

## **Instructional Observation Form for the Peer Collaboration Network**

### **1. ORGANIZATION**

- Begins class on time in an orderly, organized fashion.
- Previews lecture/discussion content
- Clearly states the goal or objective for the period
- Reviews prior class material to prepare students for the content to be covered
- Provides internal summaries and transitions
- Does not digress often from the main topic
- Summaries and distills main points at the end of class
- Appears well-prepared for class

### **2. PRESENTATION**

- Incorporates various instructional supports like slides, films, diagrams, etc.
- Uses instructional support effectively
- Responds to changes in student attentiveness
- Uses a variety of spaces in the classroom from which to present material (i.e., does not “hide” behind the podium)
- Blackboard writing is large and legible
- Speech fillers, (for example, “OK, ahm”) are not distracting
- Speaks audibly and clearly
- Uses gestures to enhance meaning and not to release nervous tension (repetitive gestures tend to do the latter)
- Communicates a sense of enthusiasm and excitement toward the content
- Use of humor is positive and appropriate
- Presentation style facilitates note-taking
- Speech is neither too formal nor too casual
- Establishes and maintains eye contact with students
- Talks to the students, not the board or windows
- Varies the pace to keep students alert

- Selects teaching methods appropriate for the content

### **3. RAPPORT**

- Praises students for contributions that deserve commendation
- Solicits student feedback
- Requires student thought and participation
- Responds constructively to student opinions
- Knows and uses student names
- Does not deprecate student ignorance or misunderstanding
- Responds to students as individuals
- Treats class members equitably
- Listens carefully to student comments and questions
- Tailors the course to help many kinds of students
- Recognizes when students do not understand
- Encourages mutual respect among students
- Credibility and control
- Responds to distractions effectively yet constructively
- Demonstrates content-competence
- Responds confidently to student inquiries for additional information
- Uses authority in classroom to create an environment conducive to learning
- Speaks about course content with confidence and authority
- Is able to admit error and/or sufficient knowledge
- Respects constructive criticism

### **4. CONTENT**

- Includes illustrations
- Selects examples relevant to student experiences and course content
- Integrates text material into class presentations
- Relates current course content to what's gone before and will come after
- Relates current course content to students' general education
- Makes course content relevant with references to "real world" applications
- Presents views other than own when appropriate

Adapted from: Weimer, M., Parrett, J., & Kerns, M. (2002) *How Am I Teaching?: Forms & Activities for Acquiring Instructional Input*. Madison, Wisconsin: Atwood Publishing.

- Seeks to apply theory to problem-solving
- Explicitly states relationships among various topics and facts/theory
- Explains difficult terms, concepts, or problems in more than one way
- Presents background of ideas and concepts
- Presents pertinent facts and concepts from related fields
- Presents up-to-date developments in the field
- Relates assignments to course content
- Clearly organizes assignments
- Carefully explains assignments

## **5. INTERACTION**

- Encourages student questions, involvement, and debate
- Answers student questions clearly and directly
- Uses rhetorical questions to gain student attention
- Gives students enough time to respond to questions
- Refrains from answering own questions
- Responds to wrong answers constructively
- Allows ample time for questions
- Encourages students to respond to each other's questions
- Encourages students to answer difficult questions by providing cues and encouragement
- Allows relevant student discussion to proceed uninterrupted
- Presents challenging questions to stimulate discussion
- Respects diverse points of view

## **6. ACTIVE LEARNING (LABS, PE ACTIVITIES, ETC.)**

- Clearly explains directions or procedures
- Clearly explains the goal of the activity
- Has readily available materials and equipment necessary to complete the activity
- Allows opportunity for individual expression
- Provides practice time
- Gives prompt attention to individual problems

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- Provides individuals constructive verbal feedback
- Careful safety supervision is obvious
- Allows sufficient time for completion
- Provides enough demonstrations
- Demonstrations are clearly visible to all students
- If the discovery method is employed, schedules time for discussion of results
- Required skills are not beyond reasonable expectations for the course and/or students
- Provides opportunities for dialogue about the activity with peers and/or the instructor
- Allocates sufficient clean-up time within class section