

## Indus Center for Academic Excellence (ICAE)

Awards Program Sunday June 8<sup>th</sup>, 2008

Using Lasers to Detect and Identify Bacteria:
An Inter-disciplinary Project

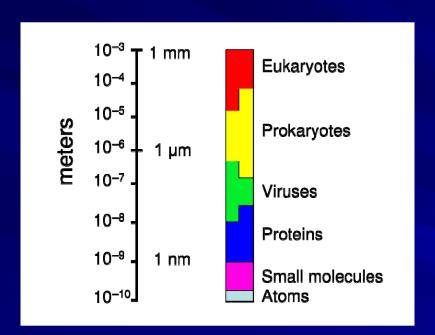
Steve Rehse
Dept. of Physics and Astronomy

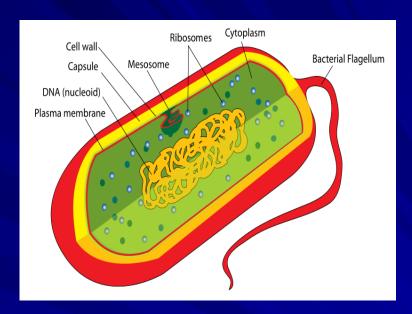


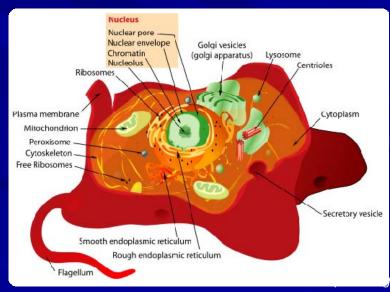


## Types of Cells

#### Prokaryote







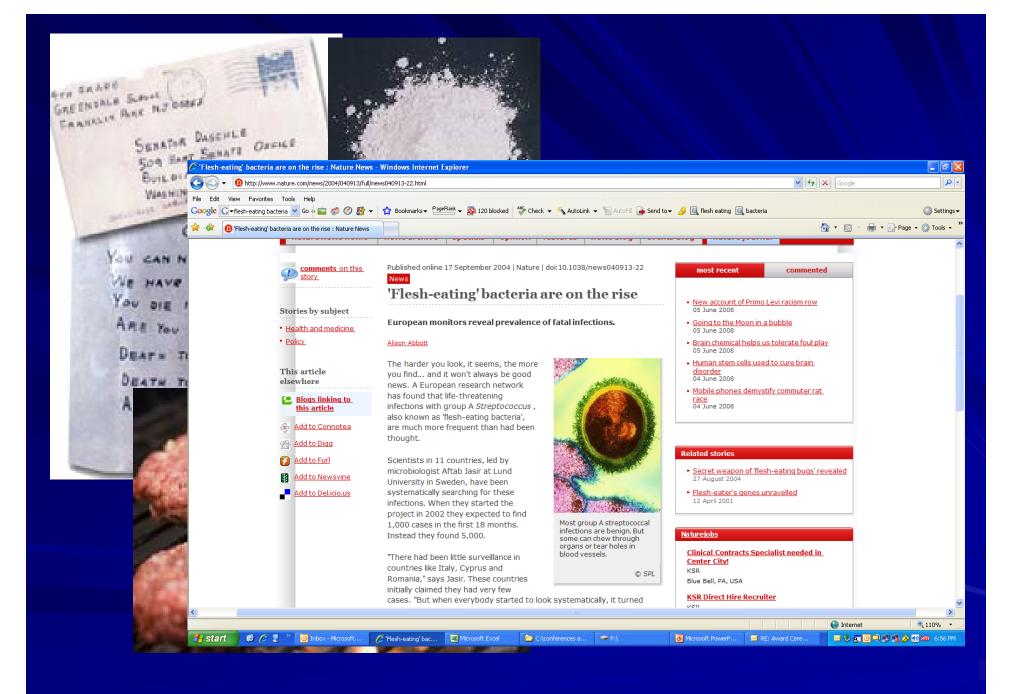
Eukaryote



# So how do you tell what kind of bacteria it is?

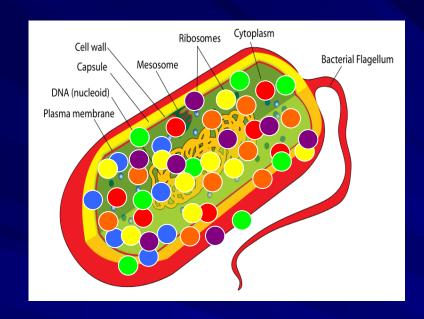
- Genetic (DNA)?
  - can be done but expensive, difficult, requires knowing a little what you are looking at
- Antibodies
  - how it <u>reacts</u> to things

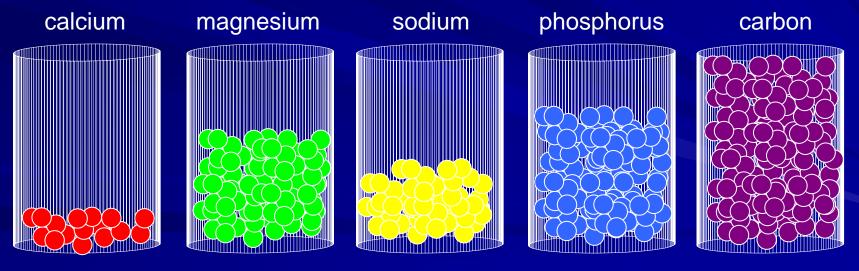
In general, no easy, quick way to do it!

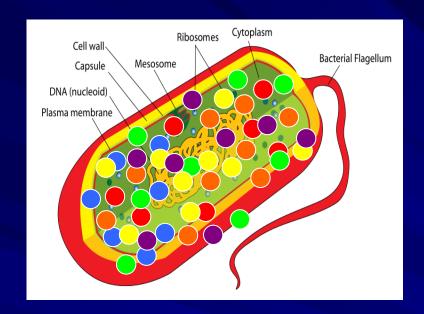


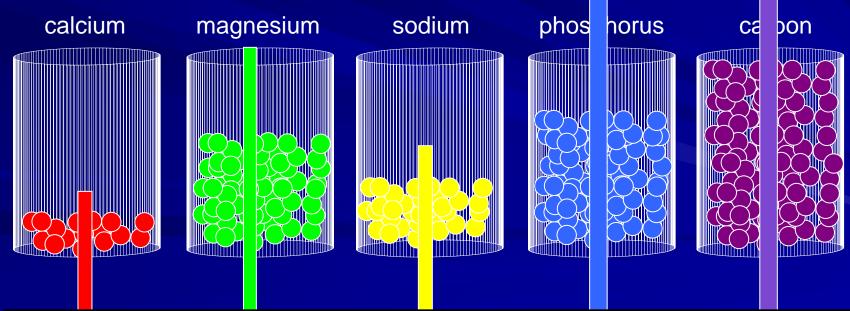
## So my question is/was... hypothesis

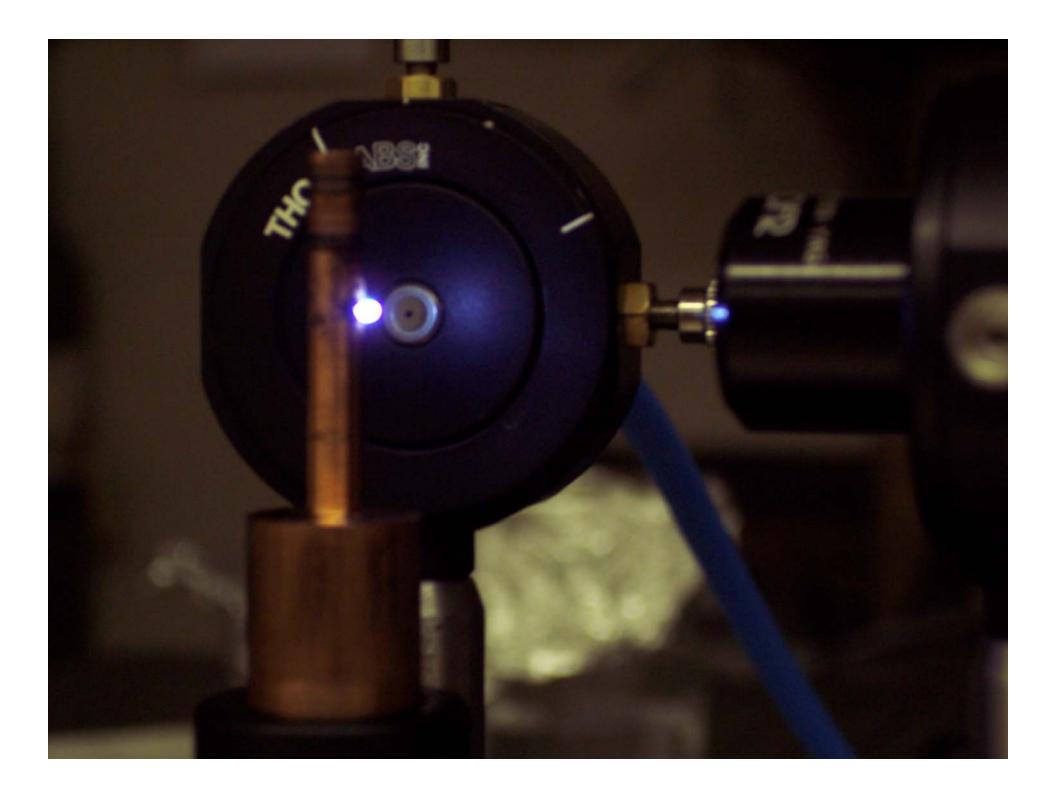
Can a bacteria be rapidly identified by knowing the amount and type of all the atoms in it?

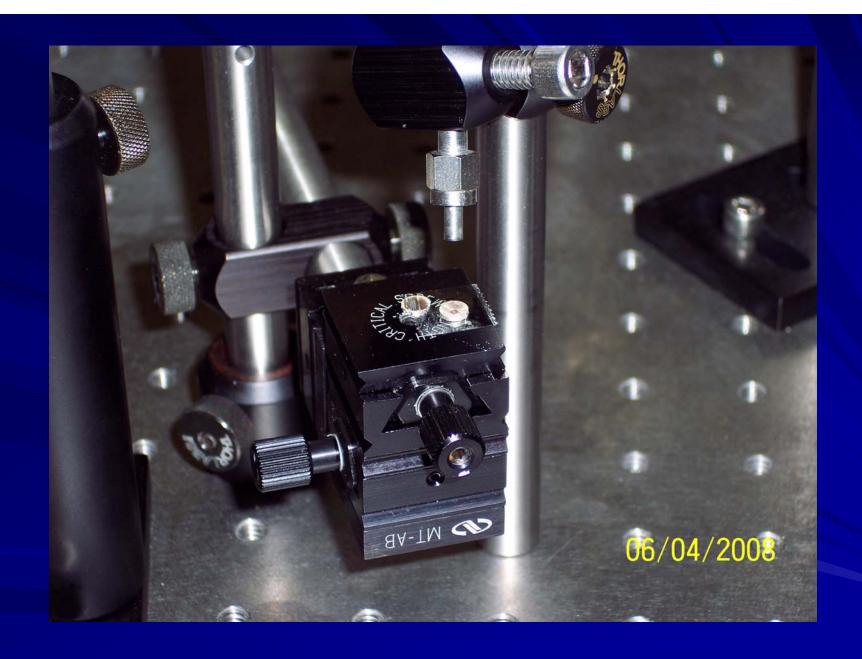




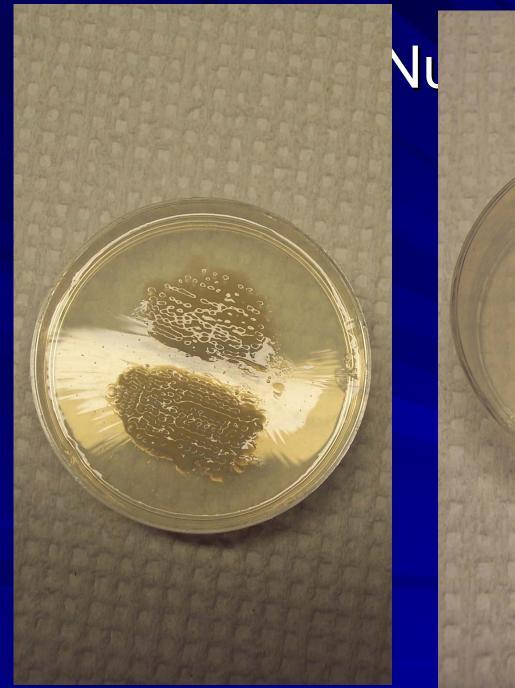


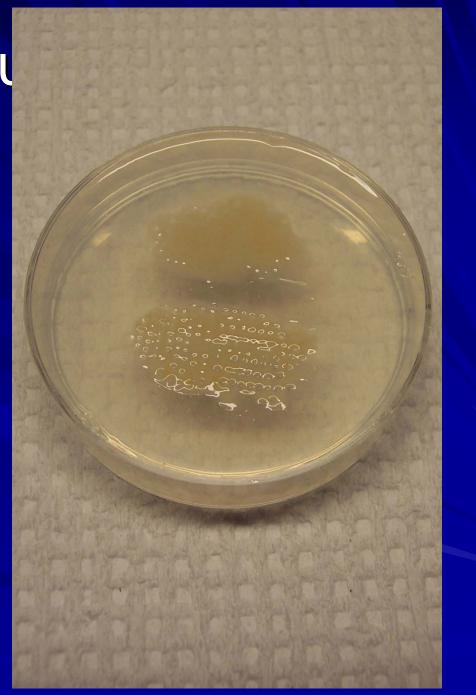




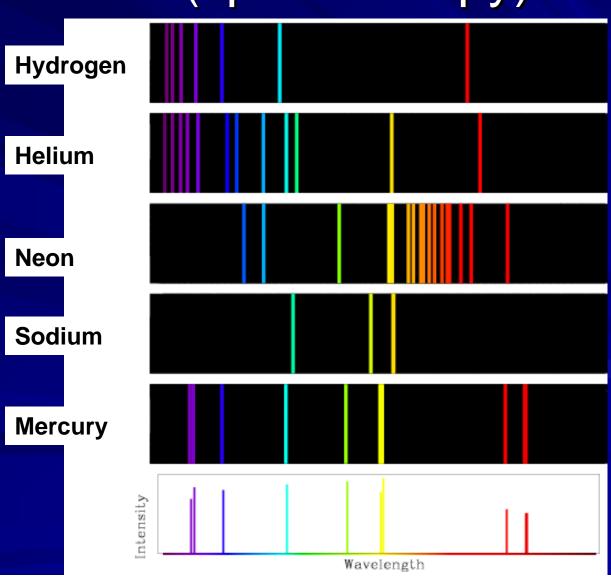




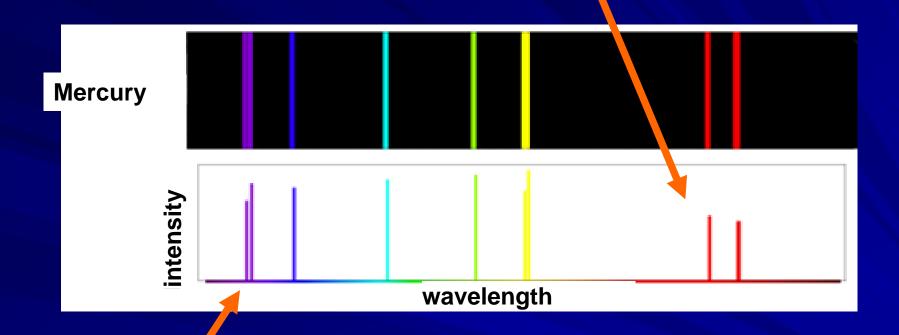




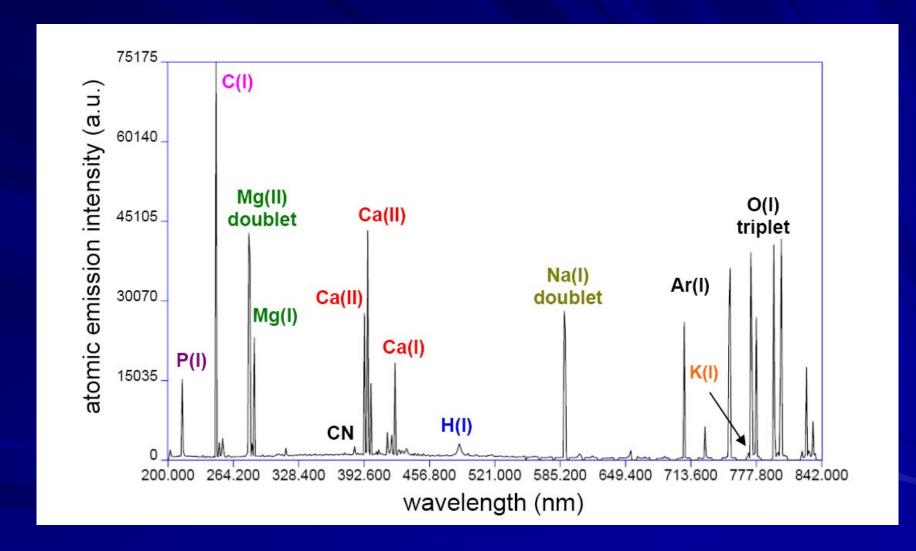
# We analyze that light (spectroscopy)



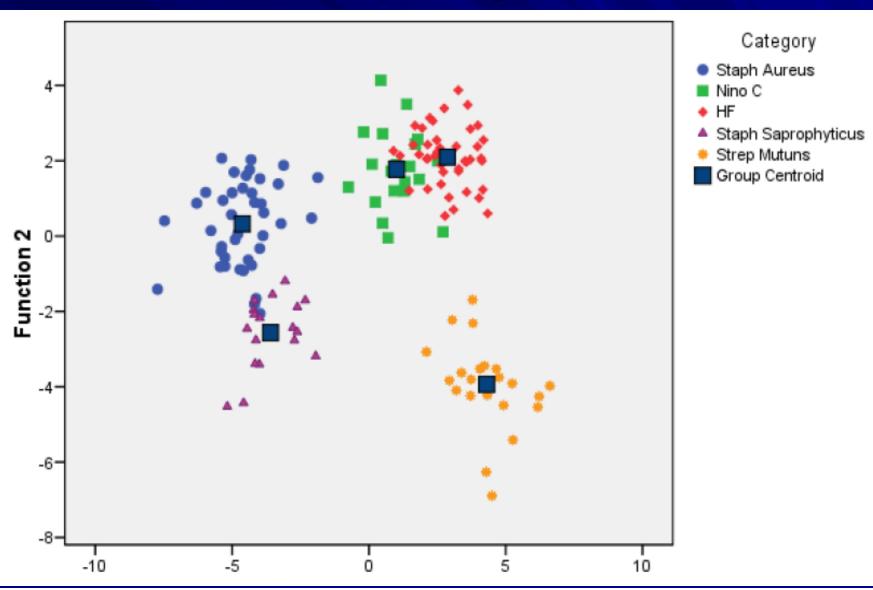
### how tall the peak is means something



where the line <u>is</u> means something

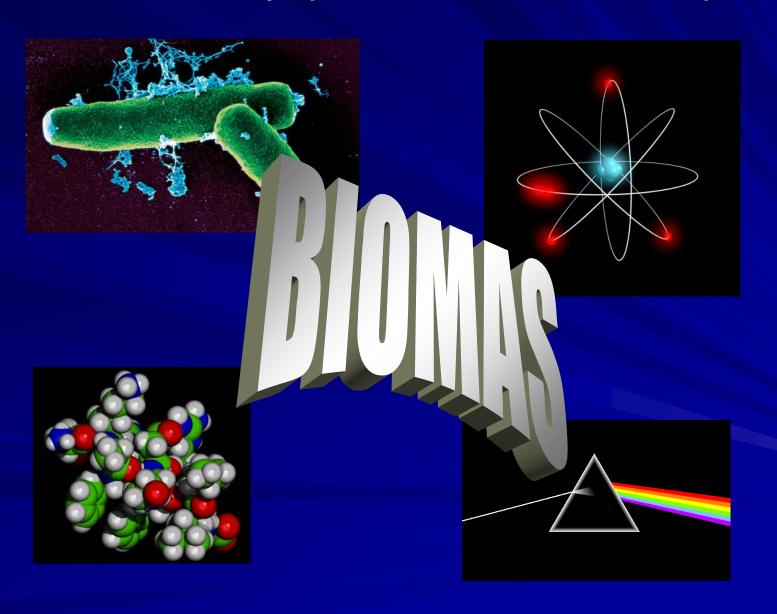


# And the result is... IT WORKS!!



### **The BIOMAS Project:**

**Bacteria Identification by Optical, Molecular, and Atomic Spectroscopy** 



# MP-LIBS A full laboratory High-Resolution Broadband LIBS system in a portable backpack

Backpack contains broadband highresolution spectrometer, laser power supply, computer, and battery



Head's-up display

Hand-held probe contains laser, joystick for control, and focus optics

Microplasma/ LIBS Event

courtesy of Ocean Optics.



courtesy of Applied Photonics Ltd, U.K.

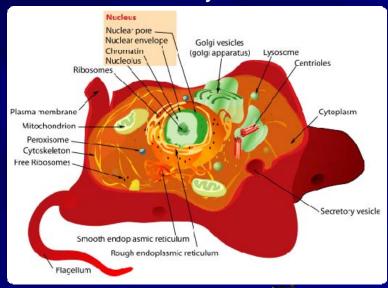
## And on into the future...

Thank you.

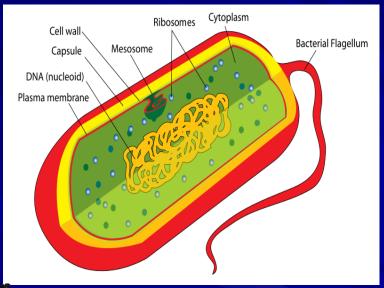
Questions?

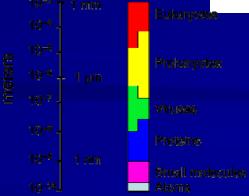
## Types of Cells

#### Eukaryote



#### Prokaryote





www.en.wikipedia.org

## Bacteria

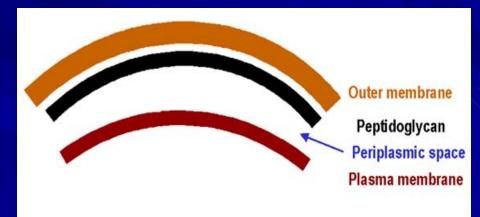
Prokaryote (no nucleus)

## **Gram-positive**



- Thick cell wall
- No outer membrane
- No periplasm

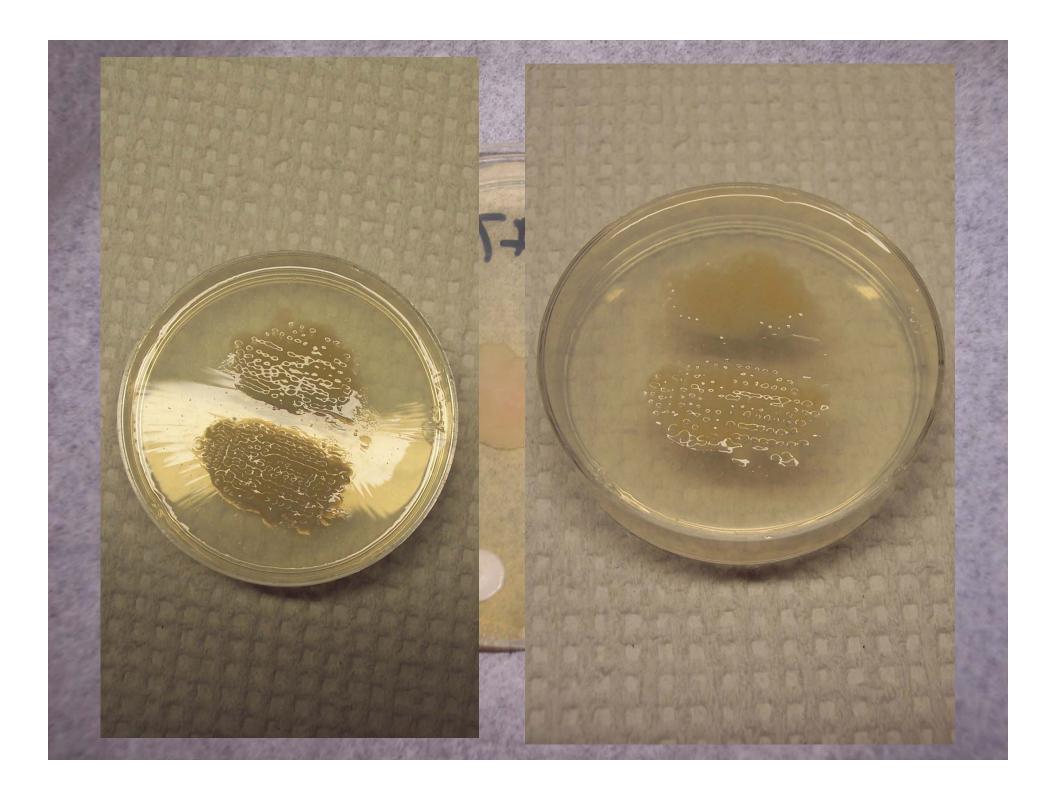
### **Gram-negative**

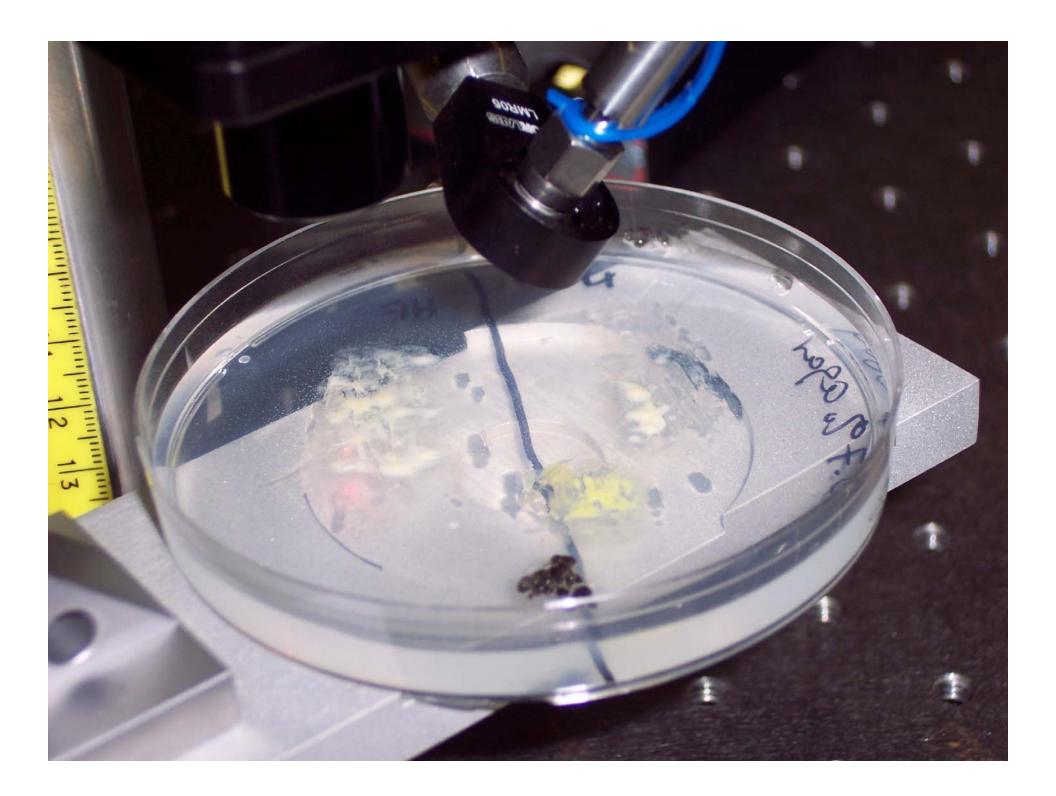


- Outer membrane
- Periplasm

#### Example:

- •Escherichia coli (Nino C, NE 4714, AB)
- Pseudomonas aeruginosa





## E. coli Spectrum

