianni. The two had entered into discussions with Professors Tierney and Kelman of Wayne State Law School to see whether the foundations of active cooperation between the schools could be laid. They were hoping to devise a system of guest lecturers, shared programs and the development of complimentary resources. As an attempt to bring the members of each faculty together, the Wayne State Faculty were invited to attend a smoker on November 3rd, 1972 in Windsor to start the cooperative process.⁵⁷⁴ On July 18, 1973, Dean McLaren announced the following:

"As a result of the labours of the Wayne State Liaison Committee, an annual Windsor-Wayne Law Forum is to be established. This will comprise of two lectures on a common theme each year, one delivered by a member of the Windsor Law School at Wayne, and the other by a member of the Wayne Faculty in Windsor. The sessions will be held in October and March of each year."⁵⁷⁵

The first lecture in the Windsor/Wayne Law Forum was given by Professor Steven Shulman (Wayne) on November 15⁵⁷⁶, 1973 at Windsor and the corresponding lecture was given by Professor Bernard Davies on March 7, 1974 at Wayne State. The topic of the year was "Canadian American Attitudes on Insider Trading."⁵⁷⁷

The second lectures were given by Professor Ed Wise (Wayne), and Professor Levy on the common theme of "stare decisis" in the 1974/75 year.⁵⁷⁸

The Windsor/Wayne Forum for 1975/76 took place on January 27 and March 16th of 1976, and was given jointly by Professor Shank (Wayne), and Professor Courey.⁵⁷⁹

The Forum for 1976/77 saw Professor Bushnell speak on January 27 and Professor Fridman (Wayne) speak on March 22, 1977⁵⁸⁰ and the topic was obscenity.⁵⁸¹

For 1977/78, Professor Sam Schuman (Wayne) and Dr. John Carlisle spoke at Windsor on February 13 and Wayne on March 27, 1978⁵⁸² on the topic of "Issues in the Delivery of Health Care in Canada and the U.S."⁵⁸³

On March 21, 1978, the Windsor/Wayne Liaison Committee of Faculty Council was abolished, and its duties were transferred to the Special Events Committee.⁵⁸⁴

The 1979 Windsor/Wayne Forum was presented by Associate Dean George Stewart and Professor Arthur Lombard (Wayne). The title of the presentation was: "Towards More Expeditious Civil Justice - Canadian and American Trends."⁵⁸⁵

The 1980 Forum was presented by Professors Boyle and Lombard (Wayne). The topic was "Violence in the Family".⁵⁸⁶

For 1981, the Forum was presented by Professor Conklin (March 25, 1981) and Professor Grano (Wayne) on the topic of "The Role of the Judiciary in a Democratic Society."⁵⁸⁷

In 1982, the Forum was presented on February 24, 1982, by Professor Brown and on March 24, 1982 by Professor Loeffler (Wayne).⁵⁸⁸

On February 2, 1983, Professor Fairley (Windsor) spoke at Wayne State.⁵⁸⁹

On February 22, 1984, Professor Carasco spoke at Wayne State. On March 14, 1984, Professor G. Handel (Wayne) spoke at Windsor.⁵⁹⁰ The topic was the United States' exercise of extra-territorial jurisdiction.⁵⁹¹

Professor E. Wise (Wayne) spoke at Windsor on February 20, 1985, and Professor Lahey spoke at Wayne on March 20, 1985 on the topic of pornography.⁵⁹²

Dean Neil Gold spoke at Wayne State on February 19, 1986.⁵⁹³

The Windsor Wayne Forum was held on February 18, 1987 at Windsor, where David Adamany, the President of Wayne⁵⁹⁴ spoke on the topic of "Ideology and the Judiciary." President Ianni spoke at Wayne on the same topic on March 18, 1987.⁵⁹⁵

Professor Dick Moon spoke on February 12, 1988 at Wayne State, and Professor Robert Sadler (Wayne) spoke on March 9, 1988 on the topic of freedom of expression.⁵⁹⁶

Professor Frederica Lombard (Wayne) spoke at Windsor on April 5, 1989 on the topic of "Empirical Research in the Academy: Some Reflections on Penguin's Family Law and Other Matters."⁵⁹⁷ Professor Bill Bogart gave the corresponding address.⁵⁹⁸

Professor Brian Etherington spoke at Wayne on March 24, 1992 and the topic was "Compulsory Unionism Under the Charter: Avoiding the American Example".⁵⁹⁹ On March 30, 1992, Professor Kingsley Brown (Wayne) spoke at Windsor on the topic of "Sexual Harassment".⁶⁰⁰

The Windsor / Wayne Forum was revived in 2006 by Dean Bruce Elman. The first of the new lectures occurred on January 15, 2007.⁶⁰¹ Professor Noah Hall

(Wayne) delivered a faculty seminar and a public lecture at the University of Windsor on the topic of "Bilateral Breakdown: Going to Court Over U.S. - Canada Pollution Disputes." Professor Valiante delivered a lecture later that year at Wayne State.⁶⁰²

Established in 1981 - The Access to Justice Lecture Series.

-Each year a leading scholar was invited to deliver an original lecture on the theme of "Access to Justice". Most of these papers were later published in the Windsor Yearbook of Access to Justice.

March 26, 1981 - Professor Joseph Vining, University of Michigan.⁶⁰³

March 18, 1982 - Professor Martin Friedland, University of Toronto. "Old and New Criminal Codes."⁶⁰⁴

February 10, 1983 - Roland Penner, the first Chairperson of Manitoba's new legal aid system in 1972. 1981 - elected to the Manitoba Legislature and appointed Government House Leader, Chair of the Treasury Board, and Attorney General in the NDP government of Howard Pawley. Dean of Manitoba Law. Order of Canada.⁶⁰⁵

March 12, 1984⁶⁰⁶ - Geoffrey Palmer. Deputy Prime Minister, Attorney General and Minister of Justice for New Zealand.⁶⁰⁷

1985 - Gregory Baum. Professor, Department of Religious Studies, McGill University.⁶⁰⁸

April 2, 1986 - Professor William Twining,⁶⁰⁹ F.B.A., Q.C., D.C.L., J.D., LL.D. Emeritus Quain Professor of Jurisprudence, University College London.⁶¹⁰

October 13, 1988⁶¹¹ - Professor Laura Nader, Department of Anthropology, University of California, Berkeley.⁶¹²

February 22, 1989 - Professor Harry Glasbeek, Osgoode Hall Law School, York University.⁶¹³

November 15, 1989 - Marc Galanter, Evjue-Bascom Professor of Law and South Asian Studies, University of Wisconsin-Madison.⁶¹⁴

October 30, 1990 - Professor Peter Russel, Department of Political Science, University of Toronto.⁶¹⁵

November, 1991 - Professor Sandra Burt. Department of Political Science, University of Waterloo.⁶¹⁶

November 4, 1992 - Professor Mary Ellen Turpel, Dalhousie Law School.⁶¹⁷

October 1993 - Professor Joel F. Handler. Faculty of Law, University of California at Los Angeles.⁶¹⁸

October 25, 1994. Ursula M. Franklin C.C. F.R.S.C. University Professor Emerita, Massey College, University of Toronto.⁶¹⁹

February 21, 1996 - Anne F. Bayefsky, Professor and Director, Centre for Refugee Studies, York University.⁶²⁰

November 25, 1996 - David Lepofsky.⁶²¹

March 5, 1998 - Justice Louise Arbour, Prosecutor of the United Nations International Criminal Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia and for Rwanda.⁶²²

March 26, 1999 - Professor Austin Sarat, William Nelson Cromwell Professor of Jurisprudence and Political Science at Amherst, College.⁶²³

March 22, 2000 - Professor Bruce H. Wildsmith, Q.C. Faculty of Law, Dalhousie University.⁶²⁴

2002 - Justice Robert J. Sharpe, Justice of the Court of Appeal for Ontario. His topic was Supreme Court Justice Brian Dickson.⁶²⁵

November 17, 2004 - Jean Teillet on the topic of "Litigation and Social Change."⁶²⁶

2005 - Professor Peter Fitzpatrick. Faculty of Law, Birkbeck, University of London.⁶²⁷

2006/2007 - Professor Bridget McCormack, Associate Dean for Clinical Affairs and Clinical Professor of Law, University of Michigan Law School.⁶²⁸

October 25, 2007 - Charles Blattberg, University of Montreal.⁶²⁹

Established in 1982 - Paul Martin Professorship in International Law

The Paul Martin Endowed Professorship (shared with Political Science) was named for the Hon. Paul Martin, who represented the Windsor area for over thirty-three years, earning distinction in international affairs. The professorship was funded by corporate, private, and government contributions to a campaign launched at the University of Windsor in 1982. A fundraising dinner was held in Windsor on March 3, 1982, to raise money for this Professorship, and Prime Minister Trudeau was the honoured guest for the occasion.⁶³⁰ A second fundraising banquet was held on October 2, 1982, and the honoured guest for that occasion was Professor Leopoldo Elia, President of the Constitutional Court of Italy.⁶³¹

The inaugural professor was Secretary-General of the Commonwealth, Sir Shridath Ramphal. The second lecturer was Professor Edward McWhinney, Q.C. of Simon Fraser University in British Columbia, who took up residence in October 1986.⁶³² The remaining professorships went to:

1988. John G. Halstead and Mr. Maurice Strong.⁶³³

On October 30, 1989, Dean Gold announced to Faculty that the Paul Martin Chair would be changed to an annual lecture or series of lectures.⁶³⁴ This approach appears to have been followed for approximately the next ten years.

October 12 - 19, 1990 . The Hon. Gough Whitlam, former Prime Minister of Australia.⁶³⁵

Winter, 1992. Professor Ian Baxter, Professor Emeritus at the University of Toronto.⁶³⁶

November 11, 1993. Professor Don McRae gave the Paul Martin Lecture. "The Dispute Settlement Process under the F.T.A. and N.A.F.T.A."⁶³⁷

March 13, 1995. Judge Chris Weeramantry of the International Court. "Expanding the Potential of the World Court."⁶³⁸

1997. Hon. Howard Pawley, P.C., Q.C., LL.D., former Premier of Manitoba.⁶³⁹

1999. Dr. Alice Ehr-Soon Tay, of the Faculty of Law, University of Sydney (Australia) and President of the Human Rights and Equal Opportunities Commission.⁶⁴⁰

Former Canadian Ambassador to Jordan, Egypt and Israel, Michael Bell, became the Paul Martin Professor in 2005.⁶⁴¹

*Established in 1986 - Bernard Cohn Memorial Lecture in Criminal Law*⁶⁴²

-A trust was established by the friends and family of Bernard Cohn Q.C. to institute an annual series of public lectures on the theme of Criminal Law and Procedure. Each year an eminent judge, practitioner or scholar is invited to present the lectures. For a full history of the life of Bernard Cohn, as well as a history of the trust fund and the full text of the lectures given from 1987 onwards, see: Edward L. Greenspan, Q.C., (ed.) Counsel for the Defence: The Bernard Cohn Memorial Lectures in Criminal Law. Toronto: Irwin Law, 2005.

Inaugural Lecture: Edward Greenspan, January 14, 1987. "The Murder of Bruce Lorenz: The Role of Defence Counsel."⁶⁴³

January 19, 1989. G. Greg Brodsky, Q.C. "Thomas Sophonow: A Long Road to Innocence."⁶⁴⁴

March 27⁶⁴⁵, 1990. Austin M. Cooper, Q.C. "Susan Nelles: The Defence of Innocence."⁶⁴⁶

January 22, 1992. Hon. G. Arthur Martin QC. "Reflections on a Half-Century of Criminal Practice."⁶⁴⁷

February 18, 1993. Hersh Wolch Q.C. "The Presumption of Guilt: Experiences from Milgaard and Other Cases."⁶⁴⁸ (Counsel for David Milgaard).

March 23, 1994. Premier Frank McKenna. "From Defence to Offence: Criminal Law Practice as a Prelude to Politics."⁶⁴⁹

November 2, 1995. Brian Greenspan. "The Mystique of Science: The Influence of Experts on the Administration of Criminal Justice."⁶⁵⁰

March 19⁶⁵¹, 1997. Honourable Charles Dubin.⁶⁵²

1998. Noel C. O'Brien, Q.C. "Automatism - Legitimate Defence or Legalized Irresponsibility: *R. v. Joudrie*".⁶⁵³

October 27, 1999. Mr. Justice Saul Nosanchuk. "Revisiting the Insanity Defence: the 1967 Capital Murder Trial of Mathew Charles Lamb."⁶⁵⁴

November 21, 2000. Raphaël Schachter, Q.C. "Taking the Law into Your Own Hands: Child Abduction and the Defence of Necessity."⁶⁵⁵

November 7, 2001. David M. Cohn. "You Can't Judge a Crown Brief by Its Cover: How Preliminary Inquiries Can Avoid Unnecessary Trials".⁶⁵⁶

November 12, 2002. Joel E. Pink, Q.C. "*R. v. John Alexander MacKenzie*".⁶⁵⁷

March 23⁶⁵⁸, 2004. Marlys Edwardh. "Sleepwalking as Non-Insane Automatism: *R. v. Parks*".⁶⁵⁹

March 10, 2005. A Panel Discussion took place, featuring the members of the Bernard Cohn Lecture Series trust: Edward Greenspan Q.C., The Honourable Carl Zalev, Mr. Justice Saul Nosanchuk, and Harvey Strosberg, Q.C. as moderator. Brian Greenspan also spoke. The new book: "Counsel for the Defence: The Bernard Cohn Memorial Lectures in Criminal Law" was launched at that time.⁶⁶⁰

October 23, 2006. Brian Beresh.⁶⁶¹

Annual Herb Gray Lecture

2004 - The Honourable Lloyd Axworthy.⁶⁶²

2005/2006. November 7, 2005. The Honourable Alan Rock.⁶⁶³

2006/2007. November 15, 2006. The Honourable A. Anne McLellan spoke on "The Border After 9/11".⁶⁶⁴

2007/2008. March 3, 2008 - The Honourable Mr. Justice Frank Iacobucci.⁶⁶⁵

2008/2009. November 2008 - Sheila Fraser, Auditor General of Canada.

Moots

Mooting has been an important part of Windsor Law's educational approach from the beginning. The first moots occurred as part of the Legal Writing Program in the spring of 1969. Professor Ray Brown organized both the Program and the moots. Local lawyers have always been an important part of the mooting process; even in 1968, local lawyers generously offered their time to act as judges.⁶⁶⁶

In September, 1969, the Law Faculty created a new Provincial Moot committee, which was Chaired by Professor Ray Brown.

In the spring of 1974, Dean McLaren proposed that a compulsory mooting program be retained in the first year curriculum as part of the Legal Writing Program. He also recommended that a voluntary mooting program be started in second and third year, which would culminate in a fall term competition for the Zuber Trophy. A Mooting Committee was also recommended.⁶⁶⁷

Over the years, the hard work and dedication of faculty coaches and student competitors has resulted in several significant Mooting victories for the school.

In 2008-2009, Professor Emir Mohammed established the first annual Canadian IP Moot Competition.

Other Events

In 1978, the Faculty of Law celebrated its 10th Anniversary. A Committee of Faculty Council was organized and chaired by Professor Simmonds. A dinner was

planned by the Committee to take place in the Cleary to correspond with the spring graduation dance,⁶⁶⁸ and the celebration took place on April 1, 1978.⁶⁶⁹ Professor Menezes prepared a book of essays dealing with major legal and social issues during the 1970s, which was to be prepared in celebration of the anniversary.⁶⁷⁰

In 1988, the Faculty celebrated its 20th Anniversary. A Committee of Faculty Council was struck to organize the celebrations.⁶⁷¹ The celebrations took place on October 22-24, 1987.⁶⁷²

In 1989, Professor Jeff Berryman organized an International Symposium on the Law of Remedies, which took place from the 19th to the 21st of October.⁶⁷³

On October 6, 1994, the Faculty held a memorial service in honour of Professor Bob Kerr.⁶⁷⁴

On September 17, 1997 a memorial service was held on campus for Dr. Ron W. Ianni,⁶⁷⁵ and a commemoration was held at the law school on November 19, 20, 21 of 1998.⁶⁷⁶

On September 29, 2007, a celebration of the life of Rose Voyvodic was held at the Faculty of Law.⁶⁷⁷

Appendices

Appendix A: Chronology of Law Faculty

Below you will find a chronological list of faculty and librarians who have worked at the University of Windsor, Faculty of Law from its inception. Each is listed under the year that they commenced employment at the University of Windsor law school, and not necessarily the year in which they achieved faculty status. The year of commencement of employment is taken primarily from the historical Law School Calendars, supplemented by notations found in the minutes of Faculty Council and a few inquiries made of individuals. Also listed are credentials and professional designations as of today, where known. Finally, any administrative positions held at the University of Windsor, including start date, and any public offices held, are also noted.

1967

Jacobs, Roger F. A.B., J.D. (Detroit), A.M.L.S. (Michigan). Member of the Michigan Bar. Founding Law Librarian and Associate Professor.

The Honourable Justice Mark R. MacGuigan. B.A. (St. Dunstan's), M.A., Ph.D. (Toronto), LL.B. (Osgoode)⁶⁷⁸ LL.M., S.J.D. (Columbia) LL.D. ; of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Founding Dean - 1967. Member of Parliament. Honourary Professor.

1968

Brown, Raymond E. B.A. (Seattle), LL.B. (Washington); Member of the Washington Bar.

Hughes, Margaret E. B.A., LL.B. (Saskatchewan), LL.M., M.S.W. (Michigan); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

McAuliffe, John W. B.S. (Fordham), M.B.A. (Michigan), J.D. (Detroit), LL.M. (New York); Member of the Michigan Bar, Certified Public Accountant, New York and Michigan. Assistant Dean - 1968-1974, Academic Vice President of the University.⁶⁷⁹

Soong, Huey Min. B.A. (National Taiwan), M.L.S. (Oklahoma). Reference

Librarian.

Starr, Gail. B.A. (Texas), M.S.L.S. (Case Western Reserve) LL.B. (Windsor). Head of Technical Services 1968-1970, Assistant Law Librarian and Head, Reader Services Department 1970-1971⁶⁸⁰, Law Librarian - 1973-1975.

Justice Walter S. Tarnopolsky, B.A., LL.B. (Sask.), A.M. (Columbia), LL.M. (L.S.E., London); of the Bar of Saskatchewan and of Osgoode Hall. Dean - 1968- 1972. Honourary Professor.

The Honourable Justice Thomas G. Zuber. B.A. (Assumption), D.C.L. (honoris causa) (Windsor); Regional Senior Judge of the Ontario Court of Justice, formerly of the Supreme Court of Ontario, Court of Appeal). Honourary Professor.

1969

Boen, Daniel K. L. LL.M. (Indonesia), M.L.S. (Western Ontario). Catalogue Librarian.

Baroness Ruth Deech of Cumnor (House of Lords). M.A. (St Anne's College, Oxford University; M.A. (Brandeis). Hon. LLD (Strathclyde; Richmond American International University). Honorary Bencher of the Inner Temple (London). Barrister. Gresham Professor of Law. Life peer (independent).

Craig, Barbara. B.A. (Assumption), M.S.L.S. (Wayne State). Head, Technical Services Department, Paul Martin Law Library.

Langer, S. Joshua. B.A. (Toronto), LL.B. (Osgoode, LL.M. (Columbia); Member of the Bar of New Brunswick.

Malmsten, Albert C. B.S., M.S. (Michigan), LL.B. (Detroit); Member of the Michigan Bar.

Oosterhoff, Albert H. B.A., LL.B. (Western Ontario), LL.M. (Toronto); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Sanders, Douglas E. B.A., LL.B. (Alberta), LL.M. (U. of California at Berkley);

Member of the Bars of Alberta and British Columbia.

Silverman, Justice Hugh W. Q.C. B.A., M.A. (Toronto); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

1970

Cavarzan, John. B.A. (McMaster), LL.B. (Ottawa), LL.M. (Osgoode); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Manzig, John G. W. (Ted) LL.B., LL.M. (Dalhousie), Lic. Jur., Dr. Jur., (Cologne); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law, also of the Bar of Nova Scotia. Director of the Great Lakes Institute - 1986. Professor Emeritus.

Marasinghe, M. Lakshman. LL.B., LL.M. (University College, London), Ph.D. (The School of Oriental and African Studies, London), LL.D. (Honoris Causa - University of Colombo); of the Inner Temple, England, Barrister-at-Law, and Attorney-at-Law of the Supreme Court of Sri Lanka. Professor Emeritus.

Ratushny, Edward J. B.A., LL.B. (Alberta), LL.M. (London), LL.M., S.J.D. (Michigan), LL.D. (honoris causa) (L.S.U.C.); Member of the Bar of Saskatchewan. Member of the Order of Canada.

Stewart, George R. B.A. (Carleton), LL.B. (Ottawa), LL.M. (L.S.E., London); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Clinical Director - 1972- Associate Dean - 1976-1981. Assistant Dean -1997. Professor Emeritus.

1971

Bailey, Roger G. LL.B., (Auckland), LL.M. (Melbourne); Barrister and Solicitor of the Supreme Courts of New Zealand and Fiji.

Davies, Bernard J. LL.B. (Wales), LL.M., J.D. (Northwestern); of Gray's Inn, Barrister-at-Law.

Ianni, Ronald W. B.A., B.Comm. (Windsor), LL.B. (Osgoode Hall), C.U.E.C.E. (Dip.), I.H.E.I. (Dip.) (Paris), Ph.D. (L.S.E., London); of Osgoode

Hall, Barrister-at-Law; Member of the Ontario Bar. Knight of the Order of Merit of the Republic of Italy.⁶⁸¹ Associate Dean - 1974 - 1976. Acting Dean, 1975.⁶⁸² Dean - 1976 - 1983. President and Vice-Chancellor of the University - 1985 - 1997.

McLaren, John P.S. LL.B. (St. Andrews), LL.M. (University College, London), LL.M. (Michigan), LL.D. (Calgary). Dean - 1973-1975.

Murphy, Paul T. B.A., LL.B. (Windsor), M.S.L.S., M.U.P. (Wayne State), of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Acting Head, Reader Services Dept. - 1971, Head, Reader Services Department - 1974, and Law Librarian and Professor - 1975-present.

Paterson, J. Craig. LL.B. (Western Ontario), LL.M. (Harvard).

Starkman, Bernard. B.A., LL.B. (Toronto), Dipl. de Dr. Comp. (Strasbourg), LL.M. (McGill); Member of the Bar of Manitoba and of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

1972

Cheung, Kwok Wai (Stephen). LL.B LL.M. (London), LL.M. (Michigan); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Solicitor, Law Society of England & Wales and Law Society of Hong Kong, Member of the Manitoba Bar. Returned in 1997 as Special Lecturer and Adjunct Professor.

Davies, Dierdre Christine, Q.C. LL.B. (University College of Wales) (Aberystwyth), LL.M. (Pennsylvania).

The Honourable Mr. Justice Eugene G. Ewaschuk, B.A. (Assumption), LL.B. (Osgoode Hall); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Judge of the Superior Court of Justice for Ontario. Judge of the Court Martial Appeal Court of Canada.

Howe, Robert Donald. LL.B. (Windsor).

The Honourable Justice Saul Nosanchuk. B.A. (Assumption), LL.B. (Osgoode); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law, Judge of the Ontario Court of Justice. Special

Lecturer in Taxation - 1972. Currently Special Lecturer in Criminal Sanctions and Adjunct Professor.

Stewart, A. Joseph. B.A. (McGill), B.A. Jurisprudence (Oxford).

1973

Becker, Cal. B.A. (Saskatchewan), LL.B. (Toronto), LL.M. (Osgoode), Ph.D. (Cambridge). Member of the Bars of Ontario and British Columbia. Director of the Clinical Program and Professor.

Borowicz, Frank S. Q.C. B.A. (Loyola, Montréal), LL.B. (Dalhousie), LL.M. (Harvard).

Gold, Neil. B.A. (York), LL.B. (Toronto), LL.M. (York); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law, also of the bar of British Columbia. Dean - 1986 -1990. Acting Dean - 1996. Provost and Vice President Academic -1998 to present. Awarded the Law Society Medal in 2006.

Levy, Christopher. LL.B., LL.M. (Leeds). Member of the Alberta Bar.

1974

The Honourable Justice Terence Arnold, Q.C. B.A., LL.B., LL.M. (Wellington), LL.M. (New York); Barrister and Solicitor of the Supreme Court of New Zealand. Solicitor-General of New Zealand, 2000 - 2006. Judge of the High Court and the Court of Appeal of New Zealand.

Edward, Douglas Gordon. B.Math. (Waterloo), LL.B. (Queen's), LL.M. (Harvard).

James, David Charles. B.A. (Southampton), LL.B. (Cantab). Visiting Professor - 1974. Executive Assistant to the President of the University - 1986/87. Secretary and General Counsel to the University -2000/01-2006.

Lockyer, James W. LL.B. (Nottingham), LL.D. (honoris causa) (L.S.U.C.); of the Middle Temple, Barrister-at-Law. Member of the Bar of Ontario.

McConnell, W. Howard. B.A. (Carleton), B.C.L. (New Brunswick), Ph.D. (Toronto), LL.M. (Saskatchewan); Member of the Bar of New Brunswick.

Martin, Hon. Paul. P.C., Q.C., C.C., LL.D. (Toronto) Honourary Professor of Law and Political Science. Companion of the Order of Canada.

Menezes, J.R. LL.B.; LL.M. (Yale). Acting Dean - 1983 - 1985.

Veitch, Edward. M.A., LL.B. (Edinburgh); of the Ontario Bar.

Wilson, Larry. LL.B. (Saskatchewan), LL.M. (Manitoba); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

1975⁶⁸³

Arvay, Joseph J. Q.C. B.A., LL.B. (Western Ontario), LL.M. (Harvard), of the Ontario Bar. Recipient of the Walter S. Tarnopolsky Human Rights Award.

Boyle, Christine Lesley Maureen. LL.B. (Queen's Belfast), LL.M. (Queen's Kingston); Member of the Northern Ireland Bar and the Bar of British Columbia.

Bushnell, Ian S. B.S.A. (Toronto), LL.B. (Dalhousie), LL.M. (York), of the Ontario Bar.

Courey, Gabriel J. Q.C. B.Comm. (Assumption), LL.B. (Osgoode Hall), LL.M. (Michigan); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

MacDonald, Roderick A. B.A. (York), LL.B. (Osgoode Hall), LL.L. (Ottawa Civil), LL.M. (Toronto).

Whiteside, John W. Q.C. B.A. (Assumption), LL.B. (Osgoode); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Board of Governors Secretary -1982. Associate Dean 1981-1982 and 1989-1990. Professor Emeritus.

Wydrzynski, Christopher J. B.A., LL.B. (Windsor), LL.M. (Osgoode); of

Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Director of the Legal Profession Research Program 1989-2000.

1976

Brenner, Paul J. LL.B. (Hons.) (Melbourne); Barrister and Solicitor of the Supreme Court of Victoria.

Kerr, Robert W. B.A. (New Brunswick), LL.B. (Dalhousie), LL.M. (Harvard), J.S.D. (California); Member of the New Brunswick Bar. Interim Dean 1981.

Lahey, Kathleen A. B.A. (Illinois), J.D. (DePaul), LL.M. (Osgoode); Member of the Illinois Bar.

Lysaght, Leon J. Jr. B.A. (Whitman), J.D. (Chicago).

Simmonds, Ralph L. LL.B. (Western Australia), LL.M. (Toronto); Barrister and Solicitor of the Supreme Court of Western Australia.

Winter, Frank H. B.A., B.L.S. (British Columbia), Acting Head, Reader Services - 1976/77; Head, Reader Services - 1979/1980; Acting Law Librarian 1979/80.

1977

Cheung, H.Y. Victoria. B.A. (Hong Kong), M.L.S. (Berkeley). Head of Technical Services, Paul Martin Law Library.

Conklin, William. B.A. (Hons.) (Toronto), M.Sc. (L.S.E., London), LL.B. Toronto), LL.M. (Columbia), Ph.D. (York) of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Macdonald, His Honour Judge Bruce J.S. LL.B. (Alberta). Judge in Residence.

Mazer, Brian M. B.A., LL.B. (Saskatchewan), LL.M. (Alberta), of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Academic Coordinator of the Faculty - 1981⁶⁸⁴. Associate Dean 1982-1988. Interim Dean 1999 - 2000. Interim Associate Dean - 2001. Acting Dean 2007.

1979

Mercer, Peter Philip. LL.B. (Western Ontario), LL.M., Ph.D. (Cambridge).

Kemsley, T. (1 year term appointment).

1980

Arnold⁶⁸⁵, Christopher. LL.B. (University College, London), M.A. (Bedford College, London), B.Phil. (Balliol College, Oxford); of Gray's Inn and of the New South Wales Bar.

Bogart, W. A. B.A., LL.B. (Toronto), LL.M. (Harvard); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Brown, Catherine A. B.A. (York), LL.B. (Windsor), LL.M. (Dalhousie), Member of the Bar of Ontario and Alberta. (1 year term appointment).

Carasco, Emily F. LL.B. (Makerere University), LL.M., S.J.D. (Harvard), LL.D. (honoris causa) (L.S.U.C.).

Fairley⁶⁸⁶, H. Scott. B.A., LL.B. (Queen's), LL.M. (New York), S.J.D. (Harvard), F.C.I. Arb. Also, Adjunct Professor.⁶⁸⁷

Irish, Maureen F. B.A., LL.B. (Toronto), LL.M., D.C.L. (McGill); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister & Solicitor, member of the Law Society of Upper Canada.

Morrison, Joseph Jody. B.A. (Hons.) (York), LL.B. (Windsor); of the Ontario Bar.

1981

Berryman, Jeffrey B. LL.B. (Hons.), M.Jur. (Auckland, New Zealand), L.L.M. (Dalhousie); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Barrister and Solicitor of the High Court of New Zealand, Dean -1991-1995.

1982

Gold, Mary G. B.A., M.A. (Windsor), M.A. (Wayne State), J.D. (Detroit); Member of the Michigan Bar. Associate Dean 2002- present.

Vanveen, William L. B.A. (Trent), LL.B. (Queen's), B.C.L. (University College, Oxford). Member of the Ontario Bar.

Voyvodic, Rose L. LL.B. (Windsor), LL.M. (Ottawa); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Special Lecturer in Women and the Law 1983.⁶⁸⁸ Supervisor of the Community Legal Aid Program 1984⁶⁸⁹-1985.⁶⁹⁰ Legal Assistance of Windsor Staff Lawyer 1986⁶⁹¹. Director of Legal Assistance of Windsor and Clinical Law (later Academic Director of the Clinic Practice Program at Community Legal Aid and Legal Assistance of Windsor⁶⁹²) 1988/89 - 2007; Assistant to the Dean 1997. Human Rights Commissioner of the University (1999⁶⁹³-2001).

West, J. Leigh. B.A. (Queen's), LL.B. (McGill), M.Sc. (Iowa State), LL.M. (Wayne State); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Interim Associate Dean 1996-1997. Associate Dean 1998.

Weir, John P. B. Comm. (Hons.) (McMaster), LL.B. (Queen's), LL.M. (Osgoode); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Associate Dean - 1993-1996.⁶⁹⁴

Wildgoose, Joanne. B.A. (Queen's), LL.B. (Windsor).

1984

Rand, Clifford L. B.A. (Hons.), LL.B. (McGill), LL.M. (Osgoode); Member of Bar of Alberta and Ontario.

1985

Eansor, Donna M. LL.B. (Windsor), LL.M. (Wayne State); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Associate Dean -1991-1993. Director of the Academic Success Program, and Educational Equity Advisor - 1995. Currently also a member of the Department of Women's Studies.

Wilson, John D. B.A. (Hons.)(Queens), M.A. (McMaster), LL.B. (Windsor), LL.M. Michigan, of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

1986

Etherington, Brian D. B.A. (Hons.) (McMaster), B.Ed., LL.B. (Queen's), LL.M. (Yale); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Moon, Richard J. B.A. (Trent), LL.B. (Queen's), B.C.L. (Oxford).

1987

Labreche, Diane. LL.L. (Université de Montréal), LL.M. (York); of the Bar of Québec. (On exchange from the University of Montreal.)⁶⁹⁵

The Honourable Justice Douglas W. Phillips. B.A. (Western), LL.B., (Windsor); Judge of the Ontario Court of Justice. Currently, Adjunct Professor.

1988

Acorn, Annalise E. B.A., LL.B. (Alberta), B.C.L. (Oxford);
Member of the Bar of Alberta.

MacDonald, Lois. B.A. (British Columbia), M. Trad. (Montréal), LL.B.,
B.C.L. (McGill), LL. M. (York); Member of the Bar of Québec.

Salter, W. Sarah. A.B. (Harvard), J.D. (Georgetown); Member of the New York Bar.⁶⁹⁶

1990

Schenk, Alan. B.S. Accountancy, LL.B. (Illinois), LL.M. (New York).
Adjunct Professor 1990/91 to 1991/92.⁶⁹⁷

1991

Tawfik, Myra J. B.A (Hons) (McGill), LL.B (McGill), B.C.L. (McGill), LL.M. (Queen Mary College, London); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law, also of the Bar of Québec (1986-2000). Associate Dean -1998-2000.

1992

Valiante, Marcia A. B.A., B.Sc. (New Hampshire), LL.B. (Osgoode Hall), LL.M. (Queen's); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

1993

Macfarlane, Julie. B.A., LL.M. (London), Ph.D. (C.N.N.A.). Founder of the University of Windsor Mediation Service.

Hon. Howard R. Pawley Q.C. B.A. (Winnipeg), LL.B. (Manitoba), LL.D. (Windsor). The Paul Martin Professor in Political Science and Law from 1993-98. Member of the Manitoba Legislature for Selkirk [1969-1988], Attorney General [1973-1977], Premier [1981-1988].

1993/95

Kuras, Ruth. B.Sc. (McMaster), B.A., LL.B. (Windsor), LL.M. (Wayne State); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Director of the Academic Success Program - 2000/01 - present.⁶⁹⁸

1995

Rotman, Leonard I. B.A. (Toronto), LL.B. (Queen's), LL.M. (Osgoode), S.J.D. (Toronto); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.⁶⁹⁹

1997

McCarney, Moira. B.A. (Carleton), M.Ed. (Queen's), LL.B. (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Westmoreland-Traoré, Juanita. B.A., (Marianopolis), LL.L. (Montréal), D.e.s., Doctorate of State in Public Law (Paris II) Dean-1997 - 1999.

2000

Laurie Brett. B.A., M.A. (Ottawa), M.L.I.S. (Western), LL.B. (Windsor). Reference Librarian, January 2000 to July 2001; Acting Law Librarian, July 2001 to July 2002; Legal Writing and Research Instructor, July 2002 to July 2003.

Elman, Bruce P. LL.B. (Dalhousie), LL.M. (Harvard). Dean - 2000.

Howard, J. Paul R. B.A., LL.B. (Toronto), LL.M. (York); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.⁷⁰⁰

Ocheje, Paul D. LL.B. (ABU), LL.M. (Benin), LL.M., D. Jur. (Osgoode); Barrister and Solicitor of the Supreme Court of Nigeria, and of the Law Society of Upper Canada.⁷⁰¹

Schulz, Jennifer L. B.A., LL.B. (Manitoba), M.Phil. (Cambridge), of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Director of Internships, also Director of the Mediation Clinic,⁷⁰² and Professor.

Wiseman, David. B.Ec./LL.B. (Hons.)(Monash), LL.M. (Toronto).⁷⁰³

2001

Grierson-Weiler, Todd. B.A. (Waterloo), LL.B., M.A. (Western), LL.M. (Ottawa), LL.M., S.J.D. (Michigan)⁷⁰⁴

2002

Bahdi, Reem. B.A., M.A. (Western), LL.B., LL.M. (Toronto).

Pillay, Sukanya. B.A., LL.B. (Windsor), LL.M. (New York University), of Osgoode Hall, Barrister & Solicitor.⁷⁰⁵

2003

Tanovich, David. Hons. B.A., M.A. (Toronto), LL.B. (Queen's), LL.M. (New York); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.⁷⁰⁶

Willmott, Kenneth B. B.A. (University of Alberta), B.Ed. (Ottawa), M.A. (Dalhousie), M.L.I.S. (Western Ontario). Reference Librarian.

2005

Demers, Annette. B.A. (Hons.) (Carleton), L.L.B. (Windsor), M.L.I.S. (Western Ontario); Barrister and Solicitor (Ontario). Reference Librarian.

Perlin, Daniel. B.A. (Hons) (Wilfred Laurier), LL.B, MLIS (Western). Interim Reference Librarian January - June 2005⁷⁰⁷.

2006

Dhir, Aaron. B.A., LL.B. (Dalhousie), LL.M. (New York); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

2007

Cotter, Catherine. B.A., LL.B. (New Brunswick), M.L.I.S. (Western Ontario); of the Manitoba Bar. Reference Librarian.

Jacobs, Laverne. B.A.(Hons.), LL.B., B.C.L. (McGill), Ph.D (cand.) (Osgoode); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.⁷⁰⁸

Mohammed, Emir A. C. B.A. (Western); LL.B. (London); LL.M. (Strathclyde); LL.M. (Osgoode); Ph.D Candidate (Osgoode).

Waters, Christopher. B.A. (Toronto), LL.B. (Queen's), LL.M. (McGill), D.C.L. (McGill); Barrister and Solicitor (Ontario).

2008

Kianieff, Dr. Muharem. B.A. (Trent), LL.B. , Ph.D. (Osgoode).⁷⁰⁹

Appendix B: Special Instructors/ Sessionals

Note: from 1968 - 1975, the Law School Calendars list Special Instructors by their date of hire. After 1975, the date of hire is no longer provided, and thus the following list, after 1975, is organized by the academic calendar years in which the Special Instructor's name first appears.

1968

Barat, Arthur M. LL.B. (Western Ontario); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.
1969

Courey, Gabriel J. B.Comm. (Assumption), LL.B. (Osgoode), LL.M. (Michigan);
of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

1970

Ostiguy, Raymond J. B.A. (Carleton), LL.B. (Queen's); of Osgoode Hall,
Barrister-at-Law.

Stoyka, Michael F. B.A. (Assumption), LL.B. (Osgoode), LL.M. (London);
of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Walker, Richard R. Q.C. B.A. (Toronto), LL.B. (Osgoode); of Osgoode
Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Wigley, Ute. Law Degree (Staats examen) (Kiel), Admission to the Bar,
(Assessor examen), Dr. jur. (Mainz).

Wunder, Martin. B.A. (Western Ontario), LL.B. (Osgoode); of Osgoode Hall,
Barrister-at-Law.

The Honourable Justice Carl Zalev Q.C. B.A. (Assumption), LL.B. (Osgoode);
of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Judge of the Ontario Superior Court.

1971

From, Alvin D. Q.C. B.A. (Toronto), LL.B. (Osgoode); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

1972

Howe, Robert Donald. LL.B. (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

1973

Fine, D. Teaching Fellow of the Legal Writing Program.

The Honourable Justice John I. Laskin. B.A., LL.B. (Toronto), M. Sc. Econ. (London); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

McFarlan, T. Teaching Fellow of the Legal Writing Program.

Thom, William. B.A. (Queen's), LL.B. (Dalhousie), LL.M. (London); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

1974

Cohen, Carl. B.A. (Windsor), LL.B. (Osgoode Hall); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-law.

Grant, Milton. B.A., LL.B. (Dalhousie); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

His Honour Judge Joseph McMahon Q.C. B.A. (Assumption), LL.B. (Osgoode Hall). Judge of the Provincial Court.

Slopen, Jeffrey M. B.A. (Detroit), LL.B. (Osgoode Hall); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Weingarden, Arthur. B.A. (Assumption), LL.B. (Osgoode Hall); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Zaid, Frank. B.Sc. (Toronto), LL.B. (Osgoode Hall); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

1975

Carlisle, John R. M.D., LL.B. (Toronto), LL.M. (Osgoode Hall).

Watters, Michael. B.A. (Hons.), LL.B. (Windsor); of the Ontario Bar. Teaching Fellow in Legal Writing 1975/76. Special Lecturer in Landlord and Tenant 1977-1987. Legal Assistance of Windsor Staff Lawyer 1977-1987. Vice Chair of the Ontario Grievance Settlement Board.⁷¹⁰

1976/77

The Honourable Mr. Justice Terrence L. J. Patterson, LL.B. (Western Ontario) of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Judge of the Superior Court of Justice for Ontario.

1977/78

Carter, David Thomas. B. Comm., M.B.A. (Windsor).

Comartin, Joseph. B.A. (Windsor), LL.B. (Windsor).

MacMillan, Angus R. B.A. (Toronto); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.⁷¹¹

Paton, Allan M. B.A., LL.B. (Western Ontario); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

1978/79

none added

1979/80

Csiszar, Ernest N. B.A., LL.B. (Windsor); of the Ontario Bar.

Dumont, A. Robert J. LL.B. (Windsor); of the Ontario Bar.

Ohler, John G. B.Sc. LL.B. (Windsor); of the Ontario Bar.

Rounthwaite, H. Ian. B.A. (Toronto), LL.B. (Windsor);

The Honourable Roger E. Salhany Q.C. B.A. (McGill); LL.B. (Osgoode Hall)
D.C.L. (Cambridge); of the Ontario Bar. Justice of the Ontario Court (General
Division).

1980/81

Lajeunesse, V. Teaching Fellow of the Legal Writing Program.

The Honourable Mr. Justice T. David Marshall. M.D. (Toronto), LL.B. (Osgoode).
Judge of the Superior Court of Justice, Ontario.⁷¹²

McCurry, P. Teaching Fellow of the Legal Writing Program.

Nicholson, D. Teaching Fellow of the Legal Writing Program.

1981/82

Cohen, Shaughnessy. B.A., M.A., LL.B. (Windsor); of the Ontario Bar.

Forbes, Robert E. B.A., LL.B., (Western Ontario), LL.M. (L.S.E. London);
of the Ontario Bar.

McIntyre, Brian. B.A. (Toronto), LL.B. (Osgoode); of the Ontario Bar.

Moorhouse, Daniel. B.A., LL.B. (Toronto); of the Ontario Bar.

Nolan, Brian. B.A. (Hons.), M.A., LL.B. (Windsor); of the Ontario Bar.

Sorell, Rene R. B.A. (McGill), M.A. (Toronto), LL.B. (Osgoode); of the
Ontario Bar.

1982/83

Budd, Sheila. B.A., B.Sc., LL.B. (Windsor), LL.M. (Columbia); Barrister-at-Law. Member of the Ontario Bar.

Chodola, Albert. H.B.Sc. (Windsor), LL.B. (Toronto); Barrister-at-Law. Member of the Ontario Bar.

Laframboise, Celia. LL.B. Teaching Fellow of the Legal Writing Program. Also, Assisted Rose Voyvodic, Supervisor of the Community Legal Aid Program, 1984-
.⁷¹³

Martschenko, Linda. B.A., B. Sc.N., LL.B. (Windsor). Legal Writing and Research Instructor.⁷¹⁴

Mingay, Paul. B.A. (Western Ontario), LL.B. (Windsor), Barrister-at-Law. Member of the Ontario Bar.

Simon, Beverly. LL.B. Teaching Fellow of the Legal Writing Program.

1983/84

Ducharme, Patrick. B.A., LL.B. (Windsor); Barrister-at-Law; Member of the Ontario Bar.

Harvey T. Strosberg, Q.C.. B.Sc.(Windsor), LL.B.(Osgoode), of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Former Treasurer of the Law Society of Upper Canada.

Reif, Linda. Legal Writing Fellow.

Wilson, John. B.A. (Queen's), M.A. (McMaster), LL.B. (Windsor).⁷¹⁵

1984/85

Barfknecht, D. Legal Writing Fellow.⁷¹⁶

Manning, Vivian. Legal Writing Fellow.⁷¹⁷

1985/86

Brode, Patrick. B.A., LL.B. (Windsor); Barrister-at-Law; Member of the Ontario Bar. Special Lecturer.

Horrocks, Russell. B.A., LL.B. (Windsor); Barrister-at-Law; Member of the Ontario Bar. Special Lecturer.

1986/87

Ashford, Hugh. B.Comm. (Saskatchewan), LL.B. (Queen's), LL.M.. (Osgoode); of the Bar of Ontario. Legal Writing and Research Fellow.

Balen, Louis J. B.Sc., M.B.A., LL.B. (Windsor), of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Special Lecturer.

Durand, Ronald. LL.B. (Western), LL.M. (Harvard).

Fedoruk, Curtis. M.D. (McMaster), LL.B. (Windsor). Special Lecturer.

Greenaway, Mason. B.A. (Queen's), B.Sc. (Hons.) (Queen's), LL.B. (Windsor).

Rose, Christopher. B.Sc. (Hons.), M.D. (McMaster), LL.B. (Oxford); Special Lecturer.

Yaworsky, James. B.A., LL.B. (Toronto), M.A.(King's College, University of London); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Community Legal Aid Review Counsel - July 1986 - July 1988 and 1991 - present. L.A.W. Staff Lawyer August 1988- December 1990.⁷¹⁸

1987/88

Jewell, Mary. Legal Writing and Research Instructor.

Lewis, John Underwood. A.B. (North Texas State); Ph.D. (Marquette).

MacKenzie, R. LL.B.⁷¹⁹

Tay, Derrick C. LL.B. (Toronto).

1988/89

Beaudoin, Robert N. B.A. (Windsor), M.Ed. (Toronto), LL.B. (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Local Registrar for the County of Essex.

The Honourable Justice John Brockenshire Q.C. B.A. (Assumption), LL.B. (Osgoode); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Ontario Superior Court Judge. Foulds, David S. B.A., B.P.H.E. (Queen's), LL.B. (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

L. McRae.⁷²⁰

Posliff, Edward J. B.A. (Hons.) (Windsor), LL.B. (York); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Thomas, B.⁷²¹

1989/90

Hunt, John. Legal Writing and Research Fellow.⁷²²

Lewis, John U. A.B. (North Texas State), Ph.D. (Marquette).

Carol Ann McDermott, B.A. (Waterloo), M.L.S. (Western), LL.B. (Windsor), of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Legal Assistance of Windsor, Staff Lawyer - 1991 - present.

Overholt, Marion. B.A., LL.B. (Windsor), of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Special Lecturer, also Legal Assistance of Windsor, Staff Lawyer - 1988 - present.

Wortley, Gary V. B.A., LL.B. (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

1990/91

Colautti, Raymond. LL.B. (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Trafford, Brian. Bachelor of Science in Bus. Admin. (Oregon), LL.B. (Toronto);
Barrister-at-Law.⁷²³

1991/93

Casey, Jeff. B.A. , LL.B. (Western), LL.M. (University of London);
Barrister-at-Law.

Feld, Lisa. B.A., LL.B. (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.⁷²⁴

Garellek, Steven. B. Comm., LL.B. (McGill). J.D. (U.D.M.) Member of the Florida,
New York and Ontario Bars. Also, Adjunct Professor.⁷²⁵

Harrison, Denis. B.A. (Western), LL.B. (Toronto); of Osgoode Hall,
Barrister-at-Law.

Laing, Dewar. B.A., LL.B. (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.⁷²⁶

Waldrum, Cheryl L. LL.B. (Western), M.Jur. (Univ. of Otago); Barrister-at-Law.
Legal Writing Fellow. Also Sessional Lecturer.⁷²⁷

1993/95

Brown, Michael.

Bryant, Herb.⁷²⁸

Campbell, Ken.⁷²⁹

Charney, Robert. B.A., LL.B. (Windsor), LL.M. (Columbia); Osgoode Hall,
Barrister-at-Law.

Greene, Bev. B.P.H.E. (Toronto), LL.B. (Windsor). Barrister-at-Law.⁷³⁰ Legal Writing and Research Fellow.⁷³¹

Hodgkin, Cheryl.⁷³²

Jouhet, Fred.⁷³³

Kwaw, Edmund. Legal Writing and Research Fellow.⁷³⁴

Raphael, Ruth.⁷³⁵

Rose, Stephen. B.Comm. (Dalhousie), LL.B. (Osgoode Hall); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

1995/97
Campbell, Gregory. LL.B. (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Harper, Merry. B.A. (Hons.), M.L.I.S. (Western Ontario), LL.B. (Manitoba), M.A. (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law, also of the Bar of Manitoba. Sessional Instructor and Legal Writing and Research Lecturer.

Hillis, Virginia.⁷³⁶

Lee, Tanya.⁷³⁷

MacOdrum, Donald H. B.A. (Queen's), LL.B. (Toronto); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Munroe, Kirk. B.A. (University of Florida), J.D. (Boston University School of Law); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.⁷³⁸

Shalhoub, Lorraine J. B.A. (Hons.), LL.B. (Windsor), LL.M. (Wayne State). Member of the Bars of Ontario and Michigan.⁷³⁹

Stewart, Gregory F. B.A., LL.B. (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.⁷⁴⁰

1997⁷⁴¹/99

Adjin-Tettey, Elizabeth. LL.B. (Ghana), LL.M. (Queen's), LL.M. (Calgary),
Doctor of Jurisprudence (Osgoode).

Bezaire, Steven D. B.A., LL.B., (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Crljenica, Ted. B.A. Economics, LL.B. (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Easterbrook, Susan.⁷⁴²

Gold, Marlene. B.A., LL.B. (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Jacobs, Beverly K. LL.B. (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Kroes, Marianne. B.A. (Michigan), LL.B. (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Manoochehri, David. B.A. (Waterloo), LL.B./M.B.A. (Windsor), LL.M. (Toronto);
of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. ⁷⁴³

Nicholson, Nancy. B.A., B.Ed. (Queen's), B.Comm., M.B.A., LL.B. (Windsor); of
Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Noble, Cinnie.⁷⁴⁴

The Honourable Madam Justice Mary-Jo Nolan. B.A. (Toronto), M.S.W.
(Ottawa), LL.B. (Windsor), of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Judge of the
Superior Court of Justice.

Sterling, Lori. B.A. (Hons.) (Queen's), LL.B. (Toronto), LL.M. (Cambridge);
of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Sullivan, Scott. B.A. (Hons.) (Windsor), LL.B. (Ottawa), J.D. (Detroit Mercy);
of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. ⁷⁴⁵

Wilkki, George A. B.A. Sc., LL.B. (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

2000/2001

Aikman-Springer, Judith. B.A. (West Indies), LL.B. (West Indies); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister and Solicitor.

Bondy, Christopher. B.A. Economics, LL.B. (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Goldstein, William. B.A., LL.B. (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Henshaw, Cheryl. B.Sc. (Toronto), LL.B. (Western); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Special Lecturer. Currently, Human Rights Officer of the University.

Hunter, Kathryn. Legal Research and Writing Instructor.⁷⁴⁶

Stitt, Allan. B.Comm. (Toronto), J.D. (Detroit), LL.B. (Windsor), LL.M. (Harvard); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Wong, Gerri. B.A. (McGill), LL.B. (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.⁷⁴⁷

Zaher, Sandra. B.A. (Hons.), M.A. (McMaster), Ph.D. (Toronto), B.Ed. (Western) LL.B. (Windsor), J.D. (Detroit Mercy). Legal Writing and Research Instructor.

2001/2002

Campigotto, Mary Jane. B.Sc.N., LL.B. (Windsor).⁷⁴⁸

Centurione, Kileen Dagg. B.A. (Guelph), LL.B. (Windsor), LL.M. (Osgoode); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister & Solicitor. Special Lecturer in Mediation Clinic, Director of the Osler Hoskin Harcourt Internships Program and Director of the University of Windsor Mediation Service.⁷⁴⁹

The Honourable Justice Guy DeMarco. B.A. (Western Ontario), LL.B. (Windsor). Justice of the Ontario Court of Justice.

Hecht, Mark. B.A. (McGill), D.I.A. (Concordia), LL.B. (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.⁷⁵⁰

Schwartz, Hart. B.A. (Winnipeg), LL.B. (Osgoode); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Zivanovic, Aleksandra. Legal Writing and Research Instructor.⁷⁵¹

2002/2003

Cross, Victoria. LL.B. (Windsor), LL.M. (King's College); Barrister-at-Law.

Guttman, Daniel. B.S.C. Eng. (Queen's), LL.B. (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Howard, J. Paul R. B.A. LL.B. (Toronto), LL.M. (York); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Lessard, Wayne. LL.B. (Windsor), Barrister-at-Law.⁷⁵²

The Honourable Justice Rick Libman. B.A. (York), LL.B. (Windsor). Judge of the Ontario Court of Justice.

Riley, Christine. B.A., LL.B. (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Spiers, Stephanie.

Van Wees, Aida. B.A. (York), LL.B., M.B.A. (Windsor), LL.M. (Osgoode); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Member of the Law Society of British Columbia.

2003/2004⁷⁵³

Denholm, Thomas. B.B.A. (Hons.) (Wilfred Laurier), LL.B. (Queen's), LL.M. (Michigan); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Legal Writing and Research Lecturer.⁷⁵⁴

Hewitt, Jeffrey J. B.A., M.A., LL.B. (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Swan, Georgia. B.A. (Toronto), LL.B. (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister and Solicitor.

Wells, Peter. B.Sc. (Hons.), LL.B. (Queen's); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

2004/2006

Istl, Danielle. B.A., B.Ed., LL.B. (Windsor). Special Lecturer in the Canadian component of the J.D./LL.B. Torts course at the University of Detroit, Mercy.

McCarthy, Patrick, Q.C. B.A.(Calgary), LL.B. (Windsor); Member of the Alberta Bar.⁷⁵⁵

McNevin, David. B.A., LL.B. (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Robins, David L. B.A. (McGill), M.A.(Concordia), LL.B.(Windsor); or Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Vale, Marcy. H.B.Sc. (Toronto), LL.B. (Windsor); Barrister-at-Law.

Whitmore, Elinore. B.A. (Queen's), LL.B., LL.M. (Osgoode). C.Med., of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

2006/2008

The Honourable Justice Robert J. Abbey. B.A. (Toronto), LL.B. (Osgoode), Justice of the Superior Court of Justice.

Allen, Craig J. B.A. (Hons.) (Toronto), LL.B. (York), of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Atkinson, Aaron J. B.A., LL.B. (Windsor), Barrister & Solicitor (Ontario).⁷⁵⁶

Burgess, Amanda. B.A. (Hons.), M.A., LL.B. (Windsor).

Chifor, George. J.D./LL.B. (University of Detroit Mercy/Windsor), LL.M. (Georgetown University); Barrister & Solicitor.

Essex, Elizabeth. B.A., LL.B. (Windsor), of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Farha, Leilani. Hons. B.A., LL.B., M.S.W. (Toronto); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Godard, Rodney. LL.B. (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

McCabe, Kaitlyn. LL.B. (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Milot, Duane R. B.A. (Ottawa), LL.B. (Osgoode); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Nurmohamed, Zahra. Hons. B.A. (Carleton), M.S.E. (York), J.D./LL.B. (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Parekh, Rohit. LL.B. (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Sasso, William V. B.A., LL.B. (Western); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Smit, Anneke R. B.Mus. (Distinction) (Alberta), LL.B. (McGill), Ph.D.(Reading).⁷⁵⁷

Stewart-Ferreira, Lydia. B.Sc. (Waterloo), M.PH. (Boston), LL.B. (Queen's).

Turner, Graham. B.Sc.(London), Ph.D. (McMaster), LL.B. (York); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Udell, Jerry B. B.A., LL.B., (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Willis, William J. B.A., LL.B. (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.⁷⁵⁸

2008/2010

Aroca, Marcela. B.Sc. (Windsor), LL.B. (York); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Bird, Keith. B.Sc., M.Sc., LL.B. (Windsor); Barrister-at-Law.

Carr, Brian. B.Sc. (Hons.), LL.B. (Toronto); Barrister-at-Law.

Caza, Colleen M. LL.B. (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Clark, John T. LL.B. (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Embree, Kirsten R. B.A. (Carleton), M.A. (Southern California), LL.B. (McGill).

Justice of the Peace Susan Hoffman. B.A. (McMaster), LL.B. (Windsor).

Kalajdzic, Jasminka. LL.B. (Toronto); Barrister-at-Law.

Landry, Anita. LL.B. (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Lewy, Jules L. B.A., B.C.L., LL.B. (McGill); Barrister-at-Law.

Liddle, John. B.A., M.A., LL.B. (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law.

Manarin, Brian. LL.B. (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall.

Schweitzer, Tony G. B.A., LL.B., LL.M (Cape Town), LL.M. (Cambridge);
Barrister-at-Law.

Appendix C: Clinical Programs

1973

Becker, Cal. B.A. (Saskatchewan), LL.B. (Toronto), LL.M. (Osgoode).
Director of the Clinical Program and Professor.

1975⁷⁵⁹

Blonde, Dolores J. B.A., M.S.W. (Windsor); Co-ordinator of Programs Clinical Law, Director of Research,⁷⁶⁰ Co-Director, Project on Alternative Methods of Dispute Resolution,⁷⁶¹ Executive Director, Centre for Law in Aid of Development,⁷⁶² Coordinator, Canadian - American Research Centre for Law and Policy.⁷⁶³

Harris, Peter. Staff Lawyer.

Jones, Penny. Staff Lawyer.

Watson, Shane M. Staff Lawyer.

1976

Kuras, Joanna. Co-ordinator of the Summer Caravan, Community Law Programme.

Potvin, W. Office Administrator L.A.W.

1977/78

Ms. Andrews. Co-ordinator of the Clinical Program.⁷⁶⁴

Buchanan, Sharon. Co-ordinator of the Summer Caravan, Community Law Programme.⁷⁶⁵

Budd, Sheila. LL.B. (Windsor) Special Project Co-ordinator for the Community Law Programme.⁷⁶⁶

Morison, Charles. Co-ordinator of the Summer Caravan, Community Law Programme.⁷⁶⁷

Ray, Michael C. B.A. (Western Ontario), LL.B. (Windsor); Barrister-at-Law. Director of the Clinical Program. Also, C.L.A. Review Counsel 1990/91.⁷⁶⁸ Member of Provincial Parliament (Liberal - Windsor-West) 1987-1990.

Sinclair, Marianne. LL.B. Staff Lawyer at L.A.W.

Tamai-St.Denis, Donna. Office Administrator L.A.W.

Watters, Michael. B.A. (Hons.), LL.B. (Windsor); of the Ontario Bar. Teaching Fellow in Legal Writing 1975/76. Special Lecturer in Landlord and Tenant 1977-1987. Legal Assistance of Windsor Staff Lawyer 1977-1987. Vice Chair of the Ontario Grievance Settlement Board.

1978

Downing, Janet. Director of the Community Law Program.

1979

Kearley, Laurence. Director of the Community Law Program.

1981

Carten, Jennifer. LL.B. (Windsor); of the Ontario Bar. Staff Lawyer at Legal Assistance of Windsor.

Morris, Sharon. Student Coordinator, Community Law Program.

1982

Brown, Doug. LL.B. Summer Project Coordinator, Community Law Program.⁷⁶⁹

Rawlins, Micheline. LL.B. Community Legal Aid Review Counsel.⁷⁷⁰

Tuttle, Laurie Ann. LL.B. Staff Lawyer at Legal Assistance of Windsor.

1983

Pistor, John. LL.B. (Windsor). Community Legal Aid Review Counsel and Director of the Community Law Program.

1984/85

Laframboise, Celia. LL.B. Teaching Fellow of the Legal Writing Program. Also, Assisted Rose Voyvodic, Supervisor of the Community Legal Aid Program, 1984-.

Simon, Beverly. LL.B. Legal Assistance of Windsor, Staff Lawyer.⁷⁷¹

1986/87

Koch, Linda. Articling Student, Legal Assistance of Windsor.⁷⁷²

Korosec, Elizabeth. Social Worker, Legal Assistance of Windsor.

Yaworsky, James. B.A., LL.B. (Toronto), M.A.(King's College, University of London); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Community Legal Aid Review Counsel - July 1986 - July 1988 and 1991 - present. L.A.W. Staff Lawyer August 1988- December 1990.⁷⁷³

1988

Bates, Peter. Co-ordinator of Programs, (also, Coordinator of Social Work⁷⁷⁴), L.A.W.⁷⁷⁵

Menard, Len. LL.B. Community Legal Aid Review Counsel.⁷⁷⁶

Novak, Irwin. Co-ordinator of Programs at L.A.W.⁷⁷⁷

Overholt, Marion. B.A., LL.B. (Windsor), of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Special Lecturer, also Legal Assistance of Windsor, Staff Lawyer - 1988 - present.⁷⁷⁸

1990

Cash, Mae. L.A.W staff lawyer.

Korosec, Elizabeth. L.A.W. social worker.⁷⁷⁹

Simpson, David. L.A.W. social worker.

1991

Brode, Maureen Ryan . B.A. (Windsor), LL.B. (Osgoode), of Osgoode Hall. Legal Assistance of Windsor, Staff Lawyer.

McDermott, Carol Ann . B.A. (Waterloo), M.L.S. (Western), LL.B. (Windsor), of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Legal Assistance of Windsor, Staff Lawyer - 1991 - present.

Medcalf, Mary. Co-ordinator of Social Work, Legal Assistance of Windsor.

1999

Schulz, Jennifer L. B.A., LL.B. (Manitoba), M.Phil. (Cambridge), of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Director of Internships, also Director of the Mediation Clinic.⁷⁸⁰

Wascher, Peggy A. LL.B. (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Community Legal Aid Review Counsel.⁷⁸¹

2000/2001

Gallant, Carrie. LL.B. (Queen's); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Director of University of Windsor Mediation Service and the Osler Hoskin & Harcourt L.L.P. Internships in Conflict Resolution Program.⁷⁸²

Gilbert, Shelley. B.S.W. (Windsor), L.A.W. staff social worker.

2001/2002

Centurione, Kileen Dagg. B.A. (Guelph), LL.B. (Windsor), LL.M. (Osgoode); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister & Solicitor. Special Lecturer in Mediation Clinic, Director of the Osler Hoskin Harcourt Internships Program and Director of the University of Windsor Mediation Service.

2002/2004

Beggs, Michael. B.A. (Wilfred Laurier), LL.B. (Dalhousie); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Community Legal Aid Review Counsel.

Buckwheat, Joy. Staff Social Worker, Legal Assistance of Windsor.

Faddoul, Rose. B.A. (Hons.), LL.B. (Windsor); Barrister-at-Law. Community Legal Aid Review Counsel.

Medcalf, Mary. B.S.W., M.S.W. (Windsor), Co-ordinator of Programs, Legal Assistance of Windsor.

Rodenhurst, Brian. B.A. (Hons.) (Guelph), LL.B. (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Executive Director of Legal Assistance of Windsor and Community Legal Aid.

Smyth, Gemma. B.A. (Hons.) (Western Ontario), LL.B. (Windsor), LL.M. (Osgoode), A.R.C.T. (Toronto). Director of University of Windsor Mediation Services. (2003-)

2004/2006

Sinasac, Gayle. Office Manager, Legal Assistance of Windsor. (2005)

Ware, Joy. B.S.W., B.Ed. (Windsor), staff social worker.

2007

Catford, Rod. LL.B. (Windsor). Barrister and Solicitor (Ontario). L.A.W. Staff Lawyer.

Thompson, Bob. B.Sc.(Kettering), LL.B./M.B.A. (Ottawa), M.B.A. (Kent), LL.M. (Osgoode). Interim Director, University of Windsor Mediation Service.

2008/2010

Trepanier, Marcel. B.S.W., (Windsor). Staff Social Worker, Legal Assistance of Windsor.

Dates Unknown:

Farnham, Catharine.

Shea, Virginia.

Appendix D: Professional Staff

*Does not include clinical staff or librarians.

1972

Kurtz-Harder, Helga. B.A. (Western Ontario), M.A. (British Columbia). Ph.D. (University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill). Director of the Legal Writing Assistance Program. First female President of St. Paul's United College, Waterloo.

1977/78

Blonde, Dolores J. B.A., M.S.W. (Windsor); Co-ordinator of Programs Clinical Law, Director of Research, Co-Director, Project on Alternative Methods of Dispute Resolution, Executive Director, Centre for Law in Aid of Development, Coordinator, Canadian - American Research Centre for Law and Policy.

1978

Majury, Diana. B.A. (Manitoba); L.L.B. (Queens); LL.M., S.J.D. (Wisconsin-Madison). Executive Director of the Prepaid Legal Services Program of Canada 1979-1981 and Special Instructor in Women and the Law 1980-1983.⁷⁸³

1997

Virdy, Mandy. First Career Development Officer.⁷⁸⁴

Moore, Donna. LL.B. (Western). Career Development Officer.⁷⁸⁵

1998

Schulz, Jennifer L. B.A., LL.B. (Manitoba), M.Phil. (Cambridge), of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Director of Internships,⁷⁸⁶ also Director of the Mediation Clinic.

1999

Jamal, Farah. B.A., M.B.A./LL.B. (Osgoode Hall). Director Johnson/C.I.T. Advanced Business Seminar in Structured Finance.⁷⁸⁷

2000/2001

Pappas, Anne N. B.A., B.Ed., LL.B. (Windsor). Career and Alumni Development Officer. Supervisor, Bar Admission Course, Windsor site.

Pilutti, Michelle. B.A. (Windsor). Assistant to the Dean / Director of Admissions. General Office Secretary prior.

2002

Herlehy, Francine. LL.B. (Windsor), of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Assistant Dean (Student Services) February 2006 - present. Director of Career Services, September 2002- January 2006. Career and Alumni Development Officer, February 2002 - August 2002.

2003

Machnik, Carla. B.A., LL.B. (Windsor), J.D. (Detroit). J.D./LL.B. Program Director.

2004

Momotiuk, Karen. B.A., LL.B (Windsor), of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Karen is the Alumni and Fund Development Officer and Supervisor of the Bar Admission Course, Windsor Site.

2006

Marchand, Leann. B.A. (Hons.), M.A. (Windsor), LL.B. (Osgoode); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Career Services Officer.

2006/2008

Henderson, Jennifer. B.A. (University of Michigan), J.D. (University of Detroit Mercy); Member of the Michigan Bar. J.D./LL.B. Program Director.

DeCia-Gualtieri, Anna Maria. B.A., LL.B. (Windsor). Director of Career Services.

Appendix E: Support Staff⁷⁸⁸

1967

Bastien, Louis. Custodian.⁷⁸⁹

Hart, James. Custodian.⁷⁹⁰

1968

Boyko, Anne. Secretary to the Law Librarian.

Dent, Judy. Secretary to the Dean.

1969

Bennett, Nancy. (nee Rounding) Paul Martin Law Library.

Bunn, Linda. Paul Martin Law Library. Technical Services Production Clerk March 1969-August 1971. Serials Clerk, Sept. 1971- Sept. 1975. Accounting Clerk, Oct. 1975 - May 1979. Supervisor, June 1979 - August 1982.

Hanna, Pat (nee Graham). Paul Martin Law Library.⁷⁹¹

1970⁷⁹²

Boland, Susan (nee McMullen). Faculty Secretary.

Calamita, Maria. Faculty Secretary. Also, Admissions Secretary, Secretary to the Associate Dean and Secretary to the Dean.

Donaldson, Joyce. Circulation Desk Supervisor, Paul Martin Law Library.⁷⁹³

Hillman, Brenda. Admissions Secretary.

Obierski, Virginia (nee Boluk). March 1970, Junior Secretary. August 1970, Secretary to the Assistant Dean (later, Associate Dean). 1975/1976 – Feb. 1987, Admissions Secretary. July 2000 - present, Academic Coordinator.

Steffen, Oleana (nee Borlelli). Faculty Secretary.

Ventura, Orilda (nee Guzzo). Faculty Secretary.

1971

Meloche, Fred. Custodian.⁷⁹⁴

1972

Cross, Linda. Paul Martin Law Library.

Mentek, Helen. Secretary to the Dean.

Moore, Judy. Searcher, Paul Martin Law Library.⁷⁹⁵

1973

Stewart, Carolynn. Bibliographic Searcher, January 1973 - June 1975. Supervisor - Technical Services, October 1982 - 1996. Clerical Supervisor Law Library, 1996-2005.

1974

Hranka, Ann Marie. Faculty Secretary, February 1974 - January 1979.

Administrative Assistant to Prepaid Legal Services office, January 1979 - August 1982. Secretary to the Dean, August 1982 - August 1990. Academic Coordinator, August 1990 - February 1998.

Catauro, Barb (nee Richardson). Typist, Paul Martin Law Library.⁷⁹⁶

1976

Blak, Stella. Receptionist/Secretary at Legal Assistance of Windsor.

St. Denis, Tammy. Legal Assistance of Windsor Office Manager.⁷⁹⁷

1977

Bennett, Doreen. Assistant to the Director of the Community Law Program.⁷⁹⁸

Airey, Ellie.

Casasola, Maureen. General Office Secretary.

Hayward, Dorothy.⁷⁹⁹ General Office Secretary.

Pare, Monica. Searcher, Paul Martin Law Library.⁸⁰⁰

O'Neill, Sheila (nee Richardson). Circulation Desk Manager, Paul Martin Law Library.⁸⁰¹

Sim, Roberta.

1978

Bryant, Geraldine. Office Coordinator.⁸⁰²

Mannina, Elaine. (nee Bartlett) Faculty Secretary. Also, Community Legal Aid Secretary.⁸⁰³

1979

Digou, Dorothy. Paul Martin Law Library.⁸⁰⁴

Carol Taylor (nee Parent). Paul Martin Law Library.⁸⁰⁵

Stansfield, Debbie. Faculty Secretary.⁸⁰⁶

Wills, Cindy. Secretary, October 1979-September 1990. Secretary to the Dean September 1990-November 1991.

1980

Capaldi, Angie. Secretary to Law Professors, May 1973 - March 1979. Secretary to the Associate Dean, March 1979 - July 1989. Academic Coordinator, August 1989 - June 1990. Assistant to the Dean, July 1990 - December 1998.⁸⁰⁷

Dean, Tom. Custodian.⁸⁰⁸

Strong, Pauline. Technical Services Assistant. Paul Martin Law Library.

1981

Waters, Joan. Secretary to C.L.A.

1982

Atherton, Barbara.⁸⁰⁹

Borrelli-Steffes, Oleana.⁸¹⁰

Bozanich, Violet. Paul Martin Law Library.⁸¹¹

Daudlin, Sheila (nee Derus). General Office Secretary. Also Admission Secretary.

McGilveary, Susan.⁸¹²

Popovich, Joyce. Paul Martin Law Library.⁸¹³

Reynolds, Mary. Admissions Secretary.

Richards, Maureen. Paul Martin Law Library.⁸¹⁴

Stempski, Lydia. Paul Martin Law Library.⁸¹⁵

1984

Dawson, Anne. Desk Clerk, Paul Martin Law Library, also Admissions, 1984 - 1997. Secretary to the Dean 2005 to present.

1985

Amicarelli, Anna (nee Iannetta). Secretary at Community Legal Aid.⁸¹⁶

Grayce, Marianne. Technical Services Assistant. Paul Martin Law Library.
Shelver, Circulation Desk, Kardex/Binder, Checkmate, Bibliographic Searcher
prior.

Howe, Gail. Custodian.⁸¹⁷

Pratt, Annette. Faculty Secretary.

Wortley, Lynn. Admissions Secretary.

1986

Beneteau, Suzanne. Secretary at Legal Assistance of Windsor.⁸¹⁸

Benoit, Pauline. Custodian.

D'Agnolo, Joanne. Secretary at Community Legal Aid.⁸¹⁹

1987

Mazzone, Tony. Custodian.⁸²⁰

1988

Nicholson, Bonnie (nee Putnam). Secretary to the Law Librarian, Paul Martin
Law Library.⁸²¹

1990

Schulz, Tracy. Serials & Bindery Control Clerk, Paul Martin Law Library.

Squillaro, Debbie. Secretary to Career and Alumni Development. General Office
Secretary prior.

1991

Wilson, Helen. Secretary to the Dean.⁸²²

1992

Daudlin, Sheila. (nee Derus). Admissions Secretary.⁸²³
Also, General Office Secretary.

1993

Baldwin, Dan. Custodian.⁸²⁴

1995

Horne, Sharon.

Rotondi-Yousef, Susan.⁸²⁵

Ryder, Donna.⁸²⁶

1997

Murray, Susan. Academic Coordinator. Also, Paul Martin Law Library Circulation Desk Clerk.⁸²⁷

Papas, Angela.⁸²⁸

1998

Dienesch, Helga. Secretary to the Law Librarian. Paul Martin Law Library.

Harnadek, Pat.⁸²⁹

1999

Milec, Cathy. General Office Secretary, April 2000 - present. Assistant to the Dean's Secretary 1999- 2000.

Page, Betty. Assistant to the Dean.⁸³⁰

Pilutti, Michelle. B.A. (Windsor). Assistant to the Dean/ Director of Admissions, March 2000-present. General Office Secretary January 1999-March 2000.

2000

Stein, Sandra. Secretary to the Associate Dean.

2001

Brogan, Tanya. Secretary to Faculty/Special Projects.⁸³¹

Goodwill, Charlene. C.A.R.C. Administrative Secretary.⁸³²

Saxon, Norm. Information Technology Specialist.⁸³³

2002

DiCarlo, Joe. Custodian.⁸³⁴

Mitchell, Mary. Secretary to Student Services. Secretary to Faculty prior.

Pastorius, Diane. Paul Martin Law Library, 2002-2004. General Office Secretary 2004-.

Shiu, Thuy-Binh. Faculty Secretary, November 2007 - present. Interlibrary Loans Clerk, Paul Martin Law Library, October 2002-November 2007.

2003

Crispo, Elizabeth.⁸³⁵

Morris, Manola.

Rugama, Giovanni. Custodian.⁸³⁶

2004

Brown, Renee. Interim Interlibrary Loans Clerk, Paul Martin Law Library.⁸³⁷

Font, Shelley. Serials & Binding Control Clerk, Paul Martin Law Library.⁸³⁸

Milne, Lisa. Circulation Desk Supervisor, Paul Martin Law Library.

Olsen, Christina. Access Services Clerk. Paul Martin Law Library. Interlibrary Loans Clerk, Desk and Stack Clerk prior.

Philipose, Rachel. Reader Services. Paul Martin Law Library.⁸³⁹

2005

Balachandar, Vidya. Coordinator, Windsor Yearbook of Access to Justice.

Borg, Leslie. Desk and Stack Clerk, Paul Martin Law Library.⁸⁴⁰

Hanif, Shafqat. Systems Technical Support Assistant.

Hutchinson, Mary Jane. Technical Services Supervisor, Paul Martin Law Library.

Kong, Carol. Technical Services Library Clerk, Paul Martin Law Library.⁸⁴¹

2006

Milenkovic, Daria. Systems Technical Support Assistant, Paul Martin Law Library.

Mora, Janet. Secretary to Student Services Office. 2006-2007.

Parent, Andrea. Desk and Stack Clerk, Paul Martin Law Library.⁸⁴²

Smith, Rachelle. Career and Alumni Development Office Secretary.

Stiller, Danielle (nee LoDuca). Access Services Clerk. Paul Martin Law Library.

2007

Cheung, Rita. Faculty/Special Project Secretary.

2008

Burke, Judi. Desk & Stack Clerk, Paul Martin Law Library.

St. Onge, Nancy. Desk & Stack Clerk, Paul Martin Law Library.

Pettinato, Cristina. Interlibrary Loan and Library Clerk. Paul Martin Law Library.

Smith, Amy. Assistant Director of the JD/LLB Program.

Dates Unknown:

Capucci, Maria.

Chan, Julie. General Office Secretary.

Digou, Dolly. Kardex Clerk, Paul Martin Law Library.

Ditmar, Dana. General Office Secretary.

Gray, Lois. Circulation Desk, Paul Martin Law Library.

Harris, Elaine. Shelver, Paul Martin Law Library.

Pike, Jean.

Appendix F: Visiting Professors

Alexandrowicz, Charles H. (1971)

Austin, Reginald. Visiting Scholar - 1990/91. Professor of Constitutional Law, University College London; founding Dean and Professor in the Faculty of Law at the University of Zimbabwe. In 1994 he headed the electoral unit of the UN Assistance Mission (UNOMSA) for the democratic elections which ended apartheid in South Africa.

Baar, Carl. Professor of Political Science at Brock University. Visiting Faculty - 1988-89.

Hecht, Mark. B.A. (McGill), D.I.A. (Concordia), LL.B. (Windsor); of Osgoode Hall, Barrister-at-Law. Law Foundation of Ontario Access to Justice Fellow (2004 - 2006).⁸⁴³

George, Ronald. B.A., LL.B. (Western), LL.M. (Ottawa). The Law Foundation of Ontario Access to Justice Fellow 2002.⁸⁴⁴

James, David Charles. B.A. (Southampton), LL.B. (Cantab). Visiting Professor - 1974. Executive Assistant to the President of the University - 1986/87. Secretary and General Counsel to the University - 2000/01-2006.

Lo, Vai lo. B.A., M.O.B., M.B.A., J.D. (Brigham Young), LL.M., Ph.D. (Washington) Visiting Professor 2006-2007.

Macdonald, Roderick A. B.A. (York), LL.B. (Osgoode), LL.L. (Ottawa Civil), LL.M. (Toronto); of the Ontario Bar. Scholar-in-Residence 1976/77.

The Honourable Judge Bruce MacDonald. Judge-in-Residence - Judge of County and District Courts of Ontario.⁸⁴⁵

Macfarlane, Julie. B.A., LL.M. (London), Ph.D. (C.N.N.A.). Visiting Professor 1990.⁸⁴⁶

Hon. G. Arthur Martin, former Justice of the Ontario Court of Appeal. Visiting Professor 1992.⁸⁴⁷

McDorman, Ted. University of Victoria. Visiting Professor.⁸⁴⁸

Mossman, Mary Jane. B.A. (Hons.) (McGill), LL.B. (Queen's), LL.M. (London); LLD Law Society of Upper Canada, of the Bars of New South Wales and Ontario. Visiting Professor - 1988-89.

Smit, Anneke R. B.Mus. (Distinction) (Alberta), LL.B. (McGill), Ph.D.(Reading). Visiting Professor 2008/2010.

Tier, Akolda Man. Ph.D., LL.B. (Cambridge), LL.B. (Khartoum). Visiting Sabbaticant and Special Lecturer, 1999.⁸⁴⁹

Twining, William L. M.A. (Oxford), Juris Doctor (cum laude) (Chicago), LL.D. (Hon.) (Victoria). Quain Professor of Jurisprudence, University College London. Visiting Professor - 1987/88.

The Honourable Justice Thomas G. Zuber. Q.C. B.A. (Assumption), D.C.L. (honoris causa) (Windsor); Regional Senior Judge of the Ontario Court of Justice, formerly of the Supreme Court of Ontario, Court of Appeal). Honourary Professor. Judge-in-Residence, winter semester 1990.

Appendix G: Scholarships, Entrance Awards, Academic Awards and Grants

Students of the University of Windsor, Faculty of Law have benefited greatly over the years from the generous gifts of donors. Student awards are listed below in chronological order as of the date the donation was made. Note that all dates herein are estimated on the basis of announcements made at Faculty Council and in past law calendars.

1969⁸⁵⁰

- CCH Canadian book Prize
- Butterworths & Co. Ltd. book Prize
- Canada Law Book Limited book Prize
- Carswell Company Limited book Prize
- The Robert H. Wilson Prize

1970⁸⁵¹

- The McTague Prize
- The Paul Martin Award

added in 1971/72

- The Essex Law Association Prize
- Special Faculty Prize
- Phi Alpha Delta Fraternity book Prize

added in 1972/73

- Harold G. Fox bursaries
- Gignac, Sutts, Nosanchuk Award in Conflicts
- The Paroian, Courey, Cohen and Houston Award in Insurance Law
- Windsor Law School Entrance Awards (Law Society of Upper Canada)
- Thomson, Rogers Award in Company Law⁸⁵²
- Thomson, Rogers Award in Commercial Law
- Thomson, Rogers Award in Evidence
- Thomson, Rogers Award in Tax
- The Thomas Zuber Mooting Trophy⁸⁵³

added in 1974/75

- Board of Governor Medal
- Alex Fraser Goldberg Memorial Award
- The Thomson Rogers Award in Civil Procedure
- CCH Prize for Legal Writing

added in 1975/76

- Duff Rinfret Scholarships⁸⁵⁴

added in 1976/77

- Administrative Law award
- Family Law award
- Wills & Trusts award
- Jurisprudence award

added in 1977/78

- The Ben Yuffy Award in Business Organizations
- The Co-operators Prize in Remedies
- The United Auto Workers Local 195 Labour Law Book Prize

added in 1978/79

- University of Windsor Faculty and Staff Entrance Scholarship
- P. & L. Odette Entrance Bursary
- McCarthy and McCarthy Prize

-added in 1980/81

The John J. Rodd KC Award in Conflicts

-added in 1981/82

The Judge Bruce J.S. Macdonald Awards in Criminal Advocacy
The Teresa Merlo Memorial Fund

-added in 1982/83

University of Windsor Entrance Award
Faculty of Law Community Service Award in memory of Reinhart Lehman

-added in 1983/84

Faculty of Law Prize in Professional Ethics and Conduct

Igor Kaplan Memorial Award

Eli Goldin Award

Blake, Cassels & Graydon Prize

Osler, Hoskin and Harcourt Prize

Gavel Award

The Rogers, Bereskin & Parr Award in Industrial and Intellectual Property

-added in 1984/85

Borden & Elliott Prize

Alvin D. From Bursary⁸⁵⁵

Alvin D. From Memorial Scholarship in Civil Procedure

John McLaren Prize⁸⁵⁶

Philip J. Courey Sr. Annual Bursaries

Smith, Lyons Prize in Securities Regulation

Smith, Lyons Prize in Civil Trial Advocacy

-added in 1986/87

Donald S. Dobkin Award for Graduate Legal Studies in the United States

Canadian Community Law Journal Prize

-added in 1987/88

Annual Blake, Cassels Graydon Scholarships

Borden & Elliott Advocacy Awards

Borden & Elliott Prize in Taxation

Campbell, Godfrey & Lewtas Award in Commercial Law

Campbell, Godfrey & Lewtas Award in Evidence

Gignac, Sutts Award in Labour Law

Holden, Murdoch & Finlay Award in Income Taxation and Business Associations
Law

Brian E. McIntyre, Q.C. Memorial Award in Criminal Justice

Zuber Moot Factum Award (C.C.H. Canada Limited)

-added in 1988/89

Bartlet & Richardes Centennial Award for Academic Excellence
Cassels, Brock & Blackwell Centennial Prize in Constitutional Law
Cassels, Brock & Blackwell Centennial Prize in Practice Skills
The Judge Joseph P. McMahon Award in Administrative Law
Max N. Mousseau Q.C. Memorial Award in Municipal Law
Frank W. Wilson and Marion Claire Wilson Memorial Scholarship in Constitutional Law
Windsor Review of Legal and Social Issues Prize

-added in 1989/90

Raymond E. Brown Alumni Prize in the Law of Torts
Law School Alumni Bursaries

-added in 1990/91

Access to Justice Bursaries
Bassel, Sullivan, Leake prize
Delos Rogest Davis, K.C. Memorial Award
The R. Lawrence DeShield Memorial Award in Municipal Law
Joseph Micallef Memorial Award in Family Law
Michael Steinmetz Memorial Award
Torkin, Manes, Cohen & Arbus Award
J.S.D. Tory Writing Awards

-added in 1991

Charles J. Clark Memorial Award
Koskie & Minsky Prize in Labour Arbitration
Kenneth J. Mulder Sr. Award

-added in 1993/1995

Faskin Campbell Godfrey Award in Evidence
Rae Marcus Scholarship
Miller, Thomson Bursaries
Newton Rowell Scholarships (by Lieutenant Governor H. Jackman)⁸⁵⁷
The Osgoode Society Legal History Book Prize⁸⁵⁸

Stikeman Elliott/ Carswell National Tax Award

-added in 1995/97

Faskin Campbell Godfrey Award in Commercial Law
Alex Fraser and Eva Shumer Goldberg Scholarship in Law
The National Trust Awards
Ben Yuffy Memorial Award

-added in 1997/99

The Johnson/Newcourt Fund for Excellence in Corporate Law⁸⁵⁹
Osler, Hoskin & Harcourt Internships in Law⁸⁶⁰
The Roland J. Baldassi Memorial Fund
Stitt Feld Handy Houston Award
Dorothy Waddicor Award in A.D.R.
Joel Wargon Memorial Award

-added in 2000/2001

Borden, Ladner, Gervais L.L.P. Advocacy Awards
Borden, Ladner, Gervais L.L.P. Prize in Taxation
Charles J. Clark Q.C. Scholarship in Law (3 Awards)
Class of 1997 Award
Faskin Martin Dumoulin L.L.P. Achievement in Law Award
Brad Hodgson Memorial Award
Ron W. Ianni Entrance Scholarship in Law
Ron W. Ianni/ University of Windsor Alumni Scholarship in Law
J.D./LL.B. Scholarship
Law Society of Upper Canada Education Equity Awards
MacMillan Binch Award
John McAuliffe Memorial Award
Fraser Milner Casgrain Award in Advanced Taxation
Frank Montello Q.C. Bursary
Ogilvy Renault Award
Mary Anne Sanderson Award
The Scotiabank Awards (formerly National Trust Awards)

Sutts, Strosberg Award in Labour Law
Honourable Walter S. Tarnopolsky Award

-added in 2001/2002

Ducharme Fox L.L.P. Advocacy Award⁸⁶¹
Faculty of Law J.D./LL.B. Award

-added in 2002/2004⁸⁶²

Blake, Cassels & Graydon L.L.P. Award (Blake's Scholar)
Chippewas of Mnjikaning/McCarthy Tétrault Aboriginal Scholarship
Dorothy Waddicor Memorial Scholarship
E. Bruce Leonard Prize
Faskin Martineau DuMoulin L.L.P. Achievement in Contract Law Award
Ron Fritz Scholarship in Law
Barbara Gesell-Ferreira Memorial Award
Honourable Julius Alexander Isaac Scholarship
Sherrard Kuzz L.L.P. Prize in Labour, Employment and Administrative Law
Law Foundation of Ontario/Law Alumni Access to Legal Education Bursaries
Kenneth Alvin Lockett Memorial Award
McMillan Binch Mendelsohn Scholarship of Excellence
Raphael Partners L.L.P. Award in Insurance Law
Naudia Marina Seebaran Memorial Award
Honourable A.B. Sprague Memorial Award
Juanita Westmoreland Traore Leadership Scholarship
Whiteside Award

-added in 2004/2006

Borden, Ladner, Gervais L.L.P. - Student Research Fellowship Program⁸⁶³
Berrill and Farmer Bursary⁸⁶⁴
Law Alumni Entrance Bursary for Aboriginal Students
McCarthy Tétrault Leadership Award
Miller Thomson L.L.P. National Entrance Scholarship
Harold John Ross Entrance Bursary

Waterloo Law Association Entrance Scholarship

-added in 2008/2010

Justice Harry S. LaForme Entrance Bursary for Aboriginal Law Students
Michael A. Wadsworth, Q.C. Memorial Scholarship
Alumni Association, Toronto Chapter, Bursary in Law
Ivana Baldelli Scholarship in Law
Borden, Ladner, Gervais L.L.P. - Professional Excellence Award
Criminal Lawyers' Association Scholarship
Dean's Achievement Award for Non-traditional Advocacy Skills
Gowlings Prize in Civil Trial Advocacy
Gowlings Prize in Securities Regulation
Kellerman Family Bursaries
Law Foundation of Ontario/Law Alumni Access to Legal Education Bursaries
E. Bruce Leonard Prize
Maritime Law Book Ltd. Prize in Legal Profession
Morris D. Baker Scholarship in Honour of Armando DeLuca
Franco Pizzimenti Sr. Memorial Scholarship
Roberts Employment Law Award in Memory of Benjamin H. Yuffy
E. Lindsay Rogin Memorial Award
Seymour Howard Schott Memorial Bursary
Samia Rose Shaheen Memorial Award in Legal Writing
Heather Lynn Swift Memorial Bursary
Jean Teillet Award in Access to Justice
Rose Voyvodic Memorial Bursary
Sharon White-Ducharme Memorial Award
Windsor Review of Legal and Social Issues Excellence in Writing Prize

Appendix H: Student Law Groups

The following list is merely a reflection of when student groups first appeared in the Faculty of Law Calendars.

*Appeared in 1968*⁸⁶⁵

Student Law Council

Appeared in 1969

Student Defender Programme⁸⁶⁶

Sir John A. Macdonald Chapter of the Phi Alpha Delta Law Fraternity.⁸⁶⁷

Appeared in 1977

Women and the Law Society⁸⁶⁸

Appeared in 1978/79

- the Environmental Law Association
- the Civil Liberties Association

Appeared in 1986/87

- the Student International Law Society
- the Windsor Caucus of the National Association of Women and the Law

Appeared in 1987/88

- French Student's Club
- Oyez

Appeared in 1995/97

- Law and Development Association
- Black Law Students' Association of Canada
- Jewish Law Students' Association

-Windsor Pro Bono Students Canada⁸⁶⁹

Appeared in 2002/2004

- Asian Law Students Association
- Sports & Entertainment Law Club
- Graduation Committee
- Criminal Law Club

Appeared in 2006/2008

- Aboriginal Law Students' Association
- Gay & Lesbian Students' Association
- Christian Legal Fellowship
- Canadian Lawyer's Association for International Human Rights
- Windsor Intellectual Property and Information Technology

Appeared in 2008/2010

- Muslim Law Students' Association⁸⁷⁰
- South Asian Law Students' Association
- Social Justice Group

Canadian Community Law Program Bibliography of Publications

Publications of the program included:

Brown, Cathy. Law and the Layperson: The Market Place. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law: Community Law Program, 1976.

Bushnell, Ian Scott. Mechanics of the Courts: Evidence. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law: Community Law Program, 1976.

A Collection of Cases and Materials for High School Teachers of Law. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law: Community Law Program, 1974.

Compensation for Victims of Crime. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law: Community Law Program, 1982.

Cook, James and Ron Dank, Senior Citizens and the Law. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law: Community Law Program, 1982.

Cooligan, Michael. Parent's Guide to Special Education in Ontario. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law: Community Law Program, 1985.

Edge, Rory and Earl Parker. Legal Survival Kit for Students. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law: Community Law Program, 1975, and revised 1981.

Freeman, Shelley. Law and the Layperson: Social Security. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law: Community Law Program, 1976.

Gold, Neil. Director of L.A.W. A Brief to the Task Force on Legal Aid. Presented by Legal Assistance of Windsor and Community Law Program. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law, 1974.

Handelman, Mark and Wendy Ward. Battered Women: Emergency Shelter and the Law. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law: Community Law Program, 1976.

Henderson, Ian and John Solski. Law and the Native Peoples of Ontario. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law: Community Law Program, 1982.

Howard, Graham I. Guide to the Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law: Community Law Program, 1982.

Law and the Physically Handicapped. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law: Community Law Program, 1981.

Law and the Visually Impaired. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law: Community Law Program, 1981.

Legal Minutes. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law: Community Law Program, 1979 and revised, 1981.

MacDonald, Roderick A. Law and the Layperson: Courts and Trials. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law: Community Law Program, 1976.

Michaeloff, Richard. Compensation for Victims of Crime. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law: Community Law Program, 1982.

Murphy, Paul T. A Short Guide to Basic Research in Ontario and Canadian Law. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law: Community Law Program, 1974.

Murphy, Paul T. and Shelley Freeman, Our Canadian Legal Heritage. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law: Community Law Program, 1976.

Murphy, Paul T. Canadian Legal Research Guide (with special reference to Ontario law). University of Windsor, Faculty of Law: Community Law Program, 1975.

Murphy, Paul T. Canadian Legal Research Guide: Ontario and Canadian Federal Material. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law: Community Law Program, 1981.

Ontario Catalogue of Public Legal Education Resources. Department of Justice CORE Project. Summer 1977. (Community Law Programme contributing).

Ort, Deborah and Judy Beckett. Landlord and Tenant Law: Residential Tenancies. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law: Community Law Program, 1982.

Strutt-MacLeod, Elizabeth. Victims of Crime: Survival Guide. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law: Community Law Program, 1986.

Survey of Public Legal Education Resources in Ontario: Final Report of the Project Director. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law: Community Law Program, 1978.

Wolf, Rick. Land Mortgages, Foreclosures and Powers of Sale. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law: Community Law Program, 1982.

Women's Guide to Survival in the Workplace. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law: Community Law Program, 1983.

Worker's Guide to Employment Law. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law: Community Law Program, 1983.

Legal Assistance of Windsor Bibliography of Publications

Project Director Dolores J. Blonde. Is Justice Deaf? A Report on Law and the Deaf. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law, Legal Assistance of Windsor, 1978.

Corrent, John Paul and Norris H.C. Yang. Impact of a Law Clinic: The Case of Legal Assistance of Windsor. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law, Legal Assistance of Windsor, 1977.

Family Law. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law, Legal Assistance of Windsor, 1975.

Gold, Neil. Director of L.A.W. A Brief to the Task Force on Legal Aid. Presented by Legal Assistance of Windsor and Community Law Program. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law, 1974.

MacDonald, Linda, Jane Vincent and Charles Wrock. The Children of the Community of Windsor. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law, Legal Assistance of Windsor, 1977.

Novac, Erwin William and Helga Kutz-Harder. Enhancing Access to Legal Services: Impact of a Law Clinic 1985. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law, Legal Assistance of Windsor, 1985.

End Notes

It is important here to recognize Professor and Law Librarian Paul Murphy for his important work over the years in preserving the documentary history of the Faculty of Law at the University of Windsor. Without his efforts, this project would not have been possible. He also reviewed the segment on the law library, and provided some research assistance, as well as provided a first-hand account of the first graduating class. Thank you to Professor George Stewart and to Dolores Blonde for the time and expertise they devoted to reviewing the entire final product. Thank you to Jim Yaworsky for reviewing the segment on C.L.A. Thank you to Professors Julie Macfarlane and Gemma Smyth for reviewing the segment on U.W.M.S. Thank you to Professor Myra Tawfik for reviewing the segment on I.P.L.I. Thank you to Professor Lakshman Marasinghe for reviewing the segment on C.L.A.D. Thank you to Professors Maureen Irish and Jeff Berryman for reviewing the segment on C.A.R.C. Thank you to Professors Wydrzynski and Wilson for reviewing the segment on the Prepaid Legal Services Program and the Legal Professions Research Program. Thank you to Professors Ruth Kuras, Larry Wilson and Donna Eansor for reviewing the segment on the Academic Success Program. Thank you to Professor Tanovich for reviewing the segment on the Social Justice Fellowship Program. I am grateful for the work of Ann-Marie Langlois Records & Information Management Specialist, Corporate Records & Archives, at the Law Society of Upper Canada for researching the L.S.U.C. records for this project. Thank you also to Brian Owens, Librarian, University Archives, Professor John Whiteside and Professor George McMahon for their assistance in researching President Leddy's papers for this project. Thank you to Virginia Obierski for reviewing the Staff chronology. Thank you to Linda Bunn, Thuy-Binh Shiu, Pauline Strong, Marianne Grayce, Carolyn Stewart, Monica Pare, and Pauline Benoit for their advice and research on the Staff chronology. Thank you to Dean Bruce Elman, Professors Mazer, Bogart, Menezes and Berryman, and Provost and VP Academic Neil Gold for their advice throughout this process.

¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Prospectus 2008-2010. page 2.

² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 14, 1972, page 1.

³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 25, 1975, page 1.

⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. June 23, 1981, page 4.

⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 3, 1985, page 1.

⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Memorandum of Gordon W. Wood, Vice-President Academic, to Faculty Council dated March 29, 1990.

⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. June 29, 1995.

⁸ McAuliffe was nominated to the position of Assistant Dean at the December 5th, 1969 Faculty Council Meeting. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. December 5, 1969.

⁹ McAuliffe's title was changed as noted in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. June 23, 1972, page 1.

¹⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Report of Dean McLaren, November 22, 1973.

¹¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 23, 1975, page 2.

¹² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 29, 1980, page 2.

¹³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 29, 1982, page 2.

¹⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 8, 1988, page 2.

¹⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. June 8, 1990, page 1.

¹⁶ The joint appointment of George Stewart and Rose Voyvodic as Assistant Deans was declared in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Memorandum from Dean Westmoreland-Traoré, August 28, 1996.

¹⁷ Mary Gold has worked for the University of Windsor since 1967. She has held a number of appointments at the University. See, Faculty of Law, Faculty Council Minutes. May 17, 2001, supplement to the Agenda.

¹⁸ Some of the information that appears in this history has been taken, word for word, from old law school calendars and compiled into one continuous document. Most dates referred to in the history, refer to the academic year in which a particular topic first appeared in the Law School Calendar and most have been verified by reference to the Minutes of Faculty Council, where noted.

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- ¹⁹ "Law Dean Appointed at University of Windsor." April 12, 1967, The Windsor Star, page 3.
- ²⁰ Tarnopolsky, W. S. "The New Law School at the University of Windsor." (Autumn 1969) 19 U. of T. L. J.622 at 622. See also Bill Prager, "University of Windsor Law School." April 25, 1967 The Windsor Star.
- ²¹ "Law Dean", supra note 19.
- ²² "Four Named to Faculty: Windsor Man Wins U. of W. Law School Post." February 16, 1968, The Windsor Star, page 3.
- ²³ John Miller, "Building Law School Not an Easy Task." October 16, 1967. Windsor Star.
- ²⁴ Professor John Whiteside, who sat on MacGuigan's hiring committee as University Counsel, notes that when Paul Martin Senior announced his retirement, MacGuigan was pointed to as his successor, and thus MacGuigan announced that he was leaving the University to enter into public office soon after his arrival. Tarnopolsky was a clear choice for his successor. Conversation with Professor Whiteside of August 28, 2008.
- ²⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. August 26 and 27, 1968, page 2.
- ²⁶ A copy of Preliminary Statement of Program Requirements, of October, 1967, which sets out the original ideas for building requirements, teaching philosophy, curriculum, and vision for the law school, is on file at the Paul Martin Law Library and with the author. Professor John Whiteside notes, in a memorandum to the author dated August 18, 2008, that "this was the only time, in my recollection, that I had an open disagreement with Dr. Leddy. When we were casting about for a building location, I urged the use of a structure in the middle of the campus to avoid isolation and to assure interdisciplinary contacts. I suggested that the school be established in the then University Centre which had been deliberately over-built to accommodate other activities. Dr. Leddy would not consider any location other than the southwest corner of University (I think the name had been changed from London) and Sunset."
- ²⁷ Gerard Levesque, "The Challenge Has Begun." (Spring 1970) vol. 1, no. 1 The Oyez, page 1.
- ²⁸ Email from Ruth Deech, April 24, 2008. Also, April 24, 2008 conversation with Professor and Law Librarian Paul Murphy, who was a member of the first graduating class. See also University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 19, 1969, page 3.
- ²⁹ Conversation with Professor and Law Librarian Paul Murphy of August 12, 2008.
- ³⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 12, 1969, page 1.
- ³¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. December 17, 1968, page 3. This is now the location of University Parking Lot "R". Email from Professor George Stewart to the author of August 21, 2008.
- ³² April 24, 2008 Conversation with Professor and Law Librarian Paul Murphy, who was a member of the first graduating class.
- ³³ Professor Roger Jacobs. "Major Milestone Reached." (October, 1970) vol. 2, no. 1 The Oyez, page 1.
- ³⁴ Ibid.
- ³⁵ Ibid.
- ³⁶ Ibid.
- ³⁷ Ibid.
- ³⁸ Susan Sherk, "Unique and Memorable Occasion Planned." (Spring 1970) vol.1, no.1 The Oyez, page 1. Professor George Stewart notes that Susan Sherk was the first female graduate of the University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Email from Professor George Stewart to the author of August 21, 2008.
- ³⁹ Dave Crowe, "Building Opening and Library Dedication: Circle of Freedom." (October 1970) vol. 2, no. 1. The Oyez, page 3.
- ⁴⁰ Chick Evans, "Convocation." (October 1970) vol. 2, no.1 The Oyez, page 3.
- ⁴¹ Donna Campbell. "Panel Discussion: Stimulating Academic Exercise." (October 1970) vol. 2, no.1 The Oyez, page 5.
- ⁴² Professor Roger Jacobs. "New Structure Provides for Students." (Spring, 1970) vol. 1, no. 1, The Oyez, page 2.
- ⁴³ Tarnopolsky, W. S. "The New Law School at the University of Windsor." (Autumn 1969) 19 U. of T. L. J.622 at 623.
- ⁴⁴ Jacobs, supra note 33.
- ⁴⁵ "At Law School: Public Service Theme Stressed." January 16, 1968, Windsor Star.
- ⁴⁶ Email from Ruth Deech, April 24, 2008
- ⁴⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. August 26 and 27, 1968, page 2.

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- ⁴⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 24, 1968, page 2.
- ⁴⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. December 4, 1968, page 2.
- ⁵⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 23, 1973, page 5.
- ⁵¹ As noted in. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Calendar 1995/97. page 21. For a copy of the "Disposition made by Convocation on the 9th of March 1973, of the Recommendations of the Special Committee on Legal Education," please see University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Supplement to the memorandum of Dean McLaren of April 6, 1973.
- ⁵² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 23, 1973, page 5.
- ⁵³ A copy of Dean Carter's letter is included as a supplement to the University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 13, 1972.
- ⁵⁴ Letter from Dean Carter, Ibid.
- ⁵⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 21, 1977, page 2 of Admissions Committee Report 1976-77.
- ⁵⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 17, 1986, page 3, Report of the Admissions Committee 1985-86, referring to changes that occurred in the prior academic year.
- ⁵⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Report of the Admissions Committee 1990-1991, September 19, 1991.
- ⁵⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 21, 1977, Admissions Committee Report 1976-77. Report received at University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 25, 1978, page 3.
- ⁵⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Calendar 1989/90, page 2.
- ⁶⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Report of the Admissions Committee, October 16, 1984.
- ⁶¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Report of the Admissions Committee 1988-89, page 5.
- ⁶² Interview with Professor Chris Wydrzynski of September 3, 2008.
- ⁶³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 11, 1995, page 3.
- ⁶⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Calendar 2000/2001, page 30.
- ⁶⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Calendar 1978/79, page 5-6.
- ⁶⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. August 26 and 27, 1968, page 2.
- ⁶⁷ Note that in 1968, students took two courses, Legislative Process and Constitutional Law, which were combined into a course on Public Law for the 1969/70 academic year. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 6, 1969, page 3.
- ⁶⁸ As noted in the notes of Roger Jacobs which accompany the University of Windsor, Faculty of Law Faculty Council Minutes, September 26, 1968. The original first-year required courses were set by the 1957 Law Society of Upper Canada required course list, as alluded to by the University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 24, 1968, page 2, and University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 6, 1969, page 3. The very first second year curriculum was decided at a meeting of Faculty Council on October 7th, 1968. Students were required to take 10 of the 16 courses offered in second-year. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 7, 1968, page 2. Judicial Process is mentioned in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 6, 1969, page 2.
- ⁶⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 14, 1968, page 2. Note that it was decided that the Legal Writing Program should receive credit like all other courses, instead of a Pass-Fail grade: University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 29, 1969, page 1.
- ⁷⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. December 4, 1968, page 3.
- ⁷¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 24, 1971, page 4.
- ⁷² Ibid.
- ⁷³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. December 1, 1971, page 5.
- ⁷⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. August 3, 1972, page 4.
- ⁷⁵ Ibid., page 3.
- ⁷⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 10, 1972, supplement.

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- ⁷⁷ Ibid., page 8.
- ⁷⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. December 1, 1972, page 4.
- ⁷⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 23, 1973, page 7.
- ⁸⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Summer Report of Dean McLaren July 18, 1973, page 3.
- ⁸¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 7, 1973, page 5.
- ⁸² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Summer Report from the Dean, July 18, 1973, page 2.
- ⁸³ They were: Fine, D. and McFarlan, T. as noted in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Report of the Nominating Committee of July 31, 1973.
- ⁸⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. December 5, 1973, supplement.
- ⁸⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. December 7, 1973, page 2.
- ⁸⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 9, 1974, page 1.
- ⁸⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. July 12, 1974, page 1.
- ⁸⁸ The course groupings were initially challenged at University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 25, 1975.
- ⁸⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 2, 1982, page 4.
- ⁹⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 18, 1975, page 2.
- ⁹¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 18, 1977, page 5.
- ⁹² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 3, 1980, page 4.
- ⁹³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 16, 1981, page 2.
- ⁹⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. May 19, 1981, page 2.
- ⁹⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. June 23, 1981, page 5.
- ⁹⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 2, 1982, page 5.
- ⁹⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 28, 1983, page 3.
- ⁹⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 8, 1988, page 3.
- ⁹⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 9, 1988, page 3.
- ¹⁰⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 21, 1989, page 2.
- ¹⁰¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 19, 1990, page 4.
- ¹⁰² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 16, 1990, page 3.
- ¹⁰³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. May 25, 1990, page 4.
- ¹⁰⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 20, 1991, page 3.
- ¹⁰⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 29, 1992, page 2.
- ¹⁰⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. May 22, 1992, page 1.
- ¹⁰⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 10, 1993, page 2. Proposals are available as a supplement to the Memorandum by R.W. Kerr, Chair, Academic Planning Committee dated February 8, 1993.
- ¹⁰⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. May 25, 1993, page 1.
- ¹⁰⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 13, 1994, page 2. See also May 11, 1994, page 1.
- ¹¹⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 18, 1995, page 2.
- ¹¹¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 29, 1995, page 3.
- ¹¹² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 6, 1996, page 1.
- ¹¹³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 3, 1996, page 1.
- ¹¹⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 13, 1996, page 2.
- ¹¹⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 12, 1997, page 3.
- ¹¹⁶ See chapter on Mediation Clinic for full details.
- ¹¹⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 16, 1998, page 3.
- ¹¹⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 20, 1999, page 3. Further details on this program are provided later in this work.
- ¹¹⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 11, 2000, page 2.

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- ¹²⁰ Ibid. page 1.
- ¹²¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. December 6, 2000, page 1.
- ¹²² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 10, 2001, page 2.
- ¹²³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 10, 2002, page 2.
- ¹²⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 15, 2003, page 1.
- ¹²⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Course Proposal by the Access to Justice Course Sub-Committee of November 2002. Committee composed of: Professor Wiseman (chair), Dean Elman, Professor Bogart, Professor West, Jeff Bell (student representative.)
- ¹²⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 11, 2004, page 2.
- ¹²⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. May 19, 2004, page 1 - 2.
- ¹²⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. December 8, 2004, page 2.
- ¹²⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 19, 2005, page 4.
- ¹³⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 9, 2005, page 1.
- ¹³¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 9, 2005, page 2.
- ¹³² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 13, 2005, page 2.
- ¹³³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 9, 2005, page 3. Confirmed via email of Professor Menezes of August 19, 2008.
- ¹³⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 12, 2006, page 3.
- ¹³⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 9, 2008, page 2.
- ¹³⁶ This quote was taken from an email from Bill Trudell dated May 4, 2008. Bill Trudell was called to the Bar in 1973. From 1973-1976, he practised with Osler, Hoskin & Harcourt in Toronto. Since 1977 he has been in private practice in Toronto. He is certified as Specialist in Criminal Litigation and has held a number of offices in professional associations such as the Ontario Criminal Lawyers' Association and the Advocate's Society. He is an active supporter of the International Criminal Bar. In October 2004 he was inducted as a Fellow into the American College of Trial Lawyers in St. Louis, Missouri. In February 2005, Mr. Trudell received the Law Times' first Lawyer of the Year Award.
- ¹³⁷ Thank you to Jim Yaworsky for reviewing this segment.
- ¹³⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 19, 1969, page 3.
- ¹³⁹ W. Trudell. "Thoughts on Survival." (Spring, 1970) 1(1)The Oyez 8.
- ¹⁴⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 9, 1970, page 1.
- ¹⁴¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 9, 1970, page 3.
- ¹⁴² Law Society of Upper Canada. Abridged Minutes of Convocation. November 20, 1970. Report of the Legal Aid Programme Committee. Page cccxliii - cccxliv.
- ¹⁴³ As reported by Professor George Stewart to Faculty Council. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 20, 1971, page 2.
- ¹⁴⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 10, 1971, page 4.
- ¹⁴⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 10, 1971, page 1.
- ¹⁴⁶ Law Society of Upper Canada. Abridged Minutes of Convocation. April 21, 1972. Report of the Legal Aid Committee, pages cxxiv-cxxv.
- ¹⁴⁷ Law Society of Upper Canada. Abridged Minutes of Convocation. March 16, 1973. Report of the Legal Aid Committee, page lxxxix.
- ¹⁴⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 5, 1972 (supplement).
- ¹⁴⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 8, 1972, page 2.
- ¹⁵⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. December 1, 1972, page 3.
- ¹⁵¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Minutes of the Student Legal Aid Sub-Committee of Faculty Council of March 26, 1974.
- ¹⁵² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 17, 1974, page 2.
- ¹⁵³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. July 19, 1974, page 3.
- ¹⁵⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 29, 1979, Outline of the Proposal Made to Academic Planning Committee, March 28, 1979.
- ¹⁵⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 3, 1980, page 5.

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- ¹⁵⁶ Summer of 1982. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 26, 1982, Appendix B.
- ¹⁵⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. August 25, 1981, page 2.
- ¹⁵⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. August 25, 1982, Report of CLA.
- ¹⁵⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 16, 1981, page 2.
- ¹⁶⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 16, 1981, page 2.
- ¹⁶¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 28, 1983, Annex A, page 2.
- ¹⁶² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. May 10, 1984, page 4.
- ¹⁶³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. August 2, 1984, page 3.
- ¹⁶⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 30, 1985, page 3.
- ¹⁶⁵ Email from Jim Yaworsky, received March 24, 2008.
- ¹⁶⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 17, 1986, Community Legal Aid Report.
- ¹⁶⁷ This paragraph was written by Jim Yaworsky in an email of August 7, 2008.
- ¹⁶⁸ Ibid.
- ¹⁶⁹ Ibid.
- ¹⁷⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 23, 1987, page 3.
- ¹⁷¹ Email from Jim Yaworsky of August 8, 2008.
- ¹⁷² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 12, 1988, page 4.
- ¹⁷³ Email from Jim Yaworsky of May 9, 2008.
- ¹⁷⁴ Email from Jim Yaworsky of August 8, 2008.
- ¹⁷⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 16, 1990, page 2.
- ¹⁷⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 14, 1990, page 4.
- ¹⁷⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 12, 1990, page 1.
- ¹⁷⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 18, 1991, page 2.
- ¹⁷⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. June 17, 1999, page 6, and confirmed by email from Jim Yaworsky of July 18, 2008.
- ¹⁸⁰ Email from Jim Yaworsky of July 18, 2008.
- ¹⁸¹ See for example University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Community Legal Aid Report of January 17, 2000.
- ¹⁸² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. August 3, 1972, page 2.
- ¹⁸³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 26, 1972, page 1 and 2.
- ¹⁸⁴ Email from Professor George Stewart, July 10, 2008.
- ¹⁸⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 19, 1973, page 1.
- ¹⁸⁶ Letter of May 7, 1973 from Peter DeCory to Dean McLaren, as included in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. May 11, 1973, preceding page 1.
- ¹⁸⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. May 11, 1973, page 1.
- ¹⁸⁸ The report is printed in: Law Society of Upper Canada. Abridged Minutes of Convocation. September 21, 1973, pages ccxlvii - ccli.
- ¹⁸⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. August 2, 1973, page 2.
- ¹⁹⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Summer Report of Dean McLaren July 18, 1973, page 1.
- ¹⁹¹ Ibid.
- ¹⁹² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 10, 1973, page 2.
- ¹⁹³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 12, 1973, page 3.
- ¹⁹⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 17, 1973, page 1.
- ¹⁹⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. "Tentative Outline for the Clinical Law Program 1974". Neil Gold. November 12, 1973.
- ¹⁹⁶ Ibid. page 1.
- ¹⁹⁷ Ibid. page 3.
- ¹⁹⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. December 5, 1973, page 3.

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- ¹⁹⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 5, 1974, page 2.
- ²⁰⁰ As noted in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Calendar 1997/99. page 17.
- ²⁰¹ Law Society of Upper Canada. Abridged Minutes of Convocation. February 15, 1974. Report of the Professional Conduct Committee, page liii. See also Law Society of Upper Canada. Minutes of Convocation. February 15, 1974. Report of the Sub-Committee in Relation to Advertising for the Downtown Windsor Community Law Project.
- ²⁰² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 2, 1979, page 2.
- ²⁰³ Law Society of Upper Canada. Abridged Minutes of Convocation. September 19, 1975. Report of the Legal Aid Committee, page ccxii - ccxiii.
- ²⁰⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. July 17, 1975, page 2.
- ²⁰⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. July 17, 1975, page 1.
- ²⁰⁶ Law Society of Upper Canada. Abridged Minutes of Convocation. September 19, 1975. Report of the Legal Aid Committee, page ccxviii.
- ²⁰⁷ Ibid.
- ²⁰⁸ Ibid., page ccli.
- ²⁰⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 27, 1975, page 1.
- ²¹⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 13, 1975, page 1.
- ²¹¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 16, 1976, L.A.W. Notice of Motion (supplement).
- ²¹² "In addition to having two professionally trained social workers, the Clinic has two students on field placement from Social Work working with law students, which adds a new dimension to this interdisciplinary approach." Report of Michael Ray. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 26, 1984, page 3.
- ²¹³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 23, 1976, page 3.
- ²¹⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 24, 1976, page 2.
- ²¹⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 15, 1977, page 2.
- ²¹⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 29, 1976, page 3.
- ²¹⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. December 17, 1976, page 2.
- ²¹⁸ It appears that funding for the French language program was obtained from OLAP. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 18, 1986, page 2; and that the program was slated to open in January, 1987. See University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 17, 1986. Director's Report - Clinical Program, page 6.
- ²¹⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 17, 1978, page 2.
- ²²⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 24, 1976, page 3.
- ²²¹ Yang, Norris, Dolores Blonde, Charles Wrock and Linda MacDonald. The Child's Ombudsman: A Feasibility Study. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law, Legal Assistance of Windsor, 1978.
- ²²² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 29, 1982, page 2.
- ²²³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 3, 1980, page 4.
- ²²⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 21, 1981, page 2.
- ²²⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 18, 1981, page 3.
- ²²⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. June 23, 1981, page 1.
- ²²⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. August 25, 1981, page 1.
- ²²⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Report of L.A.W. of 2001, page 3. See also Report of L.A.W. of October 2002, page 2.
- ²²⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 8, 2003, page 1 and 6.
- ²³⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 7, 1972, page 4.
- ²³¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 8, 1972, page 3.
- ²³² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. December 5, 1973, page 3.
- ²³³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. December 1, 1972, page 3.
- ²³⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 16, 1973, page 1.
- ²³⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. August 29, 1975, Ron Ianni CV, page 1.
- ²³⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 9, 1973, page 3.

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- ²³⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. August 2, 1973, page 2.
- ²³⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 7, 1973, page 1.
- ²³⁹ "The first public legal education organization in Canada was probably the People's Law School of British Columbia." As noted in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Ron Ianni, Response to the Bovey Commission, supplement to Minutes of August 2, 1984, page 2.
- ²⁴⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 10, 1973, page 2.
- ²⁴¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. July 17, 1975, page 2.
- ²⁴² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 24, 1976, page 3.
- ²⁴³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 25, 1978, page 4.
- ²⁴⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. December 5, 1973, page 3.
- ²⁴⁵ Please see Canadian Community Law Program Bibliography of Publications at the end of this publication for a complete list of pamphlets produced by this program.
- ²⁴⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 12, 1973, page 3.
- ²⁴⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 10, 1973, page 2.
- ²⁴⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 23, 1976, page 3.
- ²⁴⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 18, 1977, page 3.
- ²⁵⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 17, 1977, page 2.
- ²⁵¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 17, 1978, page 4.
- ²⁵² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 17, 1979, page 2.
- ²⁵³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 16, 1981, page 2.
- ²⁵⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 28, 1980, page 2.
- ²⁵⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. July 10, 1980, page 4.
- ²⁵⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 21, 1981, page 1.
- ²⁵⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 21, 1981, page 1.
- ²⁵⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. June 23, 1981, page 1.
- ²⁵⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 26, 1982, Appendix A.
- ²⁶⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. June 7, 1982, page 1.
- ²⁶¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 28, 1983, Annex A, page 2.
- ²⁶² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. May 10, 1984, page 4.
- ²⁶³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 23, 1987. Report to Faculty Council on the Community Law Program Journal Review Committee, page 4.
- ²⁶⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 27, 1985, page 3.
- ²⁶⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 17, 1986, Report of the Community Law Program, page 1-2.
- ²⁶⁶ *Ibid.*, page 2.
- ²⁶⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 23, 1987. Report to Faculty Council on the Community Law Program Journal Review Committee, page i. For more information about the Canadian Community Law Journal, please see the chapter on Journals.
- ²⁶⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 12, 1988, page 1.
- ²⁶⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Calendar 1991-1993. *The Dean's Message*. page 2.
- ²⁷⁰ Thank you to Julie Macfarlane and Gemma Smyth for their work in reviewing this segment.
- ²⁷¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. July 30, 1981, page 1.
- ²⁷² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. August 25, 1981, page 1.
- ²⁷³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 2, 1982, page 5.
- ²⁷⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 26, 1984, page 2.
- ²⁷⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 14, 1990, page 5.
- ²⁷⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. For the Record: Newsletter of the Dean and Associate Dean of Law, November 24, 1993, page 1.
- ²⁷⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. December 8, 1993, page 3.
- ²⁷⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. For the Record: Newsletter of the Dean, December 1, 1994, page 1.

²⁷⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. S.L.S. Headnotes. October 23, 1995, page 1.

²⁸⁰ See University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 7, 1997, supplement, Memorandum from Professor Macfarlane of April 16, 1997.

²⁸¹ Ibid. page 1 of the proposal.

²⁸² Ibid. pages 2-3 of the proposal.

²⁸³ Ibid. page 4 of the proposal.

²⁸⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. May 14, 1997, page 4.

²⁸⁵ The two preceding paragraphs were written primarily by Professor Julie Macfarlane, August, 2008.

²⁸⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. June 17, 1999, supplement.

²⁸⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Calendar 2000-2001. page 18.

²⁸⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 16, 2000, page 3.

²⁸⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Report of the U.W.M.S. of December 6, 2000.

²⁹⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Report of the U.W.M.S. of March 14, 2001.

²⁹¹ This paragraph was written by Gemma Smyth in an email to the author, of August 12, 2008.

²⁹² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 14, 2005, page 6.

²⁹³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 25, 2006, supplement U.W.M.S. report.

²⁹⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 8, 2006, page 4.

²⁹⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 11, 2007, page 5.

²⁹⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 10, 2007, page 4.

²⁹⁷ This paragraph was written by Gemma Smyth in an email of August 12, 2008.

²⁹⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Memorandum from Dean Westmoreland-Traoré of October 1, 1998, page 2.

²⁹⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 16, 2000, supplement.

³⁰⁰ Ibid.

³⁰¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. June 17, 1999, supplement.

³⁰² Ibid.

³⁰³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 9, 2005, notes that the Osler Hoskin Harcourt Internship funding was not renewed. The law calendar notes that the law faculty took over funding of the program.

³⁰⁴ As referred to in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 21, 1969, page 2.

³⁰⁵ Ibid.

³⁰⁶ Ibid. at page 3.

³⁰⁷ Ibid.

³⁰⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 7, 1979, page 2.

³⁰⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. August 2, 1984, page 3.

³¹⁰ See for example, this topic mentioned in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 9, 1996, page 5.

³¹¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Memorandum from Dean Westmoreland-Traoré on The Roundtable on Access to Affordable and Appropriate Law Related Services in 2020. Undated but bound with December 1998 memo.

³¹² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 11, 2000, page 2.

³¹³ University of Windsor. Daily News. July 2, 2002.

³¹⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. August 2, 1978, page 1.

³¹⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 3, 1980, page 4.

³¹⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 2, 1982, page 4.

³¹⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Calendar 2002-2004. *Message from the Dean*. page 2.

³¹⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 14, 2001, page 5. See also, University of Windsor, Daily News, October 16, 2008.

³¹⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 16, 1980, page 3.

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- ³²⁰ Thank you to Professor Myra Tawfik for her work in reviewing this segment. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 29, 1985, page 3.
- ³²¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 7, 1988, page 2.
- ³²² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. End of Year Report to the Faculty of Law July 1992.
- ³²³ As confirmed by Professor Myra Tawfik, in a memorandum of October 14, 2008, and confirmed by Professor George Stewart in an email dated October 17, 2008.
- ³²⁴ Visit the W.I.P.I.T. website at: http://web2.uwindsor.ca/S.L.S./W.I.P.I.T./?page_id=12 for more information.
- ³²⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 15, 2004 Agenda, page 2.
- ³²⁶ Visit the I.P.L.I.N. website at: <http://www.uwindsor.ca/I.P.L.I.N.> for more information.
- ³²⁷ "UWindsor Researchers Support Immigrant Entrepreneurs." May 5, 2008. University of Windsor Daily News.
- ³²⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 21, 1983, page 1-2.
- ³²⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 13, 1978, page 3.
- ³³⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 1, 1991, page 4.
- ³³¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Memorandum from the Academic Planning Committee, April 19, 1993.
- ³³² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 9, 1994, page 2.
- ³³³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Dean's Report November 11, 1998, page 3.
- ³³⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Memo from Professor Menezes of March 15, 1998.
- ³³⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Memo regarding Johnson CIT Seminar, supplement to October 11, 2000 Minutes.
- ³³⁶ Ibid.
- ³³⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Course Descriptions and Tentative Evaluation Methodologies 1999-2000, supplemental announcement.
- ³³⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Memorandum from Dean Berryman, July 12, 1993.
- ³³⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 29, 1995, supplement.
- ³⁴⁰ Ibid.
- ³⁴¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Prospectus 2004-2006, page 29.
- ³⁴² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 19, 2000, page 3.
- ³⁴³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 16, 2000, page 5.
- ³⁴⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 13, 2005, page 3.
- ³⁴⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 9, 2008, page 3.
- ³⁴⁶ Note that this segment is placed loosely in chronological order based on the dates that such initiatives first appear in the law calendars or in the faculty council minutes.
- ³⁴⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 3, 1972, page 4.
- ³⁴⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 13, 1972, page 1.
- ³⁴⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 28, 1983, page 3.
- ³⁵⁰ Confirmed via memorandum from Professor Irish to the author, of August 18, 2008.
- ³⁵¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. August 2, 1984, page 3.
- ³⁵² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 14, 1986, page 4.
- ³⁵³ See University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 21, 1989, page 2, and supplements. One supplement included therein is a memo from Professor Handl detailing the opportunity and initiatives.
- ³⁵⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. June 2, 1989, page 2.
- ³⁵⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Memorandum of the Dean November 5, 1990. Confirmed via email from Professor Berryman to the author, of August 28, 2008.
- ³⁵⁶ Ibid.
- ³⁵⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 9, 1990, page 2.
- ³⁵⁸ Confirmed via email of Professor Berryman to the author, of July 15, 2008.

³⁵⁹ Confirmed via memorandum from Professor Irish to the author, of August 18, 2008.

³⁶⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 9, 1990, page 2.

³⁶¹ Memorandum of Professor Irish, *supra* note 359. Also confirmed via email from Professor Berryman to the author, of August 28, 2008.

³⁶² *Ibid.*

³⁶³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. December 1, 1993, page 1.

³⁶⁴ Confirmed by Professor Irish via email to the author, of July 16, 2008.

³⁶⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Canadian-American Research Centre for Law and Policy. Annual Report, May, 2002. page 1.

³⁶⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 15, 2000, page 2.

³⁶⁷ Memorandum of Professor Irish, *supra*, note 359.

³⁶⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Canadian-American Research Centre for Law and Policy. Annual Report, May 2001, page 3.

³⁶⁹ Annual Report, May 2002, *supra* note 365, page 3.

³⁷⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Canadian-American Research Centre for Law and Policy. Annual Report 2004-2005, page 2.

³⁷¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 25, 2006, supplement.

³⁷² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 10, 2006, C.A.R.C. meeting minutes, also included in Canadian-American Research Centre for Law and Policy. Annual Report 2005-2006. Appendix D.

³⁷³ Confirmed via memorandum from Professor Irish of September 8, 2008.

³⁷⁴ *Ibid.* See also: University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 11, 1995, page 4.

³⁷⁵ Irish memorandum, *ibid.* See also: University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 14, 1998, page 2.

³⁷⁶ *Ibid.*

³⁷⁷ Annual Report, May 2001, *supra* note 368, page 5.

³⁷⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Committee and Administrative Assignments 2001-2002, Memorandum from Dean Elman of July 11, 2001.

³⁷⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Canadian-American Research Centre for Law and Policy. Annual Report 2002-2003. page 1. Also available as a supplement to University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 12, 2003.

³⁸⁰ *Ibid.*, at page 3.

³⁸¹ Annual Report 2004-2005. *supra* note 370, page 1.

³⁸² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Memorandum from Dean Elman of July 11, 2005, Committee and Administrative Appointments 2005-2006 .

³⁸³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Canadian-American Research Centre for Law and Policy. Centre for Transnational Law and Justice (CTLJ) [In Transition]. Annual Report 2007-2008.

³⁸⁴ This segment was drafted largely based on information provided on the C.A.R.C. website in the Events Archive which can be found online at <http://www.uwindsor.ca/CARC> . The contents of the Events Archive were drafted by Professor Irish.

³⁸⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 3, 1985, page 3.

³⁸⁶ Memorandum from Professor Irish, *supra* note 359.

³⁸⁷ The symposium was later published in: Irish, Maureen and Emily Carasco, eds. The Legal Framework for Canada-United States Trade. Toronto: Carswell, 1987.

³⁸⁸ Coffield and Campbell mentioned in: University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 15, 1991, page 2.

³⁸⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 11, 1995, page 4.

³⁹⁰ Irish Memorandum September 18, 2008, *supra* note 373.

³⁹¹ *Ibid.*

³⁹² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Memorandum of Dolores J. Blonde of February 15, 2000.

³⁹³ *Ibid.*

³⁹⁴ Annual Report of May 2002. *supra* note 365. The papers presented were later published in the Toledo Journal of Great Lakes' Law, Science and Policy.

³⁹⁵ *Ibid.*, page 2.

³⁹⁶ *Ibid.*, page 2-3.

³⁹⁷ *Ibid.*

³⁹⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 11, 2004, page 4.

³⁹⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 13, 2004, page 3.

⁴⁰⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 9, 2005, Calendar of Events, supplement to the Agenda.

⁴⁰¹ Memorandum of Professor Irish, *supra* note 359.

⁴⁰² Papers presented at the conference were later published as a collection. As noted in, Annual Report, May 2001, *supra* note 368. See George R. Stewart, Myra J. Tawfik & Maureen Irish (eds.) International Trade and Intellectual Property: The Search for a Balanced System. (Boulder, Colo.: Westview Press, 1994.)

⁴⁰³ Irish memorandum September 18, 2008, *supra* note 373.

⁴⁰⁴ Annual Report May 2001, *supra* note 368.

⁴⁰⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 10, 2003, page 3 - 4. The list of speakers who presented at the conference is reproduced in Annual Report of 2002/2003, *supra* note 379, at page 4. Papers presented at the conference were published in the University of Detroit Mercy Law Review and the Canadian Journal of Law and Technology.

⁴⁰⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. May 19, 2004, Agenda page 2.

⁴⁰⁷ Conference proceedings are available at: <http://cfl-x.uwindsor.ca/CARC/default.htm>

⁴⁰⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. May 18, 2005, page 3.

⁴⁰⁹ Papers from this conference are available on the C.A.R.C. website at <http://www.uwindsor.ca/CARC>

⁴¹⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 25, 2006, Agenda page 2.

⁴¹¹ Annual Report 2005-2006, *supra* note 372, page 2.

⁴¹² Annual Report of May 2001, *supra* note 368, page 5.

⁴¹³ Maureen Irish, (ed.) The Auto Pact: Investment, Labour and the W.T.O. Boston: Kluwer Academic Publishers, 2004.

⁴¹⁴ Thank you to Professor M. Lakshman Marasinghe for reviewing this segment.

⁴¹⁵ See Library and Archives Canada. Walter Surma Tarnopolsky fonds, archival description available online at: <http://www.archivescanada.ca/>

⁴¹⁶ Email from M. Lakshman Marasinghe of April 3, 2008.

⁴¹⁷ Email from M. Lakshman Marasinghe of April 3, 2008.

⁴¹⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 15, 1976, supplemental list of standing committees.

⁴¹⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. December 1, 1972, page 3.

⁴²⁰ The papers that resulted from this symposium are available in the Paul Martin Law Library, entered as follows: M. Lakshman Marasinghe and Julio Menezes, Food, Famine and the Legal Order: Proceedings. Symposium on Law and Development. (University of Windsor: 1977).

⁴²¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 17, 1979, page 3.

⁴²² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 17, 1989, page 4.

⁴²³ M. Lakshman Marasinghe, "Introducing Third World Legal Studies." (1982) Third World Legal Studies, iii at iii and iv.

⁴²⁴ A. Peter Mutharika, "Foreword: Introducing INTWORLSA." (1982) Third World Legal Studies, i.

⁴²⁵ *Ibid.*

⁴²⁶ Marasinghe, *supra* note 423 at iii.

⁴²⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. June 2, 1989, page 2.

⁴²⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. December 8, 1989, page 3.

See also the ad hoc committee report of October 30, 1989, and the revised draft proposal of December 5, 1989 in the same volume.

⁴²⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Centre for Law in Aid of Development proposal dated December 5, 1989.

⁴³⁰ Ibid.

⁴³¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 19, 1990, page 4.

⁴³² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 16, 1990, page 3.

⁴³³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 9, 1990, page 2.

⁴³⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 1, 1991, page 5.

⁴³⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 17, 1992, page 4.

⁴³⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 20, 1995, page 1.

⁴³⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 11, 1995, page 3.

⁴³⁸ Email from Professor Julio Menezes, April 7, 2008.

⁴³⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 14, 2001, page 3.

⁴⁴⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 19, 2005, Agenda page 2.

⁴⁴¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 10, 2006, Minutes of the C.A.R.C. meeting.

⁴⁴² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 19, 1973, page 2.

⁴⁴³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Report of the Nominating Committee, July 31, 1973.

⁴⁴⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 12, 1973, page 5.

⁴⁴⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 17, 1973, page 4.

⁴⁴⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 8, 1974, page 3.

⁴⁴⁷ Ibid.

⁴⁴⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 28, 1977, page 5.

⁴⁴⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 18, 1977, page 1-2.

⁴⁵⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 17, 1978, page 1-2..

⁴⁵¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 2, 1979, page 4.

⁴⁵² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 28, 1983, page 3.

⁴⁵³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 23, 1986, page 1.

⁴⁵⁴ Conversation with Emily Carasco, May, 2008.

⁴⁵⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 2, 1986, "Call for Papers" supplement.

⁴⁵⁶ A copy of the tentative schedule for the panel, dated November 27, 1987, is included in: University of Windsor, Faculty of Law Faculty Council Minutes. November 27, 1987, supplement.

⁴⁵⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 12, 1988, page 3.

⁴⁵⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Connections: Feminist Legal Theory Lecture Series flyer, September 1993.

⁴⁵⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 15, 2000, page 6.

⁴⁶⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 13, 2002 Agenda, page 2.

⁴⁶¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 12, 2003, Agenda, page 2.

⁴⁶² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 14, 2004, Agenda page 2.

⁴⁶³ Ibid., page 1.

⁴⁶⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 9, 2005, Calendar of Events, supplement to the Agenda.

⁴⁶⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 25, 2006, Agenda page 2.

⁴⁶⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 17, 1974. Supplement. "A Brief to the Task Force on Legal Aid presented by Legal Assistance of Windsor and Community Law Program. April 1974".

⁴⁶⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 18, 1977, page 4.

⁴⁶⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 25, 1978, page 4.

⁴⁶⁹ The Board of Governors consisted of: Ed Baillargeon, Alan A. Borovoy, Douglas R. Chalke, Iniiis M. Christie, The Hon. Peter deCarteret Cory, Clifford Evans, Douglas Forgie, John L. Fryer, Patrick G. Furlong, Q.C., Ronald W. Ianni, Q.C., Raymond Koskie, Q.C., Rudy Kotapski, Kenneth J. Kutz, Brian M. Mazer, Ewart O'Hara, Jim O'Neil,

Roland Penner, Q.C., V.L. Pinchin, The Hon. Sydney L. Robins, Robert G. Smethurst, Q.C., E. David D. Tavender, Q.C., K. LeRoy Taylor, Q.C., F.R. Thomas, W.W. Towill, John Webel, John W. Whiteside, Q.C., William A. Wilkinson, Larry C. Wilson, W.H.M. Wilson, Warren K. Winkler, Q.C., Christopher J. Wydrzynski. Diana Majury was the Executive Director. This information was provided by Professor Wydrzynski.

⁴⁷⁰ See for example, Larry C. Wilson and Chris J. Wydrzynski, "Prepaid Legal Services: Legal Representation for the Canadian Middle Class." (1978) 28 U. of T. L.J. 25.

⁴⁷¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. August 28, 1979, page 2.

⁴⁷² Phone interview with Stephen Ginsberg, Executive Director, CAW Legal Services Plan, March 12, 2008.

⁴⁷³ Wydrzynski interview, supra note 62.

⁴⁷⁴ Ibid.

⁴⁷⁵ Ibid.

⁴⁷⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Calendar 2002-2004. page 28.

⁴⁷⁷ See for example, Ronald W. Ianni, Report of the Task Force on Paralegals. Ontario: Ministry of the Attorney General, 1990. The primary drafter of the report was Professor Chris Wydrzynski.

⁴⁷⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 14, 1986, page 2.

⁴⁷⁹ The full proposal for this Institute can be found at: University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 20, 1987, Proposal Re: Commonwealth Institute for Legal Education and Training, page 4.

⁴⁸⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Faculty of Law Goals and Objectives (2nd Draft) 2002-2003.

⁴⁸¹ Tarnopolsky, W. S. "The New Law School at the University of Windsor." (Autumn 1969) 19 U. of T. L. J. 622 at 623.

⁴⁸² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 17, 1973, page 1.

⁴⁸³ Michael O. Garvey. "Law School's Associate Dean Roger Jacobs Receives Honor." University of Notre Dame. May 22, 2007. Online at: <http://newsinfo.nd.edu/content.cfm?topicid=23048>

⁴⁸⁴ April 24, 2008 Conversation with Professor and Law Librarian Paul Murphy, who was a member of the first graduating class.

⁴⁸⁵ "U. of W. Law School Gets First Bequest." May 31, 1967, The Windsor Star.

⁴⁸⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 7, 1970, page 2.

⁴⁸⁷ Brian Vallee, "Law Building Officially Opened," September 25, 1970 The Windsor Star, at page 6.

⁴⁸⁸ University of Windsor, Paul Martin Law Library, Annual Report 2006-2007.

⁴⁸⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 3, 1971, page 3.

⁴⁹⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. August 3, 1972, page 2.

⁴⁹¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. December 15, 1978, page 2.

⁴⁹² Conversation with Professor and Law Librarian Paul Murphy August 13, 2008.

⁴⁹³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 22, 1983, page 1.

⁴⁹⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 26, 1983, page 4.

⁴⁹⁵ Conversation with Professor and Law Librarian Paul Murphy of August 13, 2008.

⁴⁹⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. July 17, 1975, page 1.

⁴⁹⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 18, 1977, page 1.

⁴⁹⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 9, 1988, page 3.

⁴⁹⁹ Conversation with Professor and Law Librarian Paul Murphy of August 13, 2008.

⁵⁰⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Memo from Dean Berryman of January 16, 1992.

⁵⁰¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 24, 1976, page 3. Also University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 29, 1976, page 3.

⁵⁰² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 18, 1977, page 3.

⁵⁰³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 21, 1977, page 4.

⁵⁰⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 13, 1978, page 3.

⁵⁰⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 23, 1987, Report to Faculty Council on the Community Law Program Journal Review Committee, page 3.

⁵⁰⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 25, 1981, page 2.

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- ⁵⁰⁷ Actually, Professor Conklin reported "that the students wished the Community Law Journal be more academically oriented; that they had instituted a refereeing process in which faculty members would participate; that a new constitution for the Journal was being prepared and would be delivered to the members of Faculty Council for review." in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 29, 1985, page 4.
- ⁵⁰⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. May 22, 1986, page 3.
- ⁵⁰⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 23, 1987, Report of the Community Law Program Journal Review Committee, page 3.
- ⁵¹⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 17, 1986, Report of the Community Law Program, page 2.
- ⁵¹¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 23, 1987. Report to Faculty Council on the Community Law Program Journal Review Committee, page i.
- ⁵¹² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 20, 1987, page 2.
- ⁵¹³ The motion was actually passed in October, see: University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 9, 1987, page 2.
- ⁵¹⁴ The original motion in support of a student run independent legal academic publication was carried at: University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 30, 1987, page 2.
- ⁵¹⁵ O'Reilly, Mary Pat. "Introduction". (1989) 1 Windsor Review of Legal and Social Issues.
- ⁵¹⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 12, 1973, page 2.
- ⁵¹⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 10, 1973, page 6.
- ⁵¹⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. December 7, 1973, page 2.
- ⁵¹⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 24, 1974, page 2.
- ⁵²⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 27, 1975, page 1.
- ⁵²¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. May 16, 1979, page 2.
- ⁵²² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. August 28, 1979, page 2.
- ⁵²³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 28, 1979, page 2.
- ⁵²⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 30, 1980, page 2.
- ⁵²⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Report of the Editorial Structure Committee. March 1980.
- ⁵²⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. May 23, 1980, page 2.
- ⁵²⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 18, 1981, page 3.
- ⁵²⁸ The information contained in the preceding paragraphs was taken from an interview with Julio Menezes March 13, 2008.
- ⁵²⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Letter from Dean Elman to W.Y.A.J. subscribers of July 12, 2005.
- ⁵³⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 17, 1986, page 4.
- ⁵³¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 14, 1990, supplement.
- ⁵³² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. End of Year Report to the Faculty of Law July 1990-91, July 30, 1991, page 2.
- ⁵³³ A copy of the vol.3, no.3 (November 4, 1991) issue is included in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes.
- ⁵³⁴ This publication was created under the initiative of Dean Berryman and was first published in 1991 - 1993. A copy of it has been bound with University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 1993.
- ⁵³⁵ Started by students in 1996, the inaugural issue of February 6, 1996, is bound with University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. 1996.
- ⁵³⁶ This is the current alumni magazine of the Faculty of Law. It is first mentioned in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 9, 1996, page 3.
- ⁵³⁷ In response to student suggestions, Windsor Law launched a new on-line communications vehicle in March 2007 that brings an assortment of information to the students on a regular basis. Thank you to Mary Mitchell for her assistance with this and other information gathering for this project.
- ⁵³⁸ Bob Mullin, "Gift Creates Lecture Series," (Spring 1970) vol. 1, no. 1 The Oyez, page 10.

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- ⁵³⁹ Ibid. See also, John N. Turner, Law for the Seventies: A Manifesto for Law Reform. Notes for an Address Given as the Inaugural Lecture in the George M. Duck Annual Lecture Series. March 4, 1970. The address, press release and program have been bound together and added to the collection of the Paul Martin Law Library.
- ⁵⁴⁰ E. Patrick Hartt, "Some Thoughts on the Criminal Law and the Future," (1973) 51 Can. Bar Rev. 59.
- ⁵⁴¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Letter from Dean McLaren July 18, 1973, page 5. It appears that the typed notes from his lecture are also on file in a folder in the Paul Martin Law Library reserves section at call number Cas185.
- ⁵⁴² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 9, 1974, page 2.
- ⁵⁴³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Letter from Dean McLaren July 18, 1973, page 5.
- ⁵⁴⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 23, 1975, page 1.
- ⁵⁴⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 14, 1975, page 3.
- ⁵⁴⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 18, 1977, page 1.
- ⁵⁴⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 25, 1978, page 1.
- ⁵⁴⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 26, 1979, page 1.
- ⁵⁴⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 28, 1980, page 2.
- ⁵⁵⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 25, 1981, page 4. It appears that the typed notes from his lecture are also on file in a folder in the Paul Martin Law Library reserves section at call number Cas185.
- ⁵⁵¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 26, 1982, page 4.
- ⁵⁵² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 29, 1983, page 5.
- ⁵⁵³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 20, 1984, page 4.
- ⁵⁵⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 29, 1985, page 2.
- ⁵⁵⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 27, 1985, page 1.
- ⁵⁵⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 2, 1986, page 4.
- ⁵⁵⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 18, 1987, page 4.
- ⁵⁵⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Memo from Dean Gold, August 22, 1989.
- ⁵⁵⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 14, 1990, page 5.
- ⁵⁶⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 19, 1990, page 4.
- ⁵⁶¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 18, 1991, page 2.
- ⁵⁶² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 17, 1992, page 4. See also For the Record: Newsletter of the Dean and Associate Dean of Law, March 3, 1992, page 2.
- ⁵⁶³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 10, 1993, page 3.
- ⁵⁶⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 12, 1994, page 3.
- ⁵⁶⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 9, 1994, page 1.
- ⁵⁶⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 8, 1995, page 5.
- ⁵⁶⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 13, 1995, page 3.
- ⁵⁶⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Memorandum from Dean Gold, January 16, 1996.
- ⁵⁶⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 8, 1997, page 3.
- ⁵⁷⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. May 14, 1998, page 3.
- ⁵⁷¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 10, 1999, page 2.
- ⁵⁷² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 13, 2000, Agenda page 2.
- ⁵⁷³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 14, 2004, Agenda page 2.
- ⁵⁷⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 13, 1972, page 2.
- ⁵⁷⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Letter from Dean McLaren July 18, 1973, page 5.
- ⁵⁷⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 12, 1973, page 4.
- ⁵⁷⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. August 2, 1973, page 3.
- ⁵⁷⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 5, 1974, page 5.
- ⁵⁷⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 23, 1975, page 3.

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- ⁵⁸⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 28, 1977, pages 5- 6.
- ⁵⁸¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 29, 1976, page 2, see also the notations made on the Agenda to that meeting.
- ⁵⁸² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 21, 1977, page 5.
- ⁵⁸³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. December 9, 1977, page 3.
- ⁵⁸⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Report of the Windsor/Wayne Liaison Committee, March 21, 1978, page 1.
- ⁵⁸⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 25, 1978, page 2.
- ⁵⁸⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 28, 1979, page 2.
- ⁵⁸⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 26, 1980, page 3.
- ⁵⁸⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 29, 1982, page 3.
- ⁵⁸⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 26, 1983, page 2.
- ⁵⁹⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 20, 1984, page 4.
- ⁵⁹¹ Email from Professor Carasco to the author, May 14, 2009.
- ⁵⁹² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 30, 1985, page 3.
- ⁵⁹³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 14, 1986, page 3.
- ⁵⁹⁴ An email from Wayne State University Law Library to the author, of June 17, 2008 confirmed that David Adamany was President at that time.
- ⁵⁹⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 14, 1986, page 6.
- ⁵⁹⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 22, 1988, page 4. Also confirmed by email from Professor Dick Moon to the author, of June 17, 2008.
- ⁵⁹⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 17, 1989, page 4.
- ⁵⁹⁸ As alluded to in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 17, 2008, and confirmed by Professor Bogart in an email to the author, of June 27, 2008.
- ⁵⁹⁹ Email from Professor Etherington, July 15, 2008. See also, University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. For the Record: Newsletter of the Dean and Associate Dean of Law, March 3, 1992, page 2 (This publication indicates a presentation date of March 23, 1992.)
- ⁶⁰⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 6, 1992, page 5.
- ⁶⁰¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 25, 2006, Agenda page 2.
- ⁶⁰² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. December 13, 2006, Agenda page 2.
- ⁶⁰³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 25, 1981, page 3.
- See also: Vining, Joseph. "Justice and the Bureaucratization of Appellate Courts." (1982) 2 W. Y. A. J. 3.
- ⁶⁰⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 26, 1982, page 4. See also, Report of Windsor Yearbook of Access to Justice, April 15, 1982, page 2.
- ⁶⁰⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 26, 1983, page 3. See also: Penner, Roland. "Constraints on the Political Will." (1984) 4 W.Y.A.J. 355.
- ⁶⁰⁶ Name and topic were not noted. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 17, 1984, page 3.
- ⁶⁰⁷ Palmer, Geoffrey. "The Growing Irrelevance of the Civil Courts." (1985) 5 W.Y.A.J. 327.
- ⁶⁰⁸ Baum, Gregory. "Human Rights and Liberation Theology." (1986) 6 W.Y.A.J. 327.
- ⁶⁰⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 29, 1985, page 4.
- ⁶¹⁰ Twining, William. "Access to Legal Education and the Legal Profession: A Commonwealth Perspective." (1987) 7 W.Y.A.J. 157.
- ⁶¹¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 9, 1988, supplement.
- ⁶¹² Nader, Laura. "The A.D.R. Explosion - The Implications of Rhetoric in Legal Reform." (1988) 8 W.Y.A.J. 269.
- ⁶¹³ Glasbeek, H.J. "A No-Frills Look at the Charter of Rights and Freedoms or How Politicians and Lawyers Hide Reality." (1989) 9 W.Y.A.J. 293.
- ⁶¹⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Guests and Events 1989-90, marked revised September 5, 1989. See also, Galanter. "Bhopals, Past and Present: The Changing Legal Response to Mass Disaster." (1990) 10 W.Y.A.J. 151.
- ⁶¹⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 14, 1990, page 5.

Russell, Peter H. "The Politics of Law." (1991) 11 W.Y.A.J. 127.

⁶¹⁶ Burt, Sandra. "What's Fair? Changing Feminist Perceptions of Justice in English Canada." (1992) 12 W.Y.A.J. 337.

⁶¹⁷ Her topic was "Accommodating Difference in Canada: The First Peoples' Constitutional Package." No corresponding article appears in W.Y.A.J.. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Memo from Pat Hanadek, W.Y.A.J. Editor, of October 19, 1992.

⁶¹⁸ Handler, Joel F. "The Politics of Structure: Decentralization and Empowerment." (1993) 13 W.Y.A.J. 239.

⁶¹⁹ Franklin, Ursula M. C.C. F.R.S.C. "New Issues of Access to Justice Raised by Modern Technology." (1994) 14 W.Y.A.J. 243.

⁶²⁰ Bayefsky, Anne F. "The U.N. Human Rights Treaties: Facing the Implementation Crisis." (1996) 15 W.Y.A.J. 189.

⁶²¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 13, 1996, page 4.

⁶²² Arbour, Justice Louise. "The Need for an Independent and Effective Prosecutor in the Permanent International Criminal Court." (1999) 17 W.Y.A.J. 207.

⁶²³ Sarat, Austin. "Pain, Powerlessness, and the Promises of Interdisciplinary Legal Scholarship: An Idiosyncratic, Autobiographical Account of Conflict and Continuity." (2000) 18 W.Y.A.J. 187.

⁶²⁴ Wildsmith, Bruce H. Q.C. "Vindicating Mi'kmaq Rights: The Struggle Before, During and After Marshall." (2001) 19 W.Y.A.J. 203.

⁶²⁵ Rotman, Leonard. "Editor-in-Chief's Preface". (2002) 21 W.Y.A.J. vii. See also, Sharpe, Justice Robert J. "Brian Dickson, The Supreme Court of Canada, and the Charter of Rights: A Biographical Sketch." (2002) 21 W.Y.A.J. 603.

⁶²⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 14, 2004 Agenda page 2.

⁶²⁷ Fitzpatrick, Peter. "Access as Justice." (2005) 23 W.Y.A.J. 3.

⁶²⁸ McCormack, Bridget. "Economic Incarceration." (2007) 25 W.Y.A.J. 223.

⁶²⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Memo from Professor Conklin of September 12, 2007.

⁶³⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 26, 1982, page 4.

⁶³¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. August 26, 1982, page 3.

⁶³² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 2, 1986, page 2.

⁶³³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 22, 1988, page 5. A photo of Halstead appears in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Calendar 1988/89, page 8.

⁶³⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Memo from Dean Gold, October 30, 1989.

⁶³⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. July 17, 1990, page 4.

⁶³⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. For the Record: Newsletter of the Dean and Associate Dean of Law, September 4, 1991. Confirmed via email from Jeff Berryman of August 12, 2008.

⁶³⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 13, 1993, page 4.

⁶³⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 8, 1995, page 3.

⁶³⁹ As announced at University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 12, 1997, page 4.

⁶⁴⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 16, 1998, page 4.

⁶⁴¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 9, 2005, page 2.

⁶⁴² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 29, 1985, page 4. For a full history of the life of Bernard Cohn, as well as a history of the trust fund and the full text of the lectures given from 1987 onwards, see: Edward L. Greenspan, Q.C. Counsel for the Defence: The Bernard Cohn Memorial Lectures in Criminal Law. Toronto: Irwin Law, 2005.

⁶⁴³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 2, 1986, page 4. Note that the title of most speaker's topics have been reproduced from Greenspan, Ibid.

⁶⁴⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 9, 1988, supplement.

⁶⁴⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 16, 1990, page 3.

⁶⁴⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Guests and Events 1989-90, marked revised September 5, 1989.

- ⁶⁴⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. For the Record: Newsletter of the Dean and Associate Dean of Law, January 8, 1992, page 2. See also Minutes. November 1, 1991, page 3.
- ⁶⁴⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 10, 1993, page 3.
- ⁶⁴⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 9, 1994, page 4.
- ⁶⁵⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 11, 1995, page 2 & 3.
- ⁶⁵¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 8, 1997, page 4.
- ⁶⁵² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 9, 1996, page 3.
- ⁶⁵³ As noted in Greenspan, supra note 642.
- ⁶⁵⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 13, 1999, page 5.
- ⁶⁵⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 13, 2000, Agenda page 2.
- ⁶⁵⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 10, 2001, Agenda, page 2.
- ⁶⁵⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 11, 2002, page 4.
- ⁶⁵⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 11, 2004, Agenda page 2.
- ⁶⁵⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 14, 2004, page 5.
- ⁶⁶⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 13, 2005, page 3.
- ⁶⁶¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 13, 2006 Agenda page 2.
- ⁶⁶² The Herb Gray Lecture list of speakers was compiled with the Assistance of Dean Elman.
- ⁶⁶³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. June 8, 2005, supplement Calendar of Events.
- ⁶⁶⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 25, 2006, Agenda page 2.
- ⁶⁶⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. December 5, 2007, Calendar of Events page 8.
- ⁶⁶⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 12, 1969, page 2.
- ⁶⁶⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 17, 1974. Supplement.
- ⁶⁶⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. December 9, 1977, page 2.
- ⁶⁶⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 13, 1978, page 1.
- ⁶⁷⁰ Ibid., page 3.
- ⁶⁷¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 17, 1986, page 5. This committee consisted of: Honorary Chairs: President R.W. Ianni, Dr. J.F. Leddy, The Hon. Paul Martin and Chancellor Richard Rohmer. Honorary Vice-Chairs: The Hon. W. Justice Mark MacGuigan, The Hon. Mr. Justice Walter Tarnopolsky, Dean Neil Gold, Professor Robert Kerr, Professor John McLaren, Professor Julio Menezes. Patrons: The Hon. Mme Justice Bertha Wilson, The Hon. Mr. Justice Donald Morand, The Hon. Carl Zalev, Justice John Brockenshire, Mr. Charles Clark, Mr. Patrick Furlong, Professor John McAuliffe, Mr. John McGivney, Mr. Walter McGregor, Mr. Leon Z. MacPherson, Mr. Lawrence McRae. Class Presidents: '69 Donald Sayles, '70 William Trudell, '71 Paul Macklin, '72 Bruce Frazer, '73 Dare Pearce, '74 Anthony Keller, '75 Stephen Jarrett, '76 William Buchner, '77 Steven Levitan, '78 Tyler Higgins, '79 Richard Halinda, '80 Jeffrey Silver, '81 Kevin Sisk, '82 William Houst, '83 Jane Milanetti, '84 Michael Forcier, '85 Catherine Reid, '86 David Sussman, '87 Christine Wunder, '88 Brad Hodgson. See the letterhead used for the October 13, 1988 Memorandum from Dean Neil Gold to All Faculty. Subject: Faculty Positions - Recruitment 1988/89. In University of Windsor, Faculty of Law, Faculty Council Minutes.
- ⁶⁷² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 18, 1987, page 4.
- ⁶⁷³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. June 2, 1989, page 2.
- ⁶⁷⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 21, 1994, page 4.
- ⁶⁷⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Memorandum from Acting President Gordon Wood of September 9, 1997.
- ⁶⁷⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. May 14, 1998, page 3.
- ⁶⁷⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Events Calendar September 28-30, 2007.
- ⁶⁷⁸ University of Windsor. Memo from the Office of Information Services. vol. IV, no.30, April 17, 1967.
- ⁶⁷⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Letter from Dean McLaren, October 25, 1973.
- ⁶⁸⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 19, 1973, supplement.
- ⁶⁸¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. June 7, 1982, page 1.
- ⁶⁸² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 25, 1975, page 1.

⁶⁸³ For a list of the new hires for this year, see: University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 27, 1975, page 2. See also the list of attendees to Faculty Council in: University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 4, 1975, page 1.

⁶⁸⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. June 23, 1981, page 4.

⁶⁸⁵ Noted as in attendance at University of Windsor, Faculty Council. Faculty Council Minutes. March 28, 1980, page 1.

⁶⁸⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. May 23, 1980, page 1.

⁶⁸⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. December 8, 1993, page 2.

⁶⁸⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. August 31, 1983, supplement, Report of P.V. Cassano.

⁶⁸⁹ "The Chairman reported that Ms. Rose Voyvodic had succeeded Mr. John Pistor as Supervisor of the Community Legal Aid Program effective July 1st." University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. August 2, 1984, page 3.

⁶⁹⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 30, 1985, page 2.

⁶⁹¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 2, 1986, page 3.

⁶⁹² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Academic Calendar 2006-2008, pages 10-11.

⁶⁹³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. July 22, 1999, page 4.

⁶⁹⁴ Confirmed by Professor Weir on September 2, 2008.

⁶⁹⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 20, 1987, page 3.

⁶⁹⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. May 3, 1988, page 3. Salter and Acorn were Limited Term Appointments. Lois MacDonald was the Legal Research and Writing Instructor for one year, and then entered tenure track status. Confirmed by email from Provost and VP Academic Neil Gold of August 15, 2008, and email from Professor Brian Mazer of August 19, 2008.

⁶⁹⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 14, 1990, page 2.

⁶⁹⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. July 6, 1994, page 1.

⁶⁹⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Report of the Appointments Committee to Faculty Council, May 14, 1998. Confirmed via email from Professor Rotman of August 14, 2008.

⁷⁰⁰ Note that Howard, Ocheje and Schulz were originally hired as limited term appointments in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. June 27, 2000, page 1.

⁷⁰¹ As confirmed by email from Professor Ocheje of August 14, 2008.

⁷⁰² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. June 17, 1999, supplement.

⁷⁰³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Memorandum from Dean Elman of February 16, 2001.

⁷⁰⁴ Weiler, DeMarco, Hecht, and Schwartz were first mentioned as sessional instructors in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. June 20, 2001, page 1.

⁷⁰⁵ Confirmed by email from Professor Pillay of August 20, 2008.

⁷⁰⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 31, 2003, page 2.

⁷⁰⁷ Email from Daniel Perlin of July 29, 2008.

⁷⁰⁸ As confirmed by email from Professor Jacobs of August 13, 2008.

⁷⁰⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 24, 2008, page 2.

⁷¹⁰ Conversation with Michael Watters, Wednesday May 14, 2008.

⁷¹¹ Confirmed by email from Professor George Stewart of August 14, 2008.

⁷¹² Listed in the 1980/81 Law Calendar and then again in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. July 6, 1994, page 1.

⁷¹³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. August 2, 1984, page 3.

⁷¹⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 9, 1987, supplement.

⁷¹⁵ Wilson and Strosberg are both mentioned as Special Lecturers for 1983/84 in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Memo from P.V. Cassano 1983 entitled "Special Lecturers in the Faculty of Law - 1983-84" Supplement to August 31, 1983, Faculty Council Minutes.

⁷¹⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. August 2, 1984, page 2.

⁷¹⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. August 2, 1984, page 3.

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- ⁷¹⁸ Email from Jim Yaworsky of May 9, 2008.
- ⁷¹⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 2, 1986, page 2.
- ⁷²⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. May 3, 1988, supplement.
- ⁷²¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. May 3, 1988, supplement.
- ⁷²² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. June 2, 1989, page 3.
- ⁷²³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. July 17, 1990, page 2.
- ⁷²⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. End of Year Report to the Faculty of Law July 1992, page 4.
- ⁷²⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 1, 1991, page 4.
- ⁷²⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 1, 1991, page 4.
- ⁷²⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. May 24, 1991, Agenda.
- ⁷²⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. June 8, 1994, page 1.
- ⁷²⁹ Ken Campbell (then a lawyer in the criminal appeals division of the AG's office) and Michael Brown (then Head of discipline prosecution for the L.S.U.C.) are noted as being the teachers of the Advanced Criminal course in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. For the Record: Newsletter of the Dean and Associate Dean of Law, November 24, 1993, page 1.
- ⁷³⁰ A copy of her CV is attached a supplement to University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Memorandum re: Special Meeting of Faculty Council, April 23, 1993.
- ⁷³¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 30, 1993.
- ⁷³² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Notice of Meeting, June 8, 1994, supplement.
- ⁷³³ Professor at the University of Detroit Mercy Law School who was brought in to teach Advanced International Law. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 21, 1994, page 2.
- ⁷³⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. July 19, 1993, page 1.
- ⁷³⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. July 6, 1994, page 1.
- ⁷³⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 13, 1996, page 2.
- ⁷³⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. May 14, 1998, supplement, Proposed Sessional Appointments 1998-1999.
- ⁷³⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Memo from Acting Dean Gold, supplement to Agenda June 17, 1996.
- ⁷³⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Memorandum from Dean Gold, January 5, 1996. Note: includes CV.
- ⁷⁴⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 13, 1996, page 2.
- ⁷⁴¹ Some appointments noted in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 12, 1997, page 3.
- ⁷⁴² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 20, 1999, page 4.
- ⁷⁴³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 14, 1998, page 1.
- ⁷⁴⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. May 14, 1998, supplement, Proposed Sessional Appointments 1998-1999.
- ⁷⁴⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 20, 1999, page 4.
- ⁷⁴⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. June 27, 2000, page 1.
- ⁷⁴⁷ Wong and Goldstein first mentioned in: University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. December 6, 2000, page 3.
- ⁷⁴⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. August 8, 2001, page 1.
- ⁷⁴⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 12, 2001, page 1.
- ⁷⁵⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 10, 2005, supplement.
- ⁷⁵¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. June 6, 2001, page 1.
- ⁷⁵² Cross and Lessard first mentioned in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. December 4, 2002, page 2.
- ⁷⁵³ See University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. May 14, 2003, supplement.
- ⁷⁵⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. July 2, 2003, page 1.
- ⁷⁵⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. May 19, 2004, Agenda page 1.

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- ⁷⁵⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. May 16, 2007, page 3.
- ⁷⁵⁷ Confirmed by email from Anneke Smit of August 5, 2008.
- ⁷⁵⁸ Abbey, Burgess, Godard, Milot, Parkeh, Sasso, Smit, Stewart-Ferreira, Udell and Willis first mentioned in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. May 16, 2007, supplement, Teaching Assignments 2007-2008.
- ⁷⁵⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 16, 1976, supplement.
- ⁷⁶⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Academic Calendar 1991/93.
- ⁷⁶¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. August 25, 1981, page 1.
- ⁷⁶² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 9, 1990, page 2.
- ⁷⁶³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Report of C.A.R.C. of May 2001, page 5.
- ⁷⁶⁴ It is not known when Ms. Andrews commenced employment at L.A.W., however her departure was announced in: University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 9, 1977, page 3.
- ⁷⁶⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 16, 1978, page 2.
- ⁷⁶⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 9, 1977, page 3.
- ⁷⁶⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 16, 1978, page 1.
- ⁷⁶⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 12, 1990, page 1.
- ⁷⁶⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. August 26, 1982, page 2.
- ⁷⁷⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 28, 1983, Annex A, page 2.
- ⁷⁷¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. August 2, 1984, page 2.
- ⁷⁷² Kock, Korosec and Novac are first noted in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 17, 1986, Director's Report, Clinical Law Program, at page 3.
- ⁷⁷³ Email from Jim Yaworsky of May 9, 2008.
- ⁷⁷⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. July 17, 1990, page 3.
- ⁷⁷⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. December 9, 1988, page 3.
- ⁷⁷⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 9, 1988, page 3. Also, email from Jim Yaworsky of August 8, 2008.
- ⁷⁷⁷ This first mention of Mr. Novak is a statement of his 1988 departure. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 7, 1988, page 2.
- ⁷⁷⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 9, 1988, page 3.
- ⁷⁷⁹ First mentioned in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. July 10, 1990, page 3.
- ⁷⁸⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. June 17, 1999, supplement.
- ⁷⁸¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. May 27, 1999, page 1.
- ⁷⁸² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Report to Faculty Council of U.W.M.S. of November 22, 1999.
- ⁷⁸³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 5, 1982, report of the Secretary. Email from Diana Majury, May 25, 2008.
- ⁷⁸⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Memorandum from Dean Westmoreland Traoré of April 1, 1997.
- ⁷⁸⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Memorandum from Dean Westmoreland-Traoré and Anne Pappas (President of S.L.S.) of November 3, 1997.
- ⁷⁸⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Memorandum of Professor Macfarlane of November 26, 1998.
- ⁷⁸⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. July 22, 1999, page 4.
- ⁷⁸⁸ This section is by no means complete nor accurate. Neither the Law Calendars nor the Faculty Council Minutes systematically listed the law school staff. As a result, only a few names are included here, and they appear where mentioned in the information sources, not necessarily when they first started working at the law school. Thank you to Virginia Obierski, Linda Bunn, Pauline Strong, Marianne Grayce, Thuy-Binh Shiu and Pauline Benoit for their help in compiling this section.
- ⁷⁸⁹ Thank you to Pauline Benoit for researching this segment.
- ⁷⁹⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 8, 1997, page 3. Thank you to Pauline Benoit for researching this segment.

⁷⁹¹ Confirmed via email from Linda Bunn to the author of September 10, 2008.

⁷⁹² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Sept. 9, 1970.

⁷⁹³ Estimated by email from Linda Bunn of September 11, 2008.

⁷⁹⁴ Thank you to Pauline Benoit for researching this segment.

⁷⁹⁵ Ibid.

⁷⁹⁶ Estimated by Monica Pare by email of September 12, 2008.

⁷⁹⁷ Noted as having 18 years of experience in 1994. Editor Jeff Berryman. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Celebration: 20 Years of Accomplishment at Legal Assistance of Windsor. 1994, page 1.

⁷⁹⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 23, 1987. Report to Faculty Council on the Community Law Program Journal Review Committee, page 4.

⁷⁹⁹ Dorothy Haward and Maureen Casasola were first mentioned in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 21, 1977, page 4 of Admissions Committee Report 1976-77.

⁸⁰⁰ Confirmed by email from Monica Pare of September 12, 2008.

⁸⁰¹ Ibid.

⁸⁰² Gerry Bryant celebrated 20 years of service with the university in 1985. University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 27, 1985, page 2. Title noted in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Yearbook: Graduating Class 1981, page 7.

⁸⁰³ Ms. Mannina's start date is roughly calculated on the basis of notes made by Virginia Obierski on September 4, 2008. See also, University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Yearbook 1990/1991, page 15.

⁸⁰⁴ Confirmed by Monica Pare by email of September 12, 2008.

⁸⁰⁵ Ibid.

⁸⁰⁶ Ms. Stansfield's start date is roughly calculated on the basis of notes made by Virginia Obierski on September 5, 2008.

⁸⁰⁷ Email from Angie Capaldi, June 17, 2008.

⁸⁰⁸ Thank you to Pauline Benoit for researching this segment.

⁸⁰⁹ First mentioned in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Yearbook Graduating Class of 1982, page 6.

⁸¹⁰ Ibid.

⁸¹¹ Ibid.

⁸¹² Ibid.

⁸¹³ Ibid.

⁸¹⁴ Ibid.

⁸¹⁵ Ibid.

⁸¹⁶ Confirmed by email from Jim Yaworsky of Sept. 4, 2008.

⁸¹⁷ Thank you to Pauline Benoit for researching this segment.

⁸¹⁸ Blak and Beneteau are first noted in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 17, 1986. Director's Report - Clinical Law Program, page 3.

⁸¹⁹ Email from Joanne D'Agnolo of August 14, 2008.

⁸²⁰ Thank you to Pauline Benoit for researching this segment.

⁸²¹ 1988 - 1990 are the estimated start dates for this member.

⁸²² "A Job Well Done - Helen Wilson Retires." (Winter 2005) Nulli Secundus, page 15.

⁸²³ First mentioned in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. June 8, 1994, page 2.

⁸²⁴ Thank you to Pauline Benoit for researching this segment.

⁸²⁵ Horne and Rotondi-Yousef are first mentioned in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. May 18, 1995, page 2.

⁸²⁶ First mentioned in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Memorandum. December 6, 1995, page 2.

⁸²⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. October 14, 1998, page 3. Thank you to Pauline Strong for providing further information.

⁸²⁸ First mentioned in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Memorandum from Dean Westmoreland-Traoré of June 15, 1997.

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- ⁸²⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Memorandum of Dean Westmoreland-Traoré on The Roundtable on Access to Affordable and Appropriate Law Related Services in 2020. Undated but bound with December 1998 memo.
- ⁸³⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Memo from Interim Dean Mazer on Secretarial Appointments of September 7, 1999, page 3.
- ⁸³¹ Email from Tanya Brogan of July 18, 2008.
- ⁸³² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Canadian-American Research Centre for Law and Policy. Annual Report, May 2001, page 4.
- ⁸³³ Email from Norm Saxon of July 18, 2008.
- ⁸³⁴ Thank you to Pauline Benoit for researching this segment.
- ⁸³⁵ Crispo and Morris first mentioned in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 10, 2003, page 4.
- ⁸³⁶ Thank you to Pauline Benoit for researching this segment.
- ⁸³⁷ Email from supervisor Lisa Milne of July 18, 2008.
- ⁸³⁸ Email from supervisor Mary Jane Hutchinson of July 18, 2008.
- ⁸³⁹ As listed in Windsor Review of Legal and Social Issues. The Yellow Book: University of Windsor, Faculty of Law, Staff & Student Directory. 2004 – 2005, page 4.
- ⁸⁴⁰ Email from Leslie Borg of July 18, 2008.
- ⁸⁴¹ Email from supervisor Mary Jane Hutchinson of July 18, 2008.
- ⁸⁴² Email from Andrea Parent of July 18, 2008.
- ⁸⁴³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 10, 2004, page 3. See also Minutes of May 18, 2005, page 2.
- ⁸⁴⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. May 15, 2002, Agenda page 1.
- ⁸⁴⁵ As listed in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Calendar 1977/78.
- ⁸⁴⁶ As confirmed by Professor Macfarlane via email July 14, 2008.
- ⁸⁴⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. For the Record: Newsletter of the Dean and Associate Dean of Law. January 8, 1992, page 2.
- ⁸⁴⁸ As mentioned in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. May 20, 1992, page 1. Confirmed via memorandum from Professor Irish of August 18, 2008.
- ⁸⁴⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. February 10, 1999, page 2.
- ⁸⁵⁰ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 12, 1969, page 2 - 3.
- ⁸⁵¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. May 29, 1970, page 1.
- ⁸⁵² University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 12, 1975 supplement, page 2, notes that the Thomson Rogers awards existed prior to the date of that report. The law calendar for 1973/74 shows three Thomson Rogers awards and the 1974/75 shows the addition of a new Thomson Rogers award for civil procedure.
- ⁸⁵³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. August 2, 1973, page 3.
- ⁸⁵⁴ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 14, 1975, page 4.
- ⁸⁵⁵ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 27, 1985, page 2.
- ⁸⁵⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 19, 1985, page 1.
- ⁸⁵⁷ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. May 22, 1992, page 2.
- ⁸⁵⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Letter from Peter Oliver, the Osgoode Society, to Dean Berryman, January 17, 1993.
- ⁸⁵⁹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Memorandum from Dean Westmoreland-Traoré or October 1, 1998.
- ⁸⁶⁰ Ibid.
- ⁸⁶¹ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 12, 2001, page 6.
- ⁸⁶² Some are noted in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. March 31, 2003, supplement.
- ⁸⁶³ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Memo from Dean Elman of March 8, 2004.

⁸⁶⁴ Farmer Berrill Entrance Scholarship and McCarthy Tetrault Leadership Award noted as new awards in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 25, 2006, page 4.

⁸⁶⁵ The first mention of this body appears in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. November 14, 1968. It was on this day that a motion was made to have 2 student representatives with full voting privileges, and the Student Law Council President as an ex-officio member sit on Faculty Council. The student representatives were excluded from faculty meetings about faculty recruiting, tenure and assignments, and examinations, grade standing, promotions and like academic matters, and matters which, in the opinion of the Dean, were deemed to be of a confidential nature. Refer to page 2.

⁸⁶⁶ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. September 19, 1969, page 3.

⁸⁶⁷ John E. Kingsmill. "Law Fraternity Formed". (Spring 1970) vol.1, no.1 The Oyez, page 3.

⁸⁶⁸ University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. January 28, 1977, page 5.

⁸⁶⁹ Some details are provided in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. Memorandum from Dean Westmoreland-Traoré of October 15, 1997. See also Report to Faculty Council on the Pro Bono Students Canada Launch 1999, prepared by Tim Sullivan, Programme Co-ordinator, September 20, 1999.

⁸⁷⁰ First mentioned in University of Windsor, Faculty of Law. Faculty Council Minutes. April 9, 2008, page 3.